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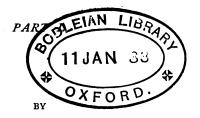
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A KEY

TO

ALGEBRA



J. HAMBLIN SMITH, M.A.

GONVILLE AND CAIUS COLLEGE,
AND LATE LECTURER AT ST. PETER'S COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE

FOURTH EDITION

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PREFACE.

This Book is published at the request of many Teachers. It is intended to assist, first, Masters who cannot devote much time to the examination of the work of their pupils, and secondly, Students who are unable to obtain the help of competent instructors. In working the Exercises, the simplest and most obvious methods of solution have in all cases been adopted.

J. HAMBLIN SMITH.

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ELEMENTARY ALGEBRA

KEV.

IV.

1.
$$a+b+3a-2b=4a-b$$
.

2.
$$a+b-a+3b=4b$$
.

3.
$$3a+5b-6c-2a-4b+2c=a+b-4c$$
.

4.
$$a+b-c-a+b+c=2b$$
.

5.
$$14x-5x+9-\{4-3x-2x+3\}=14x-5x+9-4+3x+2x-3=14x+2$$

6.
$$4x - (3x - (2x - x + a)) = 4x - (3x - 2x + x - a) = 4x - 3x + 2x - x + a$$

= $2x + a$.

7.
$$15x - \{7x + (3x + a - x)\} = 15x - \{7x + 3x + a - x\}$$

= $15x - 7x - 3x - a + x = 6x - a$.

8.
$$a-[b+(a-b-a)]=a-[b+a-b-a]=a-b-a+b+a=a$$

9.
$$6a + [4a - \{6b - 2a - 4b - 22b\} - 7b] - [7b + \{8a - 3b - 4a + 8b\} + 6a]$$

 $= 6a + [4a - 8b + 2a + 4b + 22b - 7b] - [7b + 8a - 3b - 4a + 8b + 6a]$
 $= 6a + 4a - 8b + 2a + 4b + 22b - 7b - 7b - 8a + 3b + 47 - 8b - 62$
 $= 2a - b$.

10.
$$b - [b - a - b - \{b - (b - a + b)\}] = b - [b - a - b - \{b - b + a - b\}]$$

= $b - [b - a - b - b + b - a + b] = b - b + a + b + b - b + a - b = 2a$.

11.
$$2c-6a+b-(c-5a-2b-a+3b)=2c-6a+b-c+5a+2b+a-3b=c$$

12.
$$2x - \{a - (2a - [3a - (4a - [5a - 6a + x])])\}$$

$$= 2x - \{a - (2a - [3a - (4a - 5a + 6a - x)])\}$$

$$= 2x - \{a - (2a - [3a - 4a + 5a - 6a + x])\}$$

$$= 2x - \{a - (2a - 3a + 4a - 5a + 6a - x)]\}$$

$$= 2x - \{a - 2a + 3a - 4a + 5a - 6a + x\}$$

$$= 2x - a + 2a - 3a + 4a - 5a + 6a - x = x + 3a.$$

13.
$$25a - 19b - [3b - (4a - 5b + 6c)] = 25a - 19b - [3b - 4a + 5b - 6c]$$

= $25a - 19b - 3b + 4a - 5b + 6c = 29a - 27b + 6c$.

VIII.

9.
$$x^{3} + 5x - 3$$

 $x^{3} - 5x - 3$
 $x^{4} + 5x^{3} - 3x^{2}$
 $-5x^{3} - 25x^{2} + 15x$
 $-3x^{3} - 15x + 9$
 $x^{4} - 31x^{3} + 9$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 x^4 & -31x^3 & + \\
 11. x^3 - x + 1 \\
 \underline{x^2 + x - 1} \\
 \underline{x^4 - x^3 + x^2} \\
 + x^3 - x^2 + x
 \end{array}$$

 $\frac{-x^2+x-1}{-x^2+2x-1}$

13.
$$x^2 + xy + y^2$$

$$x - y$$

$$x^3 + x^2y + xy^2$$

$$-x^2y - xy^2 - y^3$$

$$x^3 - y^3$$

15.
$$x^3 - 3x^3 + 3x - 1$$

 $x^2 + 3x + 1$
 $x^5 - 3x^4 + 3x^3 - x^3$
 $+ 3x^4 - 9x^3 + 9x^2 - 3x$
 $+ x^3 - 3x^2 + 3x - 1$
 x^5 $- 5x^3 + 5x^2$ $- 1$

17.
$$a^3 + 2a^2b + 4ab^2 + 8b^3$$

 $a - 2b$
 $a^4 + 2a^3b + 4a^2b^2 + 8ab^3$
 $-2a^3b - 4a^2b^2 - 8ab^3 - 16b^4$
 a^4 $-16b^4$

10.
$$a^3 - 3a + 2$$

 $a^3 - 3a^2 + 2$
 $a^6 - 3a^4 + 2a^3$
 $-3a^5 + 9a^3 - 6a^2$
 $+2a^3 - 6a + 4$
 $a^6 - 3a^5 - 3a^4 + 13a^3 - 6a^2 - 6a + 4$

12.
$$x^2 + xy + y^2$$

 $x^3 - xy + y^2$
 $x^4 + x^3y + x^2y^2$
 $-x^3y - x^2y^2 - xy^3$
 $+x^2y^2 + xy^3 + y^4$
 $x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^4$

14.
$$a^2 - x^3$$

$$a^4 + a^2x^2 + x^4$$

$$a^6 - a^4x^2$$

$$+ a^4x^2 - a^2x^4$$

$$a^6 - x^6$$

$$16. \ \, \begin{array}{l} x^3 + 3x^2y + 9xy^2 + 27y^3 \\ \underline{x - 3y} \\ x^4 + 3x^5y + 9x^2y^2 + 27xy^3 \\ \underline{- 3x^3y - 9x^2y^2 - 27xy^3 - 81y^4} \\ x^4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$18. 8a^{3} + 4a^{2}b + 2ab^{2} + b^{3}$$

$$2a - b$$

$$16a^{4} + 8a^{3}b + 4a^{2}b^{2} + 2ab^{3}$$

$$- 8a^{3}b - 4a^{2}b^{2} - 2ab^{3} - b^{4}$$

$$16a^{4} - b^{4}$$

25.
$$x^{2} + 4xy + 5y^{2}$$

 $x^{3} - 3x^{2}y - 2xy^{2} + 3y^{3}$
 $x^{5} + 4x^{4}y + 5x^{3}y^{2}$
 $-3x^{4}y - 12x^{3}y^{2} - 15x^{2}y^{3}$
 $-2x^{3}y^{2} - 8x^{2}y^{3} - 10xy^{4}$
 $+3x^{2}y^{3} + 12xy^{4} + 15y^{5}$
 $x^{5} + x^{4}y - 9x^{3}y^{2} - 20x^{2}y^{3} + 2xy^{4} + 15y^{5}$
26. $ab + cd + ac + bd$
 $ab + cd - ac - bd$
 $a^{2}b^{2} + abcd + a^{2}bc + ab^{2}d$
 $+abcd + c^{2}d^{2} + ac^{2}d + bcd^{2}$
 $-a^{2}bc - ac^{2}d - a^{2}c^{2} - abcd$
 $-ab^{2}d - bcd^{2} - abcd - b^{2}d^{2}$
 $a^{2}b^{2} + c^{2}d^{2} - a^{2}c^{2} - b^{2}d^{3}$
 $a^{2}b^{2} + c^{2}d^{2} - a^{2}c^{2} - b^{2}d^{3}$

27.
$$(x-a)(x+a)(x^2+a^2)(x^4+a^4)=(x^2-a^2)(x^2+a^2)(x^4+a^4)$$

= $(x^4-a^4)(x^4+a^4)=x^3-a^3$.

28.
$$(x-a)(x+b)(x-c) = (x^3 - ax + bx - ab)(x-c)$$

= $x^3 - ax^2 + bx^2 - cx^2 - abx + acx - bcx + abc$.

29.
$$(1-x)(1+x)(1+x^2)(1+x^4) = (1-x^3)(1+x^2)(1+x^4)$$

= $(1-x^4)(1+x^4)=1-x^3$.

30. First multiply $x^2 + xy + y^2$ by x - y; the result is $x^3 - y^3$. Then multiply $x^2 - xy + y^2$ by x + y; the result is $x^3 + y^3$. Then multiply $x^3 - y^3$ by $x^3 + y^3$; the result is $x^6 - y^6$.

31.
$$(a-x) (a+x) (a^2+x^2) (a^4+x^4) (a^8+x^8)$$

= $(a^2-x^2) (a^2+x^2) (a^4+x^4) (a^8+x^8)$
= $(a^4-x^4) (a^4+x^4) (a^8+x^5)$
= $(a^8-x^8) (a^8+x^8) = a^{16}-x^{16}$.

32.
$$(x-5)(x-6)(x+7)=(x^2-11x+30)(x+7)=x^3-4x^2-47x+210$$
; therefore the coefficient of x is -47 .

33.
$$(x+8)(x+3)(x-2)=(x^2+11x+24)(x-2)=x^3+9x^2+2x-48$$
; therefore the coefficient of x is 2.

34.
$$(x-2)(x-3)(x+4)=(x^3-5x+6)(x+4)=x^3-x^2-14x+24$$
; therefore the coefficient of x is -14 .

35.
$$(x-a)(x-b)(x-c) = (x^2 - ax - bx + ab)(x-c)$$

= $x^3 - ax^2 - bx^2 - cx^2 + abx + acx + bcx - abc$;
therefore the coefficient of x is $ab + ac + bc$.

36.
$$(x^2 + 3x - 2)(x^3 - 3x + 2)(x^4 - 5) = (x^4 - 9x^2 + 12x - 4)(x^4 - 5)$$

= $x^5 - 9x^6 + 12x^5 - 9x^4 + 45x^2 - 60x + 20$;
therefore the coefficient of x is -60 .

37.
$$(x^2-x+1)(x^2+x-1)(x^4-x^2+1) = (x^4-x^2+2x-1)(x^4-x^2+1)$$

= $x^3-2x^6+2x^5+x^4-2x^3+2x-1$;
therefore the coefficient of x is 2.

38.
$$(x^2 - mx + 1)(x^2 - mx - 1)(x^4 - m^2x - 1)$$

= $(x^4 - 2mx^3 + m^2x^2 - 1)(x^4 - m^2x - 1) = x^3 - 2mx^7 + m^2x^5 - m^2x^5 + 2m^3x^4 - 2x^4 - m^4x^3 + 2mx^3 - m^2x^2 + m^2x + 1$;
therefore the coefficient of x is m^2 .

IX.

$$\frac{-2x-3y}{-6x^3y+10x^2y^2-8xy^3} \\
-9x^2y^2+15xy^3-12y^4 \\
\hline
-6x^3y+x^2y^2+7xy^3-12y^4$$
11. $13r^2-17r-45$
 $-r-3$
 $-13r^3+17r^2+45r$
 $-39r^3+51r+135$
 $-13r^3-22r^2+96r+135$

12.
$$7x^3 - 8x^2z - 9z^2$$

 $-x - z$
 $-7x^4 + 8x^3z + 9xz^2$
 $-7x^3z + 8x^2z^2 + 9z^3$
 $-7x^4 + x^3z + 8x^2z^2 + 9xz^2 + 9z^3$
 $-7x^4 + x^3z + 8x^2z^2 + 9xz^2 + 9z^3$
 $-7x^4 + x^3z + 8x^2z^2 + 9xz^2 + 9z^3$
 $-x - y$
 $-x - y$

X.

 $\frac{+x^3y+x^2y^2+xy^3+y^4}{x^4+2x^3y+2x^2y^2+2xy^3+y^4}$

12.
$$(x^2 + 2x - 3)^2 = x^4 + 4x^3 + 9 + 4x^3 - 6x^2 - 12x = x^4 + 4x^3 - 2x^2 - 12x + 9$$
.

13.
$$(x^2 - 6x + 7)^2 = x^4 + 36x^2 + 49 - 12x^3 + 14x^2 - 84x$$

= $x^4 - 12x^3 + 50x^2 - 84x + 49$.

14.
$$(2x^2 - 7x + 9)^2 = 4x^4 + 49x^3 + 81 - 28x^3 + 36x^2 - 126x$$

= $4x^4 - 28x^3 + 85x^3 - 126x + 81$.

16.
$$(x^4 - 4x^2y^2 + y^4)^2 = x^8 + 16x^4y^4 + y^8 - 8x^6y^2 + 2x^4y^4 - 8x^2y^8$$

= $x^8 - 8x^6y^2 + 18x^4y^4 - 8x^2y^6 + y^8$.

27.
$$(a+b+c)^3 = (a+b)^3 + 3(a+b)^2c + 3(a+b)c^2 + c^3$$

= $a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3 + 3a^2c + 6abc + 3b^2c + 3ac^2 + 3bc^2 + c^3$.

28.
$$(a-b-c)^3 = (a-b)^3 - 3(a-b)^2c + 3(a-b)c^2 - c^3$$

= $a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3 - 3a^2c + 6abc - 3b^2c + 3ac^2 - 3bc^2 - c^3$.

29.
$$(m+n)(m-n)(m+n)(m-n) = (m^2-n^2)(m^2-n^2)$$

= $m^4 - 2m^2n^2 + n^4$.

30.
$$(m^2 + 2mn + n^2) (m^2 - n^2) = m^4 + 2m^3n + m^2n^2 - m^2n^2 - 2mn^3 - n^4$$

= $m^4 + 2m^3n - 2mn^3 - n^4$.

XIV.

$$\begin{array}{c} 1. \ x+10)x^{9}+15x+50 \ x+50 \\ \hline x^{3}+10x \\ \hline 5x+50 \\ 3. \ x-3)x^{2}+x-12 (x+4 \\ \hline 4x-12 \\ \hline 25. \ x+6)x^{3}+13x^{2}+54x+72 (x^{3}+7x+12) \\ \hline 12x+72 \\ \hline 12x+11 \\ \hline 12x+11 \\ \hline 12x+11 \\ \hline 12x+12 \\ \hline 12x$$

10.
$$x^3 - 2x + 1$$
) $x^4 - 4x^3 + 6x^2 - 4x + 1$ ($x^3 - 2x + 1$)
$$x^4 - 2x^3 + x^3$$

$$-2x^3 + 5x^3 - 4x$$

$$-2x^3 + 4x^2 - 2x$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 1$$

$$x^3 - 2x + 1$$

II.
$$x^2+x-1$$
) x^4-x^2+2x-1 (x^3-x+1)
$$x^4+x^3-x^2$$

$$-x^3+2x-1$$

$$-x^3-x^2+x$$

$$x^2+x-1$$

$$x^2+x-1$$

12.
$$x+2$$
) $x^4-4x^2+8x+16$ (x^3-2x^2+8)
$$x^4+2x^3$$

$$-2x^3-4x^2$$

$$-2x^3-4x^2$$

$$-8x+16$$

$$8x+16$$

$$13. \ x+4y)x^3+4x^2y+3xy^2+12y^3(x^3+3y^2)$$

$$x^3+4x^2y$$

$$3xy^2+12y^3$$

$$3xy^2+12y^3$$

$$14. \ a+b)a^4+4a^3b+6a^2b^2+4ab^3+b^4(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^2)$$

$$a^4+a^3b$$

$$3a^3b+6a^2b^2$$

$$3a^2b^2+4ab^3$$

$$3a^2b^3+3ab^3$$

$$ab^3+b^4$$

$$ab^3+b^4$$

$$a^5-a^4b$$

$$-4a^4b+10a^3b^2-10a^2b^3+5ab^4-b^6(a^4-4a^5b+6a^2b^2-4ab^5+b^4)$$

$$a^5-a^4b$$

$$-4a^4b+4a^3b^2$$

$$6a^3b^2-6a^2b^3$$

$$-4a^2b^3+5ab^4$$

$$-4a^2b^3+4ab^4$$

$$ab^4-b^5$$

$$ab^4-b^5$$

$$16. \ x^2-6x+9)x^4-12x^3+50x^2-84x+45(x^2-6x+5)$$

$$x^4-6x^3+9x^2$$

$$-6x^3+41x^3-84x$$

$$-6x^3+36x^2-54x$$

$$5x^3-30x+45$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 17. \ \, a^{2}-2ab-3b^{2})a^{5}-4a^{4}b+4a^{3}b^{2}+4a^{2}b^{3}-17ab^{4}-12b^{5}(a^{3}-2a^{2}b+3ab^{2}+4b^{3}\\ \underline{a^{5}-2a^{4}b+7a^{3}b^{2}+4a^{2}b^{3}}\\ -2a^{4}b+4a^{3}b^{2}+6a^{2}b^{3}\\ \underline{3a^{3}b^{2}-2a^{2}b^{3}-17ab^{4}}\\ \underline{3a^{3}b^{2}-6a^{2}b^{3}-9ab^{4}}\\ \underline{4a^{2}b^{3}-8ab^{4}-12b^{5}}\\ 18. \ \, 2ax^{2}-3a^{2}x+a^{5})4a^{2}x^{4}-12a^{3}x^{3}+13a^{4}x^{2}-6a^{5}x+a^{6}(2ax^{2}-3a^{2}x+a^{3}+3a^{2}x^{4}-6a^{3}x^{3}+2a^{4}x^{2}\\ \underline{-6a^{3}x^{3}+11a^{4}x^{2}-6a^{5}x}\\ -6a^{3}x^{3}+9a^{4}x^{2}-3a^{5}x+a^{6}\\ \underline{2a^{4}x^{2}-3a^{5}x+a^{6}}\\ 19. \ \, x^{2}+x-1)x^{4}-x^{3}+2x-1(x^{2}-x+1\\ \underline{x^{4}+x^{3}-x^{2}}\\ \underline{-x^{3}-x^{2}+x}\\ \underline{x^{2}+x-1}\\ 22. \ \, x+y)x^{5}+y^{6}(x^{4}-x^{3}y+x^{2}y^{2}-xy^{3}+y^{4}\\ \underline{x^{5}+x^{4}y}\\ 2xy-30y^{3} \underline{2xy-30y^{3}}\\ \underline{2xy-30y^{3}}\\ \underline{x^{3}y^{2}+x^{2}y^{3}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{3}-xy^{4}}\\ \underline{xy^{4}+y^{5}}\\ \underline{xy^{4}+y^{5}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{3}-xy^{4}}\\ \underline{xy^{4}+y^{5}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{3}-xy^{4}}\\ \underline{xy^{4}+y^{5}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{3}-xy^{4}}\\ \underline{xy^{4}+y^{5}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{3}-xy^{4}}\\ \underline{xy^{4}+y^{5}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{3}-xy^{4}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{4}+y^{5}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{3}-xy^{4}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{4}+y^{5}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{3}-xy^{4}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{4}+y^{5}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{3}-xy^{4}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{4}+y^{5}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{3}-xy^{4}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{4}+y^{5}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{3}+y^{5}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^{3}+x^{2}}\\ \underline{-x^{2}y^$$

25.
$$-1+b$$
) $b-3b^2+3b^3-b^4$ ($-b+2b^2-b^3$)
$$-\frac{b-b^3}{-2b^3+3b^3}$$

$$-\frac{2b^3+2b^3}{b^3-b^4}$$

$$-\frac{b^3-b^4}{b^3-b^4}$$

26.
$$a+b-c-d$$
) $a^{2}-2ad+2bc-b^{2}-c^{2}+d^{2}(a-b+c-d)$

$$a^{2}+ab-ac-ad$$

$$-ab-b^{2}+ac-ad+2bc-c^{2}+d^{2}$$

$$-ab-b^{2}+bc+bd$$

$$ac+bc-bd-ad-c^{2}+d^{2}$$

$$ac+bc-c^{2}-cd$$

$$-ad-bd+cd+d^{2}$$

$$ad-bd+cd+d^{2}$$

27.
$$x + y + z$$
, $x^3 + y^3 + s^3 - 3xyz$, $(x^3 - xy - xz + y^3 - yz + s^3 - x^3 + x^2y + x^2z - xyz - xz^2 - x^2z - xyz - xz^2 - xyz - xz^2 - xyz - xz^2 - xyz - xyz - xz^2 - xyz - y^2z + xz^2 + z^3 - xyz - y^2z + xz^2 + z^3 - xyz - y^2z - yz^2 - xyz - y^2z - yz^2 - xz^2 + yz^2 + x^3 - xyz - y^2z - yz^2 - xz^2 + yz^2 + x^3 - xz^2 + x^2 + x^2 + x^3 - xz^2 + x^2 + x^2 + x^3 - xz^2 + x^2 + x^2 + x^2 + x^3 - xz^2 + x^2 + x^2 + x^2 + x^3 - xz^2 + x^2 + x^2$

30.
$$a^4 + a^3b + a^2b^2 + ab^3 + b^4$$
) $a^8 + a^6b^2 + a^4b^4 + a^2b^6 + b^8$ ($a^4 - a^3b + a^2b^2 - ab^3 + b^4$) $a^8 + a^7b + a^6b^2 + a^5b^3 + a^4b^4$

$$- a^7b - a^6b^2 + a^5b^3 + a^4b^4$$

$$- a^7b - a^6b^2 - a^5b^3 - a^4b^4 - a^3b^5$$

$$- a^6b^2 + a^4b^4 + a^3b^5 + a^2b^6 + b^8$$

$$- a^6b^2 + a^6b^3 + a^4b^4 + a^3b^5 + a^2b^6$$

$$- a^5b^3 + b^8$$

$$- a^5b^3 + b^8$$

$$- a^5b^3 - a^4b^4 - a^3b^5 - a^2b^6 - ab^7$$

$$- a^4b^4 + a^3b^5 + a^2b^6 + ab^7 + b^8$$

$$- a^4b^4 + a^3b^5 + a^2b^6 + ab^7 + b^8$$

31.
$$x^4 - x^3y + x^2y^2 - xy^3 + y^4$$
) $x^8 + x^6y^2 + x^4y^4 + x^2y^6 + y^8$ $(x^4 + x^3y + x^2y^2 + xy^3 + y^4)$

$$\frac{x^8 - x^7y + x^6y^2 - x^5y^3 + x^4y^4}{x^7y + x^5y^3 + x^2y^6 + y^8}$$

$$\frac{x^7y - x^6y^2 + x^5y^3 - x^4y^4 + x^3y^5}{x^6y^2 + x^4y^4 - x^3y^5 + x^2y^6} + y^8$$

$$\frac{x^6y^2 - x^5y^3 + x^4y^4 - x^3y^5 + x^2y^6}{x^5y^3 + y^8}$$

$$\frac{x^6y^3 - x^4y^4 + x^3y^5 - x^2y^6 + xy^7}{x^4y^4 - x^3y^5 + x^2y^6 - xy^7} + y^8$$

$$\frac{x^6y^3 - x^4y^4 + x^3y^5 - x^2y^6 + xy^7}{x^4y^4 - x^3y^5 + x^2y^6 - xy^7} + y^8$$

32.
$$2x^{2} + 3x + 2$$
) $4x^{5} - x^{3} + 4x(2x^{3} - 3x^{2} + 2x$

$$4x^{5} + 6x^{4} + 4x^{3}$$

$$- 6x^{4} - 5x^{3} + 4x$$

$$- 6x^{4} - 9x^{3} - 6x^{2}$$

$$4x^{3} + 6x^{2} + 4x$$

$$4x^{3} + 6x^{2} + 4x$$

38.
$$2x - 3a$$
) $16x^4 - 72a^2x^3 + 81a^4(8x^3 + 12ax^2 - 18a^2x - 27a^3)$

$$16x^4 - 24ax^3$$

$$24ax^3 - 72a^2x^2$$

$$24ax^3 - 36a^2x^3$$

$$- 36a^2x^3 + 81a^4$$

$$- 36a^2x^3 + 81a^4$$

$$- 54a^3x + 81a^4$$

$$- 54a^3x + 81a^4$$
39. $3x + 4a$) $81x^4 - 256a^4(27x^3 - 36ax^2 + 48a^2x - 64a^3)$

$$81x^4 + 108ax^3$$

$$- 108ax^3 - 256a^4$$

$$- 108ax^3 - 144a^2x^3$$

$$- 144a^2x^3 - 256a^4$$

$$- 192a^3x - 256a^4$$

$$-$$

43.
$$x^2 + 3x + y)x^4 - 9x^3 - 6xy - y^2(x^2 - 3x - y)$$

$$x^4 + 3x^3 + x^2y$$

$$-3x^3 - x^2y - 9x^3 - 6xy - y^3$$

$$-3x^3 - 9x^3 - 3xy$$

$$-x^2y - 3xy - y^3$$

$$-x^2y - 3xy - y^3$$

$$-x^2y - 3xy - y^3$$

$$-x^2y - 3xy - y^2$$

$$-x^2y - 3xy - y^2$$

$$-x^2y - 3xy - y^2$$

$$-x^2y - 3xy - 2y^2$$

$$-x^2y - 4y^4(x^2 - 3xy - 2y^2)$$

$$-3x^3y + 7x^2y^2 - 4y^4$$

$$-3x^3y + 9x^2y^2 - 6xy^3$$

$$-2x^2y^2 + 6xy^3 - 4y^4$$

$$-2x^2y^2 - 81y^4$$

$$-2x^2y^2 - 81y^4$$

$$-2x^2y^2 - 81y^4$$

$$-27xy^3 - 81y^4$$

$$-26x^3b - 16b^4$$

$$-2a^3b - 16b^4$$

.

59.
$$x^4 - x^3y + x^2y^2 - xy^3 + y^4)x^5 + y^5(x + y)$$

$$\frac{x^5 - x^4y + x^3y^2 - x^2y^3 + xy^4}{x^4y - x^3y^2 + x^2y^3 - xy^4 + y^5}$$

$$x^4y - x^3y^2 + x^2y^3 - xy^4 + y^5$$

60.
$$ax + xy + ab + by$$
) $a^2x^2 - a^3b^2 - x^2y^2 + b^2y^3 (ax - xy - ab + by)$

$$a^2x^3 + ax^2y + a^2bx + abxy$$

$$-ax^2y - a^2bx - abxy - a^2b^2 - x^2y^2 + b^2y^2$$

$$-ax^2y - x^2y^2 - abxy - bxy^2$$

$$-a^2bx + bxy^2 - a^2b^2 + b^2y^2$$

$$-a^2bx - abxy - a^2b^2 - ab^2y$$

$$abxy + bxy^2 + ab^2y + b^2y^3$$

$$abxy + bxy^3 + ab^2y + b^2y^3$$

61.
$$ax + by$$
) $abx^2 + a^2xy + b^2xy + aby^2(bx + ay)$

$$abx^2 + b^2xy$$

$$a^2xy + aby^2$$

$$a^2xy + aby^2$$

62.
$$x^{2} + ax + b^{2}$$
) $x^{4} + 2b^{2}x^{2} - a^{2}x^{2} + b^{4}(x^{3} - ax + b^{2})$

$$\frac{x^{4} + ax^{3} + b^{2}x^{2}}{-ax^{3} + b^{2}x^{2} - a^{2}x^{3}}$$

$$-ax^{3} - a^{2}x^{2} - ab^{2}x$$

$$\frac{b^{2}x^{3} + ab^{2}x + b^{4}}{b^{2}x^{2} + ab^{2}x + b^{4}}$$

XV.

I.
$$x^{2}-ax+c$$
) $x^{4}-(a^{2}-b-c)x^{2}-(b-c)ax+bc$ $(x^{2}+ax+b)$

$$x^{4}-ax^{3}+cx^{2}$$

$$ax^{3}-(a^{2}-b)x^{2}-(ab-ac)x+bc$$

$$ax^{3}-a^{2}x^{2}+acx$$

$$bx^{2}-abx+bc$$

$$bx^{2}-abx+bc$$

2.
$$y-n)y^3-(l+m+n)y^2+(lm+ln+mn)y-lmn(y^2-(l+m)y+lm)y^3-ny^2$$

$$-(l+m)y^2+(lm+ln+mn)y-lmn$$

$$-(l+m)y^2+(ln+mn)y$$

$$lmy-lmn$$

lmy - lmn

3.
$$x^3 - mx^2 + nx + r)x^5 - (m - c)x^4 + (n - cm + d)x^3 + (r + cn - dm)x^2 + (cr + dn)x + dr(x^2 + cx + a)x^2 - \frac{x^5 - mx^4 + nx^3 + rx^2}{cx^4 + (d - cm)x^3 + (cn - dm)x^2}$$

$$\frac{cx^4 - cmx^3 + cnx^2 + crx}{dx^3 - dmx^2 + dnx + dr}$$

$$\frac{dx^3 - dmx^2 + dnx + dr}{dx^3 - dmx^2 + dnx + dr}$$

4.
$$x^{2} + 5x - 4$$
) $x^{4} + (5 + a)x^{3} - (4 - 5a + b)x^{2} - (4a + 5b)x + 4b$ ($x^{2} + ax - b$)
$$x^{4} + 5x^{3} - 4x^{2}$$

$$-ax^{3} + (5a - b)x^{3} - (4a + 5b)x$$

$$-ax^{3} + 5ax^{2} - 4ax$$

$$-bx^{2} - 5bx + 4b$$

$$-bx^{2} - 5bx + 4b$$

5.
$$x^{2} - (a + c)x + ac)x^{4} - (a + b + c + d)x^{3} + (ab + ac + ad + bc + bd + cd)x^{2}$$

$$- (abc + abd + acd + bcd)x + abcd(x^{2} - (b + d)x + bd)$$

$$x^{4} - (a + c)x^{3} + acx^{2}$$

$$- (b + d)x^{3} + (ab + ad + bc + bd + cd)x^{2}$$

$$- (b + d)x^{3} + (ab + ad + bc + cd)x^{2} - (abc + acd)x$$

$$- bdx^{2} - (abd + bcd)x + abcd$$

$$bdx^{2} - (abd + bcd)x + abcd$$

XVIII.

1.
$$(x^2-ax)-(bx-ab)=x(x-a)-b(x-a)=(x-b)(x-a)$$
.

2.
$$(ab+ax)-(bx+x^2)=a(b+x)-x(b+x)=(a-x)(b+x)$$
.

3.
$$(bc+by)-(cy+y^2)=b(c+y)-y(c+y)=(b-y)(c+y)$$
.

$$(bm+mn) + (ab+an) = m(b+n) + a(b+n) = (a+m)(b+n).$$

5.
$$(abx^2 - axy) + (bxy - y^2) = ax(bx - y) + y(bx - y) = (ax + y)(bx - y)$$
.

6.
$$(abx - aby) + (cdx - cdy) = ab(x - y) + cd(x - y) = (ab + cd)(x - y)$$
.

7.
$$(cdx^2 + dmxy) - (cnxy + mny^2) = dx(cx + my) - ny(cx + my)$$

= $(cx + my)(dx - ny)$.

8.
$$(abcx - b^2dx) - (acdy - bd^2y) = bx(ac - bd) - dy(ac - bd)$$

= $(ac - bd)(bx - dy)$.

XXVL

15.
$$(x^2-2xy+y^3)-z^2=(x-y)^2-z^2=(x-y+z)(x-y-z)$$

17.
$$(a^2-2ac+c^2)-(b^2+2bd+d^2)=(a-c)^2-(b+d)^2$$
, etc.

18.
$$a^2 - (b^2 - 2bc + c^2) = a^2 - (b - c)^2$$
, etc.

19.
$$(x^2 + 2xy + y^2) - z^2 = (x + y)^2 - z^2$$
, etc.

20.
$$(a^2-2ab+b^2)-(m^2-2mn+n^2)=(a-b)^2-(m-n)^2$$
, etc.

22.
$$1-(a^2-2ab+b^2)=1-(a-b)^2$$
, etc.

24.
$$1-(x^2-2xy+y^2)=1-(x-y)^2$$
, etc.

25.
$$x^2 - (y^2 + 2yz + z^2) = x^2 - (y + z)^2$$
, etc.

26.
$$a^2 - (4b^2 - 12bc + 9c^2) = a^2 - (2b - 3c)^2$$
, etc.

29.
$$(a^2-2ab+b^2)-(c^2+2cd+d^2)=(a-b)^2-(c+d)^2$$
, etc.

30.
$$(a^2-2ac+c^2)-(b^2-2bd+d^2)=(a-c)^2-(b-d)^2$$
, etc.

31.
$$3ax(a^2x^2-9)=3ax(ax+3)(ax-3)$$
.

XXVIL

II.
$$x^{6} - y^{6} = (x^{3} + y^{5})(x^{3} - y^{5}) = (x + y)(x^{2} - xy + y^{3})(x - y)(x^{2} + xy + y^{3}).$$

12.
$$x^2-1=(x^2+1)(x^2-1)=(x+1)(x^2-x+1)(x-1)(x^2+x+1)$$
.

13.
$$a^6 - 64 = a^6 - 2^6 = (a^3 + 2^5)(a^3 - 2^5)$$

= $(a+2)(a^2 - 2a+4)(a-2)(a^2 + 2a+4)$.

14.
$$729 - y^6 = 3^6 - y^6 = (3^3 + y^5)(3^3 - y^5)$$

= $(3 + y)(9 - 3y + y^2)(3 - y)(9 + 3y + y^3)$.

XXX.

1.
$$6+4-5-3=2$$
.

2.
$$6+3-5-4=0$$
.

3.
$$18+12-5-8=17$$
.

4.
$$3 \times 11 - 2 \times 1 = 33 - 2 = 31$$
.

5.
$$10 \times 2 = 20$$
.

6.
$$12+3\times7=12+21=33$$
.

7.
$$(12+3)(4+3) = 15 \times 7 = 105$$
.

8.
$$12+12+3=27$$
.

9.
$$(25+3) \div (6-4) = 28 \div 2 = 14$$
.

10.
$$6 \times 5 \times 4 = 120$$
.

11.
$$6 \times 5 \times 7 = 210$$
.

12.
$$6 \times 3 \times 9 \times 9 = 1458$$
.

13.
$$6 \times 5 \times 1 \times 1 = 30$$
.

14.
$$\sqrt{5\times5}=5$$
.

15.
$$\sqrt{y^2} = y = 3$$
.

16.
$$(\sqrt{x})^2 = (2)^2 = 4$$
.

17.
$$(\sqrt{x+b})^2 = (2+5)^2 = 49$$
.

18.
$$\sqrt{5 \times 5 \times 4} = \sqrt{100} = 10$$
.

19.
$$\sqrt{2 \times 6 \times 4 \times 3} = \sqrt{144} = 12$$
.

20.
$$(36+25+3) \div (4+9+3) = 64 \div 16 = 4$$
.

21.
$$18 + (8-3)^2 = 18 + 25 = 43$$
.

22.
$$\{6-(5-3)\}\{6-(4-3)\}=4\times 5=20$$
.

23.
$$(6-5-3)^2+(6-4+3)^2=4+25=29$$
.

24.
$$3 \times 8^3 + 4 \times 10^4 = 1536 + 40000$$
, etc.

25.
$$3 \times 1^2 + 7^2 = 3 + 49 = 52$$
.

XXXI.

1.
$$3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 - 3^3 + 2^3 + 1^3 = 18 - 27 + 8 + 1 = 0$$
.

2.
$$3^3 + 2^3 - 5^3 + 3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 5 = 27 + 8 - 125 + 90 = 0$$
.

3.
$$(a^2 + 2ac + c^2) - (a^2 + c^2) = 2ac$$
.

4.
$$x^2 + y^2 - (x^3 - 2xy + y^2) = 2xy$$
.

5.
$$(a^2+2ab+b^2)x-(a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)=(a^2+b^2)x-a^2-b^2x^2$$
.

6. Multiply 2x - m by x + 2m; the result is $2x^2 + 3mx - 2m^2$. Multiply 2x + n by x - 2n; the result is $2x^2 - 3nx - 2n^2$. Then multiply the two results together.

7.
$$ar + b$$
) $acr^3 + (bc + ad)r^2 + (bd + ae)r + be(cr^2 + dr + e$
 $acr^3 + bcr^2$

$$\frac{adr^2 + (bd + ae)r}{adr^2 + bdr}$$

$$\frac{adr^2 + bdr}{aer + be}$$

$$aer + be$$

The divisor = 10+1, or 11; the dividend = 1000+200+20+1, or 1221; the quotient = 100+10+1, or 111; and $1221\div11=111$.

8. Multiply
$$a+b+c$$
 by $a+b-c$; the result is $(a+b)^2-c^2$, or $a^2+2ab+b^2-c^2$.

Multiply
$$c+b-a$$
 by $c+a-b$; the result is $c^2-(a-b)^2$, or $c^2-a^2+2ab-b^2$.

Then
$$(2ab + a^2 + b^2 - c^2)(2ab - a^2 - b^2 + c^2) = (2ab)^2 - (a^2 + b^2 - c^2)^2$$

= $4a^2b^2 - a^4 - b^4 - c^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 2a^2c^2 + 2b^2c^2$
= $-a^4 - b^4 - c^4 + 2a^2b^2 + 2a^2c^2 + 2b^2c^2$.

9.
$$(a+d)(d+c) - (c+d)(d+a) - (a+c)(d-d)$$

= $ad + ac + d^2 + cd - cd - ac - d^2 - ad - 0 = 0$.

10.
$$0 + (4-16) + \{16 - (0+6)\} + \{12 - (0+6)\}^3$$

= $-12 + 10 + 6^3 = -2 + 36 = 34$.

11.
$$\{4-3+2-1\}\{4+3-2-1\}=2\times 4=8$$
;
and $16-9-4+1+2\times 2=8$.

18.
$$(ac-ad-bc+bd)-(bc-bd-ac+ad)=2ac-2ad-2bc+2bd$$

19.
$$ab + ay + bx + xy + x - y + ax - by + ax + ay = etc.$$

20.
$$(x^2+3x+2)-(x^2-3x+2)=6x$$
, etc.

21.
$$ax - by + x - y + x^2 - xy + ab - ay - bx + xy$$
, etc.

22.
$$(6x^2 + 20x + 16) - (6x^2 - 28x + 16) = 48x$$
, etc.

23.
$$2mx - 3ny + x + y + 4mx + 4nx - 4my - 4ny + mx + ny = \text{etc.}$$

24.
$$x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{3} + 2xy + 2xz + 2yz + x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2}$$

= $(x^{3} + 2xy + y^{2}) + (y^{2} + 2yz + z^{2}) + (x^{2} + 2xz + z^{2})$
= $(x + y)^{2} + (y + z)^{2} + (x + z)^{2}$.

25.
$$4a^2 + 6ac - 4ab + 6ab + 9bc - 6b^2 = 4a^2 + 6ac + 2ab + 9bc - 6b^2$$
.

26.
$$\frac{ab - cd}{cd + e} = \frac{63 - 15}{15 + 1} = \frac{48}{16} = 3.$$

$$(bc - ad)(bd - ce) = (35 - 27)(21 - 5) = 8 \times 16 = 128.$$

$$\frac{b^2 - c^3}{c + d} = \frac{49 - 25}{5 + 3} = \frac{24}{8} = 3.$$

$$d^2 - c^4 = 3^5 - 5^3 = 243 - 125 = 118.$$

27.
$$0-0+2^3+1^3=8+1=9$$
.

$$28.48+4-8=44$$

29.
$$(1-2-3)^3+(2-1-3)^3+(3-1-2)^3=(-4)^3+(-2)^3+0=16+4$$

=20.

30.
$$(1+2-4)^2+(1-2+4)^2+(2+4-1)^3=(-1)^2+(3)^2+(5)^3$$

= 1+9+25=35.

31.
$$(-1+2)^2+(2-3)^2+(-1-3)^2=(1)^2+(-1)^3+(-4)^2=1+1+16$$

=18.

- 32. Let x and y be the numbers; then $(x^2-y^3)\div(x+y)=x-y$.
- 33. Let x and y be the numbers; then $(x+y)(x-y)=x^2-y^3$.
- 34. Let x and x+1 be the integers; then $(x+x+1)^3=4x^2+4x+1$ = 4x(x+1)+1.
- 35. Let x and x+2 be the two even numbers; then x+1 is the odd number between them; and $(x+x+2)^2=4x^2+8x+4=4(x+1)^2$.
- 36. Let x and y be the parts; then x+y=2; and $x^2-y^2=(x+y)(x-y)$; therefore $x^3-y^2=2(x-y)$.
- 37. Let x and y be the parts; then x+y=50; and $x^2-y^2=(x+y)(x-y)$; therefore $x^2-y^2=50(x-y)$.
- 38. Let x and y be the parts; then x+y=n; and $x^2-y^2=(x+y)(x-y)$; therefore $x^2-y^2=n(x-y)$.
- 39. Let x and x+1 be the numbers; then $x(x+1)+x^2+(x+1)^2$ = $x^2+x+x^2+x^2+2x+1=3x^2+3x+1=(x+1)^3-x^3$.
- 40. Let x-1, x, x+1 be the three numbers; then $(x-1)^3 + x^3 + (x+1)^3 = x^3 3x^2 + 3x 1 + x^3 + x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1 = 3x^3 + 6x = 3x(x^3 + 2)$.

XXXIL

1.
$$7x-5x=11-5$$
; $2x=6$; $x=3$.

2.
$$12x-8x=15-7$$
; $4x=8$; $x=2$.

3.
$$236x - 97x = 564 - 425$$
; $139x = 139$; $x = 1$.

4.
$$5x-3x=7+7$$
; $2x=14$; $x=7$.

5.
$$12x-8x=9-1$$
; $4x=8$; $x=2$.

6.
$$124x - 112x = 43 - 19$$
; $12x = 24$; $x = 2$.

7.
$$5x-2x=27-18$$
; $3x=9$; $x=3$.

8.
$$12x-7x=145-125$$
; $5x=20$; $x=4$.

q.
$$14x - 8x = 80 - 26$$
; $6x = 54$; $x = 9$.

10.
$$-3x-x=-83-133$$
; $-4x=-216$; $4x=216$; $x=54$.

11.
$$-3x-5x=-3-13$$
; $-8x=-16$; $8x=16$; $x=2$.

12.
$$9x-12x=100-127$$
; $-3x=-27$; $3x=27$; $x=9$.

13.
$$-5x+4x=6-15$$
; $-x=-9$; $x=9$.

14.
$$3x-7x=6+22$$
; $-4x=28$; $4x=-28$; $x=-7$.

15.
$$4x-12x=-16-8$$
; $-8x=-24$; $8x=24$; $x=3$.

16.
$$5x-3x+7=4x-6x+35$$
; $4x=28$; $x=7$.

17.
$$6x-18+8x+15x-21=10x-4-16x+35$$
; $35x=70$; $x=2$.

18.
$$9x - 15x + 18 + 30 = 0$$
; $-6x = -48$; $x = 8$.

19.
$$12x - 45x - 15 + 42 - 48x + 783 = 0$$
; $-81x = -810$; $x = 10$.

20.
$$x-28x+77=14x-70-152+19x-61$$
; $-60x=-360$; $x=6$.

21.
$$x^2 + 4x - 21 = x^2 - 20x + 75$$
; $24x = 96$; $x = 4$

22.
$$x^2+4x-96=x^2-5x-6$$
; $9x=90$; $x=10$.

23.
$$9x - x^2 - 14 + x^2 - 2x - 15 - 2x + 2 + 12 = 0$$
; $5x = 15$; $x = 3$.

24.
$$2x^3 + 3x - 35 = 36 - 17x + 2x^3 + 229$$
; $20x = 300$; $x = 15$.

25.
$$21 - 32x + 12x^3 = 12x^3 - 17x + 6$$
; $-15x = -15$; $x = 1$.

26.
$$14-x-7x^2+5x+30+20-29x+5x^3=45x-76$$
; $-70x=-140$; $x=2$.

27.
$$x^3+10x+25-16+8x-x^3=21x$$
; $-3x=-9$; $x=3$.

28.
$$5x^3 - 20x + 20 + 7x^3 - 42x + 63 = 12x^3 - 85x + 133 + 42$$
; $23x = 92$; $x = 4$.

29.
$$9x^3 - 102x + 289 + 16x^3 - 200x + 625 - 25x^2 + 290x - 841 = 1$$
; $-12x = -72$; $x = 6$.

30.
$$x^3 - 4x - 45 + x^2 + 2x - 80 = 2x^2 - 11x - 21 - 113$$
; $9x = -9$; $x = -1$.

XXXIII.

- 1. Let x be the number; then 2x+14=154; x=70.
- 2. Let x be the number; then 4x+16=188; x=43.
- 3. Let x be the number; then x+46=3x; x=23.
- 4. Let x be the smaller number; then 3x is the greater number; and 16-x=30-3x; 2x=14; x=7; 3x=21.
- 5. Let x be the first part; then x-10 is the second; x-18 the third; x-24 the fourth; and x+x-10+x-18+x-24=92; x=36, etc.
- 6. Let x be the greater number; then 20-x is the smaller number; and 3(20-x)+5x=84; x=12, etc.
- 7. Let x be the father's age in years; then 80-x is the son's age; and 2(80-x)=x+10; x=50, etc.

- 8. Let x be the age of the eldest; then x-20 is the age of the youngest; and x=3(x-20); x=30, etc.
- 9. Let x be the sum in pounds; then x+24-80=80-x; x=68.
- 10. Let x be the price of a yard of cloth in shillings; then 2x is the price of a yard of silk; and $30x + 80x = 66 \times 20$; x = 12, etc.
- 11. Let x be the number; then 2x+24-80=100-x; x=52.
- 12. Let x be A's share in pounds; then B's share is 280-x; C's, 260-x; D's, 220-x; and x+280-x+260-x+220-x=500; x=130, etc.
- 13. Let x be the number of children; then there are 2x women and 4x men; and x+2x+4x=266; x=38, etc.
- 14. Let x be B's share in pounds; then A's share is x 100, and C's is x + 270; and x + x 100 + x + 270 = 1520; x = 450, etc.
- 15. Let x be the greater; then x 8 is the less; and 4(x 8) = 2x + 10; x = 21; x 8 = 13.
- 16. Let x be what each had at first in pounds; then 3(x+5)=11(x-5); x=£8, 15s.
- 17. Let x be A's age; then x 58 is B's age; and x 60 = 50 (x 58); x = 84, etc.
- 18. Let x be A's age; then x-34 is B's age; and x-50=40-(x-34); x=62, etc.
- 19. Let x be the share of a daughter; then 2x is the share of a son; and 3x+4x+500 is the share of the wife; then 3x+4x+3x+4x+500=7500; x=500, etc.
- 20. Let x be the number of gallons in the vessel at first; then x+42=7x; x=7; and 42+7=49, the number of gallons that the vessel held.

- 21. Let x be the number of pounds A has; then B has x+10; C has x+x+10; and x+x+10+x+x+10=76; x=14, etc.
- 22. Let x be the greater; then x-14 is the less; and x+x-14=48; x=31, etc.
- 23. Let x be the number of pounds won by A; then 72 + x = 3(52 x); x = 21.
- 24. Let x be one of the parts; then 84-x is the other; and 3x=4(84-x); x=48.
- 25. Let x be one of the parts; then 90 x is the other; and 4x = 5(90 x); x = 50.
- 26. Let x be the greater part; then 60-x is the less; and x=60-x+24; x=42.
- 27. Let x be the greater part; then 84-x is the less; and x-36=84-x; x=60.
- 28. Let x be one of the parts; then 20-x is the other; and 3x+5(20-x)=84; x=8.
- 29. Let x be B's age; then 2x is A's age; and 2x-22=3(x-22); x=44; 2x=88.
- 30. Let x be the number of years; then 30 + x = 2(6 + x); x = 18.
- 31. Let x be B's age; then 2x is A's age; and 2x-20=3(x-20); x=40.
- 32. Let x be B's age; then 3x is A's age; and 3x+19=2(x+19); x=19.
- 33. Let x be the number of years; then 50+x=42+3x; x=4.
- 34. Let x be the number of guineas; then x+48 is the number of half-crowns; and, expressing all the quantities as sixpences, $42x+5(x+48)=100\times40$; 47x=3760; x=80.

- 35. Let x be the number of shillings; then 41-x is the number of half-crowns; and, expressing all the quantities as sixpences, $2x+5(41-x)=74\times2$; -3x=-57; x=19.
- 36. Let x be the number of shillings; then 300 x is the number of fourpenny pieces; and, expressing all the quantities as fourpenny pieces, 3x + 300 x = 700; x = 200.
- 37. Let x be the number of moidores; then x+3 is the number of sovereigns; and $27x+20(x+3)=50\times 20$; 47x=940; x=20.
- 38. Let x be the number of shillings; then 6x is the number of half-crowns; and, expressing all the quantities as sixpences, 2x+30x=1696; x=53.
- 39. Let x be the number of sovereigns; then 2x is the number of shillings, and 3x the number of pence; and, expressing all the quantities as pence, 240x + 24x + 3x = 1335; x = 5.

XXXV.

1.
$$a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)$$
; $a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^3)$.

2.
$$a^4 - b^4 = (a^2 - b^2)(a^2 + b^2)$$
.

3.
$$a^2-x^2=(a+x)(a-x)$$
; $(a-x)^2=(a-x)(a-x)$.

4.
$$a^3 + x^3 = (a+x)(a^2 - ax + x^2)$$
; $(a+x)^3 = (a+x)(a+x)(a+x)$.

5.
$$9x^2-1=(3x+1)(3x-1)$$
; $(3x+1)^2=(3x+1)(3x+1)$.

6.
$$1-25a^2=(1+5a)(1-5a)$$
; $(1-5a)^2=(1-5a)(1-5a)$.

7.
$$x^2 - y^2 = (x+y)(x-y)$$
; $(x+y)^2 = (x+y)(x+y)$; $x^2 + 3xy + 2y^2 = (x+y)(x+2y)$.

8.
$$x^2 - y^2 = (x + y)(x - y)$$
; $x^3 - y^3 = (x - y)(x^2 + xy + y^2)$; $x^2 - 7xy + 6y^2 = (x - y)(x - 6y)$.

9.
$$x^3 - 1 = (x - 1)(x + 1)$$
; $x^3 - 1 = (x - 1)(x^2 + x + 1)$; $x^2 + x - 2 = (x - 1)(x + 2)$.
10. $1 - a^2 = (1 - a)(1 + a)$; $1 + a^3 = (1 + a)(1 - a + a^2)$; $a^2 + 5a + 4 = (1 + a)(4 + a)$.

XXXVI.

```
r. 6906)10359(1
                               2. 1908)2736(1
         6906
                                       1908
         3453)6906(2
                                        828)1908(2
              6906
                                             1656
                                              252)828(3
  .: H. C. F. is 3453.
                                                  756
                                                   72)252(3
                                                      216
                                                      36)72(2
                               .: H. C. F. is 36.
                                                          72
```

```
4. 40115)126025(3
                           120345
                             5680)40115(7
                                  39760
                                     355)5680(16
                                         355
                                         2130
       .: H. C. F. is 355.
                                         2130
5. 1581227) 16758766(10
           15812270
             946496)1581227(1
                     946496
                      634731)946496(1
                             634731
                             311765)634731(2
                                     623530
                                     11201)311765(27
                                            22402
                                             87745
                                             78407
                                              9338)11201(1
                                                    9338
                                                    1863) 9338 (5
                                                          9315
                                                            23) 1863 (81
                                                                184
                                                                 23
                                                                 23
    .: H. C. F. is 22.
```

XXXVII.

1.
$$x^{3}+7x+12$$
) $x^{3}+9x+20$ (1
 $x^{3}+7x+12$
 $2x+8$
Divide by 2; $x+4$) $x^{3}+7x+12$ ($x+3$)
 $x^{3}+4x$
 $3x+12$
 $3x+12$

2.
$$x^2 + 12x + 20$$
) $x^2 + 14x + 40$ (1
 $x^2 + 12x + 20$
 $2x + 20$
Divide by 2; $x + 10$) $x^3 + 12x + 20$ ($x + 2$)
 $x^2 + 10x$
 $2x + 20$
 $2x + 20$

4.
$$x^2 + 5x - 84$$
) $x^2 + 21x + 108$ (1
 $x^2 + 5x - 84$
 $16x + 192$
Divide by 16; $x + 12$) $x^2 + 5x - 84$ ($x - 7$)
 $x^3 + 12x$
 $x^2 - 7x - 84$
 $x^2 - 7x - 84$

5.
$$x^{2}+x-12$$
) $x^{2}-2x-3$ (1

$$x^{2}+x-12$$

$$-3x+9$$

Change signs and divide by 3; x-3) x^2+x-12 (x+4) $\frac{x^3-3x}{4x-12}$ 4x-12

6.
$$x^2 + 5xy + 6y^2$$
, $x^2 + 6xy + 9y^2$ (1

$$\frac{x^2 + 5xy + 6y^2}{xy + 3y^2}$$
Divide by y ; $x + 3y$, $x^2 + 5xy + 6y^2$ ($x + 2y$)
$$\frac{x^2 + 3xy}{2xy + 6y^2}$$

$$2xy + 6y^2$$

7.
$$x^2 - 6xy + 8y^2$$
, $x^3 - 8xy + 16y^2$ (1
$$\frac{x^3 - 6xy + 8y^2}{-2xy + 8y^2}$$
Divide by 2y and change signs; $x - 4y$, $x^3 - 6xy + 8y^2$ ($x - 2y$)
$$\frac{x^2 - 4xy}{-2xy + 8y^2}$$

$$-2xy + 8y^2$$

$$-2xy + 8y^2$$

Divide by 5y and change signs; x-15y) $x^2-13xy-30y^2(x+2y)$

$$\frac{x^2 - 15xy}{2xy - 30y^2}$$

$$2xy - 30y^2$$

Divide by $3y^2$; $x-y)x^2-2xy+y^2(x-y)$.

10.
$$x^3 + y^5$$
) $x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + y^3$ (1)
$$x^3 + y^3$$

$$3x^2y + 3xy^3$$

Divide by 3xy; $x+y)x^3+y^3(x^2-xy+y^3)$.

11.
$$x^2 - 2xy + y^3$$
) $x^4 - y^4$ ($x^3 + 2xy + 3y^2$)
$$x^4 - 2x^3y + x^2y^2$$

$$2x^3y - x^2y^2 - y^4$$

$$2x^3y - 4x^2y^2 + 2xy^3$$

$$3x^2y^2 - 2xy^3 - y^4$$

$$4xy^3 - 4y^4$$
Divide by $4y^3$; $x - y$) $x^2 - 2xy + y^2$ ($x - y$.

12. $x^3 + y^5$) $x^5 + y^5$ (x^2

$$x^5 + x^2y^3$$

$$-x^2y^3 + y^6$$
Divide by $-y^3$; $x^3 - y^3$) $x^3 + y^3$ ($x^3 - xy^3$

$$x^3 - xy^3$$
Divide by y^3 ; $x + y$) $x^2 - y^2$ ($x - y$.

13. $x^3 + 2xy + y^2$) $x^4 - y^4$ ($x^2 - 2xy + 3y^2$)
$$x^4 + 2x^3y + x^2y^3$$

$$-2x^3y - x^2y^2 - y^4$$

$$-2x^3y - x^2y^2 - y^4$$

$$-2x^3y - x^2y^2 - 2xy^3$$

$$3x^2y^2 + 2xy^3 - y^4$$

$$3x^2y^2 + 2xy^3 - y^4$$

$$3x^2y^2 + 6xy^3 + 3y^4$$

$$-4xy^3 - 4y^4$$
Divide by $-4y^3$; $x + y$) $x^2 + 2xy + y^2$ ($x + y$.

14. $x^3 - b^2 + 2bc - c^2$) $x^2 + 2ab + b^2 - 2ac - 2bc + c^2$ ($x^2 - b^2 + 2bc - c^3$)
$$-2ab + 2b^2 - 2ac - 4bc + 2c^3$$
Divide by 2 ; $ab + b^2 - ac - 2bc + c^2 = (ab - ac) + (b^2 - 2bc + c^2)$

$$= a(b - c) + (b - c)^2$$
.

Divide by b-c; $a+b-c(a^2-b^2+2bc-c^2(a-b+c))$

15. Multiply the second expression by 3;
$$12x^2 + 7xy + y^2) 84x^2 + 9xy - 3y^2(7) + \frac{84x^2 + 49xy + 7y^2}{-40xy - 10y^2}$$
 Divide by $-10y$; $4x + y) 12x^2 + 7xy + y^2(3x + y)$.

16. Multiply the second expression by 2;
$$6x^2 + xy - y^2$$
) $78x^2 - 44xy + 6y^2$ (13)

$$78x^2 + 13xy - 13y^2$$

$$-57xy + 19y^2$$

Divide by -19y; $3x-y)6x^2 + xy - y^2(2x + y)$.

$$15x^2 - 8xy + y^2)120x^2 - 9xy - 3y^2(8)$$
$$120x^2 - 64xy + 8y^2$$

$$55xy - 11y^2$$

Divide by 11y; 5x - y) $15x^2 - 8xy + y^2(3x - y$.

18.
$$x^4 + x^3 - 4x^2 + x + 1$$
) $x^5 - 5x^3 + 5x^2 - 1$ $(x - 1)$

$$x^5 + x^4 - 4x^3 + x^2 + x$$

$$- x^4 - x^3 + 4x^2 - x - 1$$

$$- x^4 - x^3 + 4x^2 - x - 1$$

19.
$$x^4 + 4x^9 + 16)x^5 + x^4 - 2x^3 + 17x^2 - 10x + 20(x + 1)$$

$$x^5 + 4x^3 + 16x$$

$$x^4 - 6x^3 + 17x^2 - 26x + 20$$

$$x^4 + 4x^2 + 16$$

$$-6x^3 + 13x^2 - 26x + 4$$

Change the signs of the remainder, and multiply the divisor by 6;

$$6x^3 - 13x^2 + 26x - 4)6x^4 + 24x^2 + 96(x^4 + 24x^2 + 26x^2 + 26x^2$$

$$13x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x + 96$$

Multiply the remainder by 6, and continue the division;

$$78x^3 - 12x^3 + 24x + 576(13$$

$$78x^3 - 169x^2 + 338x - 52$$

$$157x^2 - 314x + 628$$

Divide by 157; $x^2 - 2x + 4)6x^3 - 13x^2 + 26x - 4(6x - 1)$

$$6x^3 - 12x^2 + 24x$$

$$-x^2+2x-4$$

$$-x^2+2x-4$$

20.
$$x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^4$$
) $x^4 + 2x^3y + 3x^2y^3 + 2xy^3 + y^4$ (1
$$\frac{x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^4}{2x^3y + 2x^2y^2 + 2xy^3}$$

Divide by 2xy; $x^2 + xy + y^2$) $x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^4(x^2 - xy + y^2)$.

21.
$$x^6 - 6x^4 + 9x^3 - 4x^6 + x^5 - 2x^4 + 3x^3 - x - 2(1)$$

$$x^6 - 6x^4 + 9x^2 - 4$$

$$x^5 + 4x^4 - 6x^2 - x + 2$$

$$x^{6} + 4x^{4} - 6x^{2} - x + 2)x^{6} - 6x^{4} + 9x^{2} - 4(x - 4)$$

$$x^6 + 4x^5 - 6x^3 - x^2 + 2x$$

$$-4x^{5} - 6x^{4} + 6x^{3} + 10x^{2} - 2x - 4$$
$$-4x^{5} - 16x^{4} + 24x^{2} + 4x - 8$$

$$\frac{10x^4 + 6x^3 - 14x^2 - 6x + 4}{10x^4 + 6x^3 - 14x^2 - 6x + 4}$$

Divide by 2, and multiply the divisor by 5;

$$5x^4 + 3x^3 - 7x^2 - 3x + 2)5x^5 + 20x^4 - 30x^2 - 5x + 10(x^2 - 5x + 10)$$

$$5x^5 + 3x^4 - 7x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x$$

$$17x^4 + 7x^3 - 27x^2 - 7x + 10$$

Multiply by 5, and continue the division;

$$85x^4 + 35x^3 - 135x^2 - 35x + 50(17)$$

$$85x^4 + 51x^3 - 119x^3 - 51x + 34$$

$$-16x^3-16x^2+16x+16$$

Divide by
$$-16$$
; $x^3 + x^3 - x - 1)5x^4 + 3x^3 - 7x^3 - 3x + 2(5x - 2)5x^4 + 5x^3 - 5x^2 - 5x$

$$-2x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x + 2$$

$$-2x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x + 2$$

22. Multiply the first expression by 2;

$$\frac{30a^4 + 20a^3b + 8ab^2 - 5b^3)30a^4 + 20a^3b + 8a^2b^2 + 12ab^3 - 6b^4(5a)}{30a^4 + 95a^3b + 40a^2b^2 - 25ab^3} - 75a^3b - 32a^2b^2 + 37ab^3 - 6b^4$$

Change the signs, multiply by 2, divide by b, and continue the division;

$$\frac{6a^3 + 19a^2b + 8ab^2 - 5b^3)150a^3 + 64a^2b - 74ab^2 + 12b^3(25)}{150a^3 + 475a^2b + 200ab^2 - 125b^3}{-411a^2b - 274ab^2 + 137b^3}$$

Divide by -137b; $3a^2 + 2ab - b^2 \cdot 6a^3 + 19a^2b + 8ab^2 - 5b^3 \cdot (2a + 5b)$.

23. Multiply the second expression by 5;

$$\frac{15x^3 - 14x^2y + 24xy^2 - 7y^3)135x^3 + 165x^2y - 100xy^3 + 10y^3(9)}{\frac{135x^3 - 126x^2y + 216xy^2 - 63y^3}{291x^2y - 316xy^2 + 73y^3}}$$

Divide by y; and multiply the divisor by 97;

291
$$x^3$$
 - **316** xy + 73 y^3) 1455 x^3 - 1358 x^2y + 2328 xy^2 - 679 y^3 (5 x 1455 x^3 - 1580 x^2y + 365 xy^2

$$\frac{222x^2y + 1963xy^2 - 679y^3}{222x^2y + 1963xy^2 - 679y^3}$$

Divide by y; multiply by 97, and continue the division;

$$21534x^2 + 190411xy - 65863y^2(74)$$
$$21534x^2 - 23384xy + 5402y^2$$

$$213795xy - 71265y^2$$

Divide by 71265y; 3x - y) $291x^2 - 316xy + 73y^2(97x - 73y)$.

$$\frac{21x^2 - 83xy - 27x + 22y^2 + 99y)}{84x^2 - 245xy - 42x - 231y^2 + 154y} (4)$$

$$\frac{84x^2 - 332xy - 108x + 88y^2 + 396y}{87xy + 66x - 319y^2 - 242y}$$

The remainder =
$$87xy - 319y^2 + 66x - 242y$$

= $29y(3x - 11y) + 22(3x - 11y)$

$$= (29y + 22)(3x - 11y)$$

Rejecting 29y + 22, which is clearly not a factor of the divisor; 3x - 11y) $21x^2 - 83xy - 27x + 22y^2 + 99y$ (7x - 2y - 9.

25.
$$3a^3 - 12a^2 - a^2b + 10ab - 2b^2 = (3a^3 - a^2b) - (12a^2 - 10ab + 2b^2)$$

 $= a^2(3a - b) - 2(6a^2 - 5ab + b^2)$
 $= a^2(3a - b) - 2(3a - b)(2a - b)$
 $= (3a - b)(a^2 - 4a + 2b)$

Rejecting $a^2-4a+2b$, which is clearly not a factor of the second expression, we find the H. C. F. to be 3a-b.

$$a-x)6a^3-6a^2x+2ax^3-2x^3(6a^2+2x^3)$$

:. H. C. F. is $3(a-x)$.

27. Divide the first expression by x, and multiply the result by 2;

$$6x^{2}-x-2)42x^{2}-52x+16(7)$$

$$\frac{42x^{2}-7x-14}{-45x+30}$$

Divide by -15; $3x-2)6x^2-x-2(2x+1)$.

28.
$$3x^3 - 15ax^3 + a^2x - 5a^3)6x^4 + 29a^2x^3 + 9a^4 (2x + 10a$$

$$\underbrace{\frac{6x^4 - 30ax^3 + 2a^2x^2 - 10a^3x}{30ax^3 + 27a^2x^3 + 10a^3x + 9a^4}}_{30ax^3 - 150a^2x^3 + 10a^3x - 50a^4}$$

$$\underbrace{\frac{30ax^3 - 150a^2x^3 + 10a^3x - 50a^4}{177a^2x^2}}_{177a^2x^2} + 59a^4$$

Divide by $59a^3$; $3x^2 + a^2 \cdot 3x^3 - 15ax^2 + a^2x - 5a^3(x - 5a)$.

29.
$$x^4 - y^4 = (x^3 + y^2)(x^2 - y^3)$$

 $x^5 + x^6y^2 + x^2y + y^3 = x^6(x^2 + y^3) + y(x^3 + y^2)$
 $\therefore x^2 + y^2$ is the H. C. F.

30. Divide the first expression by 2;

$$x^{3} + x^{2} + 7x + 39)x^{3} + 5x^{2} + 7x + 3(1)$$

$$x^{3} + x^{2} + 7x + 39$$

$$4x^2 - 36$$

Now $4x^2-36=4(x^2-9)=4(x+3)(x-3)$; and rejecting 4 and x-3, we have

$$(x+3)x^3+x^2+7x+39(x^2-2x+13)$$

31.
$$45a^3x + 3a^2x^2 - 9ax^3 + 6x^4 = x(45a^3 + 3a^2x - 9ax^2 + 6x^3)$$

 $18a^2x - 8x^3 = 2x(9a^2 - 4x^2)$

Reserving the common factor x;

$$9a^3 - 4x^3$$
) $45a^3 + 3a^2x - 9ax^2 + 6x^3$ (5a $45a^3 - 20ax^3$

$$3a^2x + 11ax^2 + 6x^3$$

Divide by x, multiply by 3, and proceed with the division;

$$9a^2 + 33ax + 18x^2(1$$

$$9a^2 - 4x^2$$

$$33ax + 22x^2$$

Divide by 11x; $3a + 2x) 9a^2 - 4x^2(3a - 2x)$.: the H. C. F. is (3a + 2x)x.

XXXVIII.

1.
$$x^2 + 5x + 6 = (x + 2)(x + 3)$$
; $x^2 + 7x + 10 = (x + 2)(x + 5)$; $x^2 + 12x + 20 = (x + 2)(x + 10)$.

2.
$$x^3 + 4x^2 - 5$$
) $x^3 - 3x + 2$ (1
 $x^3 + 4x^2 - 5$
 $-4x^2 - 3x + 7$

Change signs and multiply the divisor by 4;

$$4x^{3} + 3x - 7) 4x^{3} + 16x^{2} - 20 (x - 2x^{3} + 3x^{2} - 7x - 20)$$

$$- 13x^{2} + 7x - 20$$

Multiply by 4, and continue the division;

$$52x^2 + 28x - 80 (13)$$

$$52x^2 + 39x - 91$$

$$-11x + 11$$

Change signs and divide by 11;

$$(x-1)4x^2+3x-7(4x+7)$$

Hence x-1 is the H. C. F. of the first two expressions; and since x-1 divides x^3+4x^2-8x+3 exactly, it is the H. C. F. required.

3.
$$2x^2+x-1=(2x-1)(x+1)$$
; $x^2+5x+4=(x+4)(x+1)$; $x^3+1=(x+1)(x^2-x+1)$.

4.
$$y^3 - y^2 - y + 1 = (y^3 - y^2) - (y - 1) = y^2(y - 1) - (y - 1) = (y^2 - 1)(y - 1)$$

 $3y^2 - 2y - 1 = (3y + 1)(y - 1)$
 $y^3 - y^2 + y - 1 = y^2(y - 1) + (y - 1) = (y^2 + 1)(y - 1)$.

5.
$$x^3 - 4x^2 + 9x - 10$$
) $x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 20$ (1
$$\frac{x^3 - 4x^2 + 9x - 10}{6x^2 - 12x + 30}$$

Divide by 6;
$$x^3 - 2x + 5$$
) $x^3 - 4x^2 + 9x - 10$ $(x - 2)$

$$\frac{x^3 - 2x^2 + 5x}{-2x^3 + 4x - 10}$$

$$-2x^3 + 4x - 10$$

Hence $x^3 - 2x + 5$ is the H. C. F. of the first two expressions, and as it also divides $x^3 + 5x^3 - 9x + 35$ exactly, it is the H. C. F. required.

6.
$$x^3 - 7x^3 + 16x - 12$$
) $3x^3 - 14x^3 + 16x$ (3
$$\frac{3x^3 - 21x^3 + 48x - 36}{7x^3 - 32x + 36}$$

Multiply the divisor by 7;

$$7x^3 - 32x + 36$$
) $7x^3 - 49x^3 + 112x - 84$ (z

$$7x^3 - 32x^2 + 36x$$

$$-17x^2+76x-84$$

Multiply by -7, and continue the division; $119x^2 - 532x + 588(17$

$$119x^2 - 544x + 612$$

$$12x - 24$$

Divide by 12; x-2) $7x^2-32x+36(7x-18)$

Hence x-2, which also divides $5x^3-10x^2+7x-14$, is the H. C. F.

7.
$$y^3 - 5y^2 + 11y - 15$$
) $y^3 - y^2 + 3y + 5$ (1

$$\frac{y^3 - 5y^2 + 11y - 15}{4y^2 - 8y + 20}$$

Divide by 4;
$$y^2 - 2y + 5$$
) $y^3 - 5y^2 + 11y - 15(y - 3)$

$$y^3 - 2y^2 + 5y$$

$$-3y^2+6y-15$$

$$-3y^2+6y-15$$

Hence as $y^2 - 2y + 5$ divides $2y^3 - 7y^2 + 16y - 15$ exactly, it is the H. C. F.

XXXIX.

11.
$$\frac{a^2}{a^2+ab} = \frac{a^2}{a(a+b)} = \frac{a}{a+b}$$
.

12.
$$\frac{14m^2x}{21m^3p - 7mx} = \frac{14m^2x}{7m(3m^2p - x)} = \frac{2mx}{3m^2p - x}$$

13.
$$\frac{xy}{3xy^2 - 5x^2yz} = \frac{xy}{xy(3y - 5xz)} = \frac{1}{3y - 5xz^2}$$

14.
$$\frac{4ax + 2x^2}{8ax^3 - 2x^2} = \frac{2x(2a + x)}{2x(4ax^2 - x)} = \frac{2a + x}{4ax^2 - x}$$

15.
$$\frac{ay+y^2}{abc+bcy} = \frac{y(a+y)}{bc(a+y)} = \frac{y}{bc}.$$

16.
$$\frac{4a^2x + 6a^2y}{8x^3 - 18y^2} = \frac{2a^2(2x + 3y)}{2(2x + 3y)(2x - 3y)} = \frac{a^3}{2x - 3y}.$$

17.
$$\frac{12ab^2 - 6ab}{8b^2c - 2c} = \frac{6ab(2b - 1)}{2c(2b + 1)(2b - 1)} = \frac{3ab}{2bc + c}.$$

18.
$$\frac{c^2 - 4a^2}{c^2 + 4ac + 4a^2} = \frac{(c + 2a)(c - 2a)}{(c + 2a)(c + 2a)} = \frac{c - 2a}{c + 2a}.$$

19.
$$\frac{3x^4 + 3x^2y^2}{5x^4 + 5x^2y^2} = \frac{3x^2(x^2 + y^2)}{5x^2(x^2 + y^2)} = \frac{3}{5}.$$

20.
$$\frac{10x - 10y}{4x^2 - 8xy + 4y^2} = \frac{10(x - y)}{4(x - y)(x - y)} = \frac{5}{2x - 2y}.$$

21.
$$\frac{ax + by}{7a^2x^2 - 7b^2y^2} = \frac{ax + by}{7(ax + by)(ax - by)} = \frac{1}{7ax - 7by}.$$

22.
$$\frac{6ab + 8cd}{27a^2b^2x - 48c^2d^2x} = \frac{2(3ab + 4cd)}{3x(3ab + 4cd)(3ab - 4cd)} = \frac{2}{9abx - 12cdx}$$

23.
$$\frac{xy - xyz}{2az - 2az^2} = \frac{xy(1-z)}{2az(1-z)} = \frac{xy}{2az}$$

$$24. \ \ \, \frac{7ab^3x^8-7ab^3y^2}{14a^3bcx^8-14a^3bcy^2} = \frac{7ab^3(x^8-y^3)}{14a^3bc(x^8-y^2)} = \frac{b^2}{2a^2c}.$$

25.
$$\frac{5x^9 + 45dx^2}{10cx^9 + 90cdx^2} = \frac{5x^2(x^7 + 9d)}{10cx^2(x^7 + 9d)} = \frac{1}{2c}$$

26.
$$\frac{10a^2 + 20ab + 10b^2}{5a^3 + 5a^2b} = \frac{10(a+b)(a+b)}{5a^2(a+b)} = \frac{2a+2b}{a^2}.$$

27.
$$\frac{4x^2 - 8xy + 4y^2}{48(x - y)^2} = \frac{4(x - y)^2}{48(x - y)^2} = \frac{1}{12}$$

28.
$$\frac{3mx + 5nx^2}{3my + 5nxy} = \frac{x(3m + 5nx)}{y(3m + 5nx)} = \frac{x}{y}$$

1.
$$\frac{a^2+7a+10}{a^2+5a+6} = \frac{(a+5)(a+2)}{(a+3)(a+2)} = \frac{a+5}{a+3}$$
.

2.
$$\frac{x^2-9x+20}{x^2-7x+12} = \frac{(x-4)(x-5)}{(x-4)(x-3)} = \frac{x-5}{x-3}$$
.

3.
$$\frac{x^3-2x-3}{x^3-10x+21} = \frac{(x-3)(x+1)}{(x-3)(x-7)} = \frac{x+1}{x-7}$$

4.
$$\frac{x^2 - 18xy + 45y^2}{x^2 - 8xy - 105y^2} = \frac{(x - 3y)(x - 15y)}{(x + 7y)(x - 15y)} = \frac{x - 3y}{x + 7y}$$

5.
$$\frac{x^4 + x^2 + 1}{x^2 + x + 1} = \frac{(x^2 + x + 1)(x^2 - x + 1)}{x^2 + x + 1} = x^2 - x + 1.$$

6.
$$\frac{x^6 + 2x^3y^3 + y^6}{x^6 - y^6} = \frac{(x^3 + y^5)(x^3 + y^3)}{(x^3 + y^3)(x^3 - y^3)} = \frac{x^3 + y^3}{x^3 - y^3}.$$

7.
$$x^3 - 4x^2 + 9x - 10$$
) $x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 20$ (1
 $x^3 - 4x^2 + 9x - 10$

$$6x^2 - 12x + 30$$

Divide by 6; x^2-2x+5) $x^3-4x^2+9x-10(x-2)$ Hence x^2-2x+5 is the H. C. F.

8.
$$x^3 - 5x^2 + 11x - 15$$
) $x^3 - x^2 + 3x + 5$ (1

$$x^3 - 5x^2 + 11x - 15$$

$$4x^2 - 8x + 20$$

Divide by 4; $x^2 - 2x + 5$) $x^3 - 5x^2 + 11x - 15(x - 3)$ Hence $x^2 - 2x + 5$ is the H. C. F.

Divide by 2; $4x^2 - 21x + 27$

Multiply divisor by 4;
$$4x^2 - 21x + 27$$
) $4x^3 - 32x^2 + 84x - 72$ ($x = \frac{4x^3 - 21x^2 + 27x}{-11x^2 + 57x - 73}$

Multiply by -4, and continue the division; $4x^{2}-21x+27)44x^{2}-228x+288(11)$ $\underline{44x^{2}-231x+297}$ 3x-9

Divide by 3; x-3) $4x^2-21x+27(4x-9)$ Hence x-3 is the H. C. F.

10. The H. C. F. is x-2, see the work in xxxviii. 6.

11.
$$x^4 - x^3y - xy^3 - y^4$$
) $x^4 + x^3y + xy^3 - y^4$ (1
$$\frac{x^4 - x^3y - xy^3 - y^4}{2x^3y + 2xy^3}$$

Divide by 2xy; $x^2 + y^2$) $x^4 - x^3y - xy^3 - y^4$ ($x^2 - xy - y^2$).

12.
$$a^3 - 3a + 2$$
) $a^3 + 4a^2 - 5$ (1
 $a^3 - 3a + 2$
 $a^3 - 3a - 7$

Multiply divisor by 4; $4a^2+3a-7$) $4a^3-12a+8$ (a $\frac{4a^3+3a^2-7a}{-3a^2-5a+8}$

Multiply by -4 and continue the division;

$$\begin{array}{r}
 12a^2 + 20a - 32(3) \\
 12a^2 + 9a - 21 \\
 \hline
 11a - 11
 \end{array}$$

Divide by 11; a-1) $4a^2+3a-7(4a+7.$

13.
$$b^3 - 6b + 5$$
) $b^3 + 4b^2 - 5b$ (1
$$\frac{b^3 - 6b + 5}{4b^2 + b} - 5$$

Multiply divisor by 4;
$$4b^2+b-5$$
) $4b^3-24b+20$ (b
$$\frac{4b^3+b^2-5b}{-b^2-19b+20}$$

Change signs;
$$b^2 + 19b - 20$$
) $4b^2 + b - 5$ (4

$$4b^2 + 76b - 80$$

$$-75b + 75$$

Hence the H. C. F. is found to be b-1.

14.
$$m^3 - 7m + 6$$
) $m^3 + 3m^2 - 4m$ (1

$$\frac{m^3 - 7m + 6}{3m^2 + 3m - 6}$$

Divide by 3; $m^2 + m - 2$) $m^3 - 7m + 6(m - 1)$ $\frac{m^3 + m^2 - 2m}{-m^2 - 5m + 6}$ $-m^2 - m + 2$

$$-4m + 4$$

Hence the H, C. F. is found to be m-1.

15.
$$a^3+1$$
) a^3+2a^2+2a+1 (1
$$a^3 +1$$

$$2a^2+2a$$

Divide by 2a, and H. C. F. is found to be a+1.

16.
$$\frac{3ax^2 - 13ax + 14a}{7x^3 - 17x^2 + 6x} = \frac{a(3x^2 - 13x + 14)}{x(7x^3 - 17x + 6)}$$
$$3x^3 - 13x + 14) 21x^2 - 51x + 18(7)$$
$$21x^2 - 91x + 98$$
$$40x - 80$$

Whence H. C. F. of $3x^2-13x+14$ and $7x^2-17x+6$ is found to be x-2.

17.
$$\frac{14x^3 - 34x + 12}{9ax^3 - 39ax + 42a} = \frac{2(7x^3 - 17x + 6)}{3a(3x^2 - 13x + 14)};$$

and as in the preceding question, the H. C. F. is found to be x-2.

18.
$$\frac{10a - 24a^2 + 14a^3}{15 - 24a + 3a^2 + 6a^3} = \frac{2a(5 - 12a + 7a^2)}{3(5 - 8a + a^2 + 2a^3)}$$

$$5 - 12a + 7a^2)5 - 8a + a^2 + 2a^3(1)$$

$$\frac{5 - 12a + 7a^2}{4a - 6a^2 + 2a^3}$$

Divide by 2a; $2-3a+a^2=(1-a)(1-2a)$ Hence the H. C. F. is found to be 1-a.

$$19. \frac{2ab^{3} + ab^{2} - 8ab + 5a}{7b^{3} - 12b^{2} + 5b} = \frac{a(2b^{3} + b^{2} - 8b + 5)}{b(7b^{2} - 12b + 5)}$$

$$7b^{2} - 12b + 5)14b^{3} + 7b^{2} - 56b + 35(2b)$$

$$14b^{3} - 24b^{2} + 10b$$

$$31b^{2} - 66b + 35$$

$$\frac{7}{217b^{2} - 462b + 245(31)}$$

$$217b^{2} - 372b + 155$$

$$-90b + 90$$

Hence the H. C. F. is found to be b-1.

20.
$$a^3 - 4a^2 + 6a - 4$$
) $a^3 - 3a^2 + 3a - 2$ (1
$$\frac{a^3 - 4a^2 + 6a - 4}{a^2 - 3a + 2}$$
) $a^3 - 4a^2 + 6a - 4$ ($a - 1$)
$$\frac{a^3 - 3a^2 + 2a}{-a^2 + 4a - 4}$$

$$\frac{-a^2 + 3a - 2}{a - 2}$$

Hence we find a-2 to be the H. C. F.

21.
$$\frac{3x^2 + 2x - 1}{x^3 + x^2 - x - 1} = \frac{(3x - 1)(x + 1)}{(x^2 - 1)(x + 1)} = \frac{3x - 1}{x^2 - 1}$$

22.
$$\frac{a^2-a-20}{a^2+a-12} = \frac{(a-5)(a+4)}{(a-3)(a+4)} = \frac{a-5}{a-3}$$

23.
$$x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x - 2$$
) $x^3 - x^3 - 2x + 2$ (1
 $x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x - 2$
 $2x^3 - 6x + 4$
Divide by 2; $x^3 - 3x + 2$) $x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x - 2$ (x
 $x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x$
 $2x - 2$

Hence we find x-1 to be the H. C. F.

24.
$$x^{3} + y^{3} + z^{3} + 2xy + 2xz + 2yz + z^{3} - 2yz + y^{3} + x^{3} - 2xz + z^{3} + y^{3} - 2xy + x^{3}$$

$$x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2}$$

$$= \frac{3x^{3} + 3y^{3} + 3z^{2}}{x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{3}} = 3.$$

25. Multiply the numerator by 7;

$$7x^{3} - 19x^{2} + 17x - 5) 14x^{4} - 7x^{3} - 63x^{2} + 91x - 35(2x)$$

$$14x^{3} - 38x^{3} + 34x^{2} - 10x$$

$$31x^{3} - 97x^{2} + 101x - 35$$

$$7$$

$$217x^{3} - 679x^{2} + 707x - 245(31)$$

$$217x^{3} - 589x^{2} + 527x - 155$$

$$-90x^{2} + 180x - 90$$

Divide by -90;
$$x^2 - 2x + 1$$
) $7x^3 - 19x^2 + 17x - 5$ $(7x - 5)$

$$\frac{7x^3 - 14x^2 + 7x}{-5x^2 + 10x - 5}$$

$$-5x^2 + 10x - 5$$

Hence $x^3 - 2x + 1$ is the H. C. F.

Divide by 5, and multiply the divisor by 3;

$$12x^3 - 23x^2 + 9x + 6)24x^4 - 90x^3 + 93x^2 - 36(2x)$$

$$\underline{12x^4 - 46x^3 + 18x^2 + 12x}$$

$$\underline{-44x^3 + 75x^3 - 12x - 36}$$

Multiply by -3, and continue the division;

$$\begin{array}{r}
 132x^3 - 225x^2 + 36x + 108(11) \\
 132x^3 - 253x^2 + 99x + 66 \\
 \hline
 28x^3 - 63x + 42
 \end{array}$$

Divide by 7; $4x^3 - 9x + 6$; $12x^3 - 23x^2 + 9x + 6$; (3x + 1) Hence $4x^2 - 9x + 6$ is the H. C. F.

27.
$$\frac{4x^2 - 12ax + 9a^2}{8x^3 - 27a^3} = \frac{(2x - 3a)(2x - 3a)}{(2x - 3a)(4x^2 + 6ax + 9a^2)}.$$

28.
$$6x^3 - 23x^2 + 16x - 3$$
) $6x^3 - 17x^2 + 11x - 2$ (1 $6x^3 - 23x^2 + 16x - 3$

$$6x^2 - 5x + 1$$

$$6x^3 - 5x + 1)6x^3 - 23x^2 + 16x - 3(x - 3)$$

Hence
$$6x^2-5x+1$$
 is the H. C. F.

Divide by 4; x^3-3x+2) $x^3-6x^2+11x-6$ (x-3) Hence x^2-3x+2 is the H. C. F.

30.
$$m^3 + m^2 + m - 3$$
) $m^3 + 3m^2 + 5m + 3(1)$

$$\frac{m^3 + m^2 + m^2 - 3}{2m^2 + 4m + 6}$$

Divide by 2; $m^2 + 2m + 3 m^3 + m^2 + m - 3 (m - 1)$ Hence $m^2 + 2m + 3$ is the H. C. F.

$$31. \ \frac{x^5 + 5x^4 - x^3 - 5x}{x^4 + 3x^3 - x - 3} = \frac{x^4(x+5) - x(x+5)}{x^3(x+3) - (x+3)} = \frac{(x+5)(x^3-1)x}{(x+3)(x^3-1)} = \frac{x^3 + 5x}{x+3}.$$

32.
$$\frac{a^2 - b^2 - 2bc - c^2}{a^2 + 2ab + b^2 - c^2} = \frac{a^2 - (b^2 + 2bc + c^2)}{(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) - c^2} = \frac{a^2 - (b + c)^2}{(a + b)^2 - c^2}$$
$$= \frac{(a + b + c)(a - b - c)}{(a + b + c)(a + b - c)} = \frac{a - b - c}{a + b - c}.$$

33. Multiply the numerator by 3;

$$9a^2 + 3ab - 2b^2$$
) $45a^2 + 3ab - 6b^2$ (5
 $45a^2 + 15ab - 10b^2$

$$-12ab + 4b^2$$

Divide by -4b; $3a-b)9a^2+3ab-2b^2(3a+2b)$ Hence 3a-b is the H. C. F.

34.
$$x^3 - 7x + 10 = (x - 5)(x - 2)$$

x-5 is clearly not a factor of the denominator;

$$x-2)2x^2-x-6(2x+3)$$

Hence x-2 is the H. C. F.

35.
$$x^3 + 3x^3 + 4x + 12$$
) $x^3 + 4x^2 + 4x + 3$ (1

$$\frac{x^3 + 3x^2 + 4x + 12}{2}$$

$$x^2 - 9$$

Divide by x-3; x+3) $x^3+3x^2+4x+12(x^2+4)$ Hence x+3 is the H. C. F.

36.
$$2x^3 - x - 1$$
) $2x^4 - 2x^2 - 4x + 4$) x

$$\frac{2x^4 - x^2 - x}{-x^2 - 3x + 4}$$

Change signs; $x^2+3x-4=(x+4)(x-1)$ Divide by x+4; $x-1)2x^3-x-1(2x^2+2x+1)$

Hence x-1 is the H. C. F.

37.
$$3x^3 - 4x - 15$$
) $3x^3 - 6x^2 - 45x + 108$ (x) $3x^3 - 4x^2 - 15x$

$$-2x^2-30x+108$$

Divide by -2; $x^2 + 15x - 54 = (x+18)(x-3)$ Divide by x+18; $x-3)3x^2-4x-15(3x+5)$

Hence x-3 is the H. C. F.

38.
$$3x^3 + x^2 - 5x + 21$$
) $6x^3 + 29x^2 + 26x - 21$ (2
$$\frac{6x^3 + 2x^2 - 10x + 42}{27x^2 + 36x - 63}$$
Divide by 9; $3x^2 + 4x - 7$) $3x^3 + x^3 - 5x + 21$ ($x - 1$)
$$\frac{3x^3 + 4x^2 - 7x}{-3x^2 + 2x + 21}$$

$$\frac{-3x^3 - 4x + 7}{6x + 14}$$
Divide by 9: $3x + 7$ $3x^3 + 4x - 7$ ($x - 1$)

Divide by 2; $3x+7)3x^2+4x-7(x-1)$ Hence 3x+7 is the H. C. F.

39.
$$4x^3 - 3x^3 - 8x - 1$$
) $4x^4 - 4x^3 - 16x^2 - 4x + 4$ (x)
$$4x^4 - 3x^3 - 8x^3 - x$$

$$- x^3 - 8x^2 - 3x + 4$$
Change signs; $x^3 + 8x^2 + 3x - 4$) $4x^3 - 3x^2 - 8x - 1$ ($4x^3 + 32x^2 + 12x - 16$

Divide by -5; $7x^2+4x-3=(7x-3)(x+1)$ Divide by 7x-3; $x+1)x^3+8x^2+3x-4(x^2+7x-4)$ Hence x+1 is the H. C. F.

 $-35x^2-20x+15$

$$40. \ a^{3}-7a^{2}+16a-12)3a^{3}-14a^{2}+16a(3)\\ \underline{3a^{3}-21a^{2}+48a-36}\\ 7a^{2}-32a+36}\\ 7a^{2}-32a+36)7a^{3}-49a^{2}+112a-84(a)\\ \underline{7a^{3}-32a^{2}+36a}\\ -17a^{2}+76a-84\\ \underline{7\\ -119a^{2}+532a-588(-17\\ \underline{-119a^{2}+544a-612}\\ -12a+24}$$

Hence we find a-2 to be the H. C. F.

XLIL

1.
$$\frac{a-b}{a^2+ab} \times \frac{a^2-b^2}{a^2-ab} = \frac{(a-b)(a+b)(a-b)}{a(a+b)a(a-b)} = \text{etc.}$$

2.
$$\frac{x^3+4x}{x^3-3x} \times \frac{4x^2-12x}{3x^3+12x} = \frac{x(x+4)4x(x-3)}{x(x-3)3x(x+4)} = \text{etc.}$$

3.
$$\frac{x^3 + 3x + 2}{x^3 - 5x + 6} \times \frac{x^3 - 7x + 12}{x^3 + x} = \frac{(x + 2)(x + 1)(x - 3)(x - 4)}{(x - 2)(x - 3)x(x + 1)} = \text{etc.}$$

4-
$$\frac{x^3+x-2}{x^2-7x} \times \frac{x^3-13x+42}{x^2+2x} = \frac{(x+2)(x-1)(x-7)(x-6)}{x(x-7)x(x+2)} = \text{etc.}$$

5.
$$\frac{x^3 - 11x + 30}{x^3 - 6x + 9} \times \frac{x^3 - 3x}{x^2 - 5x} = \frac{(x - 6)(x - 5)x(x - 3)}{(x - 3)(x - 3)x(x - 5)} = \text{etc.}$$

6.
$$\frac{x^3-4}{x^3+5x} \times \frac{x^3-25}{x^3+2x} = \frac{(x+2)(x-2)(x+5)(x-5)}{x(x+5)x(x+2)} = \text{etc.}$$

7.
$$\frac{(a-3)(a-1)}{(a-4)(a-1)} \times \frac{(a-5)(a-4)}{(a-7)(a-3)} \times \frac{a(a-7)}{a(a-5)} = 1$$
.

8.
$$\frac{(b-6)(b-1)}{(b+4)(b-1)} \times \frac{(b+4)(b+6)}{(b-8)(b-6)} \times \frac{b^2(b-8)}{b(b+6)} = b.$$

9.
$$\frac{(x+y)(x-y)}{(x-y)(x-2y)} \times \frac{y(x-2y)}{x(x+y)} \times \frac{x(x-y)}{(x-y)(x-y)} = \frac{y}{x-y}$$

10.
$$\frac{(a+b+c)(a+b-c)}{(a+b-c)(a-b+c)} \times \frac{(c+a-b)(c-a+b)}{(c+a+b)(c-a-b)} = \frac{c-a+b}{c-a-b}$$

11.
$$\frac{(x-m+n)(x-m-n)}{(x-n+m)(x-n-m)} \times \frac{(x+n-m)(x-n+m)}{(x+m-n)(x-m+n)} = \frac{x-m+n}{x+m-n}$$

12.
$$\frac{(a+b+c+d)(a+b-c-d)}{(a+c+b+d)(a+c-b-d)} \times \frac{(a-b+d-c)(a-b-d+c)}{(a-c+d-b)(a-c-d+b)} = 1.$$

13.
$$\frac{(x^3 - 2xy + y^3) - z^2}{(x^3 + 2xy + y^3) - z^2} \times \frac{x + y - z}{x - y + z} = \frac{(x - y + z)(x - y - z)(x + y - z)}{(x + y + z)(x + y - z)(x - y + z)} = \text{etc.}$$

XLIII.

$$1. \ \frac{2a}{x} \times \frac{5c}{3b} = \frac{10ac}{3bx}.$$

$$2. \ \frac{15y}{14z} \times \frac{7z}{5y^2} = \frac{3}{2y}.$$

$$3. \ \frac{8x^4y}{15ab^3} \times \frac{30ab^2}{2x^8} = \frac{8xy}{b}.$$

$$4 \cdot \frac{4a}{nx} \times \frac{1}{3ab} = \frac{4}{3bnx}.$$

5.
$$\frac{3p}{2(p-1)} \times \frac{p-1}{2p} = \frac{3}{4}$$
.
6. $1 \times \frac{5x}{4a} = \frac{5x}{4a}$.
7. $\frac{5x}{7} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5x}{14}$.
8. $\frac{1}{(x-1)(x-2)} \times \frac{x-1}{1} = \frac{1}{x-2}$.
9. $\frac{1}{(x-15)(x-2)} \times \frac{x-15}{1} = \frac{1}{x-2}$.

XLV.

1.
$$x^2 = x \times x$$
; $ax + x^2 = x(a + x)$; ... L. C. M. is $x \times x(a + x)$.

2.
$$x^2-1=(x+1)(x-1)$$
; $x^2-x=x(x-1)$; ... L. C. M. is $(x+1)(x-1)x$.

3.
$$a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$$
; $a^2 + ab = a(a+b)$; ... L. C. M. is $(a+b)(a-b)a$.

4.
$$4x^2-1=(2x-1)(2x+1)$$
; ... L. C. M. is $4x^2-1$.

5.
$$a^3 + b^3 = (a+b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$
; ... L. C. M. is $a^3 + b^3$.

6.
$$x^2-1=(x+1)(x-1)$$
; ... L. C. M. is x^2-1 .

7.
$$x^3 - 1 = (x - 1)(x^2 + x + 1)$$
; ... L. C. M. is $(x + 1)(x^3 - 1)$.

8.
$$x^3 + 1 = (x+1)(x^2 - x + 1)$$
; ... L. C. M. is $(x^2 + 1)(x^3 + 1)$.

9.
$$x^3-1=(x+1)(x-1)$$
; $x^3-1=(x-1)(x^2+x+1)$;
.: L. C. M. is $(x+1)(x-1)(x^2+x+1)$.

10.
$$x^4 - 1 = (x^2 + 1)(x^2 - 1)$$
; ... L. C. M. is $x^4 - 1$.

11.
$$x^2 - x = x(x-1)$$
; $x^3 - 1 = (x-1)(x^2 + x + 1)$; $x^3 + 1 = (x+1)(x^3 - x + 1)$;
 \therefore L. C. M. is $x(x-1)(x^2 + x + 1)(x+1)(x^2 - x + 1)$, etc.

12.
$$x^2-1=(x+1)(x-1)$$
; $x^2-x=x(x-1)$; $x^3-1=(x-1)(x^2+x+1)$;
 \therefore L. C. M. is $(x+1)(x-1)x(x^2+x+1)$, etc.

13.
$$4a^2-1=(2a+1)(2a-1)$$
; $8a^3+1=(2a+1)(4a^2-2a+1)$;
.: L. C. M. is $(2a+1)(2a-1)(4a^2-2a+1)$, etc.

14.
$$2x^2 + 2xy = 2x(x+y)$$
; ... L. C. M. is $2x^2 + 2xy$.

15.
$$a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$$
; ... L. C. M. is $(a+b)(a+b)(a-b)$.

16.
$$a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$$
; ... L. C. M. is a^2-b^2 .

17.
$$2(1-x^2) = 2(1+x)(1-x)$$
; ... L. C. M. is $4(1+x)(1-x)$.

18.
$$x^3-1=(x-1)(x^2+x+1)$$
; ... L. C. M. is x^3-1 .

19. L. C. M. is
$$(a-b)(a-c)(b-c)$$
.

20. L. C. M. is
$$(x+1)(x+2)(x+3)$$
.

21.
$$x^3-y^3=(x+y)(x-y)$$
;

.: L. C. M. is
$$(x+y)(x-y)(x+y)(x-y)$$
.

22.
$$a^2-1=(a+1)(a-1)$$
; ... L. C. M. is $(a+3)(a+1)(a-1)$.

23.
$$x(x^2-y^2)=x(x+y)(x-y)$$
; ... L. C. M. is $x^2(x-y)(x+y)$.

24. L. C. M. is
$$(x+1)(x+3)(x+2)(x+4)$$
.

25.
$$x^3 - y^2 = (x + y) (x - y)$$
; $12(x^3 + y^3) = 12(x + y) (x^2 - xy + y^2)$;
 \therefore L. C. M. is $12(x + y) (x - y) (x - y) (x^2 - xy + y^2)$.

26.
$$6(x^3 + xy) = 6x(x + y)$$
; $8(xy - y^2) = 8y(x - y)$; $10(x^3 - y^2) = 10(x + y)(x - y)$; \therefore L. C. M. is $120xy(x + y)(x - y)$.

XLVI.

1.
$$x^3 + 5x + 6 = (x+2)(x+3)$$

 $x^2 + 6x + 8 = (x+2)(x+4)$.

2.
$$a^2-a-20=(a-5)(a+4)$$

 $a^2+a-12=(a-3)(a+4)$.

3.
$$x^2 + 3x + 2 = (x+1)(x+2)$$

 $x^2 + 4x + 3 = (x+1)(x+3)$.

4.
$$x^3 + 11x + 30 = (x+5)(x+6)$$

 $x^3 + 12x + 35 = (x+5)(x+7)$

5.
$$x^2 - 9x - 22 = (x - 11)(x + 2)$$

 $x^2 - 13x + 22 = (x - 11)(x - 2)$.

6.
$$2x^2 + 3x + 1 = (2x+1)(x+1)$$

 $x^3 - x - 2 = (x-2)(x+1)$.

7.
$$x^3 + x^2y + xy + y^2 = (x^2 + y)(x + y)$$

 $x^4 - y^4 = (x^2 + y^3)(x + y)(x - y)$.

8.
$$x^2 - 8x + 15 = (x - 3)(x - 5)$$

 $x^2 + 2x - 15 = (x - 3)(x + 5)$.

$$\frac{42x^2 - 52x + 16}{-161x + 92}$$

Divide by
$$-23$$
; $7x-4)21x^2-26x+8(3x-2)$
 \therefore L. C. M. is $(3x-2)(7x^3-4x^2-21x+12)$
or $(3x-2)(7x-4)(x^2-3)$.

10.
$$x^3 + x^2y + xy^2 + y^3 = (x^2 + y^2)(x + y)$$

 $x^3 - x^2y + xy^2 - y^3 = (x^2 + y^2)(x - y)$.

II.
$$a^3 - 2a^2b - ab^2 + 2b^3$$
) $a^3 + 2a^2b - ab^2 - 2b^3$ (1
$$\frac{a^3 - 2a^2b - ab^2 + 2b^3}{4a^2b - 4b^3}$$

Divide by 4b;
$$a^2 - b^2 a^3 - 2a^2b - ab^2 + 2b^3 (a - 2b \cdot ...)$$
 L. C. M. is $(a - 2b) (a^3 + 2a^2b - ab^2 - 2b^3)$ or $(a - 2b) (a^2 - b^2) (a + 2b)$.

XLVIL

1.
$$x^3 - 3x + 2 = (x - 1)(x - 2)$$

 $x^3 - 4x + 3 = (x - 1)(x - 3)$
 $x^3 - 5x + 4 = (x - 1)(x - 4)$.

2.
$$x^3 + 5x + 4 = (x+1)(x+4)$$

 $x^3 + 4x + 3 = (x+1)(x+3)$
 $x^3 + 7x + 12 = (x+3)(x+4)$.

3.
$$x^2 - 9x + 20 = (x - 4)(x - 5)$$

 $x^3 - 12x + 35 = (x - 7)(x - 5)$
 $x^3 - 11x + 28 = (x - 4)(x - 7)$

4.
$$6x^3-x-2$$
) $42x^3-34x+4$ (7
$$\frac{42x^3-7x-14}{-27x+18}$$

Divide by -9; $3x-2)6x^3-x-2(2x+1)$.

Hence L. C. M. of first two expressions is

$$(2x+1)(21x^2-17x+2)$$
, or $42x^3-13x^2-13x+2$.

We have now to find the L. C. M. of this and $14x^2 + 5x - 1$.

$$14x^{3} + 5x - 1)42x^{3} - 13x^{2} - 13x + 2(3x - 2)$$

$$42x^{3} + 15x^{2} - 3x$$

$$-28x^{2} - 10x + 2$$

$$-28x^{3} - 10x + 2$$

.: L. C. M. is $(3x-2)(14x^2+5x-1)$, etc.

5.
$$x^2 - 1 = (x+1)(x-1)$$

 $x^2 + 2x - 3 = (x+3)(x-1)$
 $6x^2 - x - 2 = (3x-2)(2x+1)$.

6.
$$x^3 - 27 = (x - 3)(x^2 + 3x + 9)$$

 $x^3 - 15x + 36 = (x - 3)(x - 12)$
 $x^3 - 3x^2 - 2x + 6 = x^2(x - 3) - 2(x - 3) = (x^3 - 2)(x - 3)$

XLVIII.

- 1. L. C. D. 20; new numerators 15x, 16x.
- 2. L. C. D. 18; new numerators 9x-21, 4x-9.
- 3. L. C. D. $10x^2$; new numerators 4x 8y, $3x^2 8xy$.
- 4. L. C. D. $10a^2$; new numerators 20a + 25b, $6a^2 8ab$.
- 5. L. C. D. $60a^2c$; new numerators $48a^2 60ac$, 15a 10c.
- 6. L. C. D. a^3b^2 ; new numerators $ab-b^2$, a^4-a^3b .
- 7. L. C. D. $1-x^3$; new numerators 3-3x, 3+3x.
- 8. L. C. D. $1-y^4$; new numerators $2+2y^2$, $2-2y^2$.
- 9. L. C. D. $1-x^2$; new numerators 5+5x, 6.
- 10. L. C. D. c(b+x); new numerators ab+ax, b.
- II. L. C. D. (a-b)(b-c)(a-c); new numerators a-c, b-c.
- 12. L. C. D. abc(a-b)(a-c)(b-c); new numerators $bc-c^2$, $ab-b^2$.

XLIX.

1.
$$\frac{12x+21}{15} + \frac{3x-4}{15} = \frac{15x+17}{15}$$

$$2.\ \frac{36a-48b}{84}-\frac{56a-28b+28c}{84}+\frac{91a-28c}{84}=\frac{71a-20b-56c}{84}.$$

3.
$$\frac{24x-18y}{42} + \frac{9x+21y}{42} - \frac{10x-4y}{42} + \frac{9x+2y}{42} = \frac{32x+9y}{42}$$
.

4.
$$\frac{30x - 20y}{50x} + \frac{25x - 35y}{50x} + \frac{16x^2 + 4xy}{50x} = \frac{16x^2 + 55x + 4xy - 55y}{50x}$$

5.
$$\frac{16x^3 - 28y^2}{12x^3} + \frac{6x^3 - 16xy}{12x^2} + \frac{5x^2 - 2x^2y}{12x^3} = \frac{27x^3 - 2x^2y - 16xy - 28y^2}{12x^3}.$$

$$6.\ \, \frac{180a^3+225b^2}{90b^2}+\frac{54ab+36b^2}{90b^2}+\frac{70b^2-20ab^2}{90b^3}=\frac{180a^2+54ab+331b^2-20ab^2}{90b^2}\, .$$

$$7. \ \frac{80x^3 + 100x^3}{60x^3} - \frac{36x^2 - 84x}{60x^2} + \frac{45}{60x^3} = \frac{80x^3 + 64x^2 + 84x + 45}{60x^3} \cdot$$

8.
$$\frac{70a^2 + 28ab}{42ac} - \frac{84c^2 - 63bc}{42ac} + \frac{18ab - 21bc}{42ac} = \frac{70a^2 + 46ab + 42bc - 84c^2}{42ac}$$
, etc.

9.
$$\frac{2ac+5c^2}{a^2c^2} + \frac{4a^2c-3ac^2}{a^2c^2} - \frac{5ac-2c^2}{a^2c^2} = \frac{4a^2c-3ac^2-3ac+7c^2}{a^2c^2}$$
, etc.

$$\text{lo, } \frac{3x^2y^3-4xxy}{x^3y^3} - \frac{5x^2y^3+7x^3}{x^2y^3} - \frac{6x^2y^2-11y^3}{x^3y^3} = \frac{11y^2-8x^2y^2-4xy-7x^2}{x^3y^3}.$$

II.
$$\frac{abc^3 - b^2c^3}{a^3b^2c^3} + \frac{4a^2bc - 5ab^2c}{a^3b^2c^3} + \frac{3a^4 - 7a^3b}{a^3b^2c^3} = \frac{3a^4 - 7a^3b + 4a^2bc - 5ab^2c + abc^2 - b^2c^3}{a^3b^2c^3}$$

L.

1.
$$\frac{x+5+x-6}{(x-6)(x+5)} = \frac{2x-1}{(x-6)(x+5)}$$
.

2.
$$\frac{x-3-(x-7)}{(x-7)(x-3)} = \frac{4}{(x-7)(x-3)}$$

3.
$$\frac{1-x+1+x}{(1+x)(1-x)} = \frac{2}{(1+x)(1-x)}$$

4.
$$\frac{x^2 + 2xy + y^2 - (x^2 - 2xy + y^2)}{(x+y)(x-y)} = \frac{4xy}{(x+y)(x-y)}.$$

5.
$$\frac{1+x-2}{(1+x)(1-x)} = \frac{x-1}{(1+x)(1-x)} = \frac{-(1-x)}{(1+x)(1-x)} = \frac{-1}{1+x}$$

6.
$$\frac{a(c+dx)-(ad-bc)x}{c(c+dx)} = \frac{ac+bcx}{c(c+dx)} = \frac{a+bx}{c+dx}$$

7.
$$\frac{x^2 - xy + x^2 + xy}{(x+y)(x-y)} = \frac{2x^2}{(x+y)(x-y)}$$

8.
$$\frac{x-y+x}{(x-y)^2} = \frac{2x-y}{(x-y)^2}.$$
9.
$$\frac{2(x+a)+3a}{(x+a)^2} = \frac{2x+5a}{(x+a)^2}$$
10.
$$\frac{a-x+a+x}{2a(a+x)(a-x)} = \frac{2a}{2a(a+x)(a-x)} = \frac{1}{(a+x)(a-x)}.$$

LI.

1.
$$\frac{1-a+1+a}{1-a^{2}} + \frac{2a}{1-a^{2}} = \frac{2+2a}{1-a^{2}} = \frac{2(1+a)}{1-a^{2}} = \frac{2}{1-a}.$$
2.
$$\frac{1+x-(1-x)}{1-x^{2}} + \frac{2x}{1+x^{2}} = \frac{2x}{1-x^{2}} + \frac{2x}{1+x^{2}} = \frac{2x+2x^{3}+2x-2x^{3}}{1-x^{4}} = \frac{4x}{1-x^{4}}.$$
3.
$$\frac{x+x^{3}-x^{3}}{1-x^{2}} + \frac{x}{1+x^{2}} = \frac{x}{1-x^{2}} + \frac{x}{1+x^{2}} = \frac{2x+x^{3}+x-x^{3}}{1-x^{4}} = \frac{2x}{1-x^{4}}.$$
4.
$$\frac{a+b-(a-b)}{a^{2}-b^{2}} - \frac{2b}{a^{2}+b^{2}} = \frac{2b}{a^{2}-b^{2}} - \frac{2b}{a^{2}+b^{2}} = \frac{2a^{2}b+2b^{3}-(2a^{2}b-2b^{3})}{a^{4}-b^{4}}$$

$$\frac{4b^{3}}{a^{4}-b^{4}} - \frac{4b^{3}}{a^{4}+b^{4}} = \frac{4a^{4}b^{3}+4b^{7}-(4a^{4}b^{3}-4b^{7})}{a^{3}-b^{8}} = \frac{8b^{7}}{a^{3}-b^{8}}.$$
5.
$$\frac{x^{3}+xy+y^{2}}{y(x+y)} + \frac{x^{2}}{x(x+y)} = \frac{x^{3}+xy+y^{2}}{y(x+y)} + \frac{x}{x+y} = \frac{x^{2}+xy+y^{2}+xy}{y(x+y)}$$

$$= \frac{(x+y)^{2}}{y(x+y)} = \frac{x+y}{y}.$$
6.
$$\frac{x^{2}-9+x^{3}-16}{(x+4)(x-3)} + \frac{x+5}{x+7} = \frac{2x^{3}-25x+14x^{2}-175+(x+5)(x^{2}+x-12)}{(x+4)(x-3)(x+7)}$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3}-25x+14x^{2}-175+x^{3}+6x^{2}-7x-60}{(x+4)(x-3)(x+7)}, \text{ etc.}$$

7.
$$\frac{x^3 - 4x + 3 + x^3 - 4x + 4}{(x - 2)(x - 3)} + \frac{x - 3}{x - 4} = \frac{2x^2 - 8x + 7}{(x - 2)(x - 3)} + \frac{x - 3}{x - 4}$$

$$= \frac{2x^3 - 16x^3 + 39x - 28 + (x - 3)(x^3 - 5x + 6)}{(x - 2)(x - 3)(x - 4)}$$

$$= \frac{2x^3 - 16x^3 + 39x - 28 + x^3 - 8x^2 + 21x - 18}{(x - 2)(x - 3)(x - 4)}, \text{ etc.}$$
8.
$$\frac{3x - 3a + 4a}{(x - a)^3} - \frac{5a^2}{(x - a)^3} = \frac{(3x + a)(x - a) - 5a^2}{(x - a)^3} = \frac{3x^2 - 2ax - a^2 - 5a^2}{(x - a)^3}$$

$$= \frac{3x^3 - 2ax - 6a^2}{(x - a)^3}.$$
9.
$$\frac{x + 2 - (x - 1)}{(x - 1)(x + 2)} - \frac{3}{(x + 1)(x + 2)} = \frac{3}{(x - 1)(x + 2)} - \frac{3}{(x + 1)(x + 2)}$$

$$= \frac{3x + 3 - (3x - 3)}{(x - 1)(x + 1)(x + 2)} = \frac{6}{(x - 1)(x + 1)(x + 2)}.$$
10.
$$\frac{x + 3}{(x + 1)(x + 2)(x + 3)} - \frac{3}{(x + 1)(x + 2)(x + 3)} = \frac{x}{(x + 1)(x + 2)(x + 3)}.$$
11.
$$\frac{x^2}{x^3 - 1} + \frac{x^2 + x}{x^3 - 1} + \frac{x^2 - x}{x^3 - 1} = \frac{3x^2}{x^3 - 1}.$$
12.
$$\frac{a + e}{(a + c)(a + d)(a + e)} - \frac{a + d}{(a + c)(a + d)(a + e)} = \frac{e - d}{(a + c)(a + d)(a + e)}.$$
13.
$$\frac{(a - b)(a + b) + (b - c)(b + c) + (c - a)(c + a)}{(b + c)(c + a)(a + b)}$$

$$= \frac{a^2 - b^2 + b^2 - c^2 + c^2 - a^2}{(b + c)(c + a)(a + b)} = 0.$$

14.
$$\frac{(x-a)^2 + (x-b)^2 - (a-b)^2}{(x-a)(x-b)} = \frac{x^2 - 2ax + a^2 + x^2 - 2bx + b^2 - a^2 + 2ab - b^2}{(x-a)(x-b)}$$
$$= \frac{2(x^2 - ax - bx + ab)}{x^2 - ax - bx + ab} = 2.$$

=0.

$$15. \frac{(x+y)^2 - 2xy}{y(x+y)} + \frac{x^2y - x^3}{y(x^2 - y^2)} = \frac{x^2 + y^3}{y(x+y)} + \frac{x^2y - x^3}{y(x^2 - y^2)}$$

$$= \frac{(x^3 + y^2)(x - y) + x^2y - x^3}{y(x^2 - y^2)} = \frac{x^3 + xy^2 - x^2y - y^3 + x^2y - x^3}{y(x^2 - y^2)}$$

$$= \frac{y^2(x - y)}{y(x^2 - y^2)} = \frac{y}{x + y}.$$

$$16. \frac{(a+b)(a-b) + (b+c)(b-c) + (c+a)(c-a)}{(b-c)(c-a)(a-b)}$$

$$= \frac{a^2 - b^2 + b^2 - c^2 + c^2 - a^2}{(b-c)(c-a)(a-b)} = 0.$$

$$17. \frac{x(x - y)}{x^3 - y^3} + \frac{2xy}{x^3 - y^3} = \frac{x^3 + xy}{x^3 - y^3}.$$

$$18. \frac{2b - 2c + 2a - 2b}{(a-b)(b-c)} + \frac{2}{c-a} = \frac{(2a - 2c)(c-a) + 2(a-b)(b-c)}{(a-b)(b-c)(c-a)};$$

$$\frac{(2a - 2c)(c-a) + 2(a-b)(b-c)}{(a-b)(b-c)(c-a)} + \frac{(a-b)^2 + (b-c)^2 + (c-a)^3}{(a-b)(b-c)(c-a)}$$

$$= \frac{(2ac - 2a^2 - 2c^3 + 2ac + 2ab - 2b^3 - 2ac + 2bc + (a^2 - 2ab + b^3 + b^3 - 2bc + c^2 - 2ac + a^2)}{(a-b)(b-c)(c-a)}$$

$$= 0.$$

$$19. \frac{(a+b)^2 - 2ab}{b(a+b)} + \frac{a^2b - a^3}{b(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{(a^2 + b^2)(a-b) + a^2b - a^3}{b(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$= \frac{a^3 + ab^2 - a^2b - b^3 + a^2b - a^3}{b(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{b^2(a-b)}{b(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{b}{a+b}.$$

$$20. \frac{(n+3) - 1 - (n+2)}{(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)} = 0.$$

$$21. \frac{(a^2 - bc)(b+c) + (b^2 - ac)(a+c) + (c^2 - ab)(a+b)}{(a+b)(a+c)(b+c)}$$

$$= \frac{a^2b + a^2c - b^2c - bc^2 + ab^2 - a^2c + b^2c - ac^2 + ac^2 - a^3b + bc^2 - ab^2}{(a+b)(a+c)(b+c)}$$

LIL

1.
$$\frac{x}{x-y} + \frac{x-y}{y-x} = \frac{x}{x-y} + \frac{-x+y}{x-y} = \frac{y}{x-y}.$$
2.
$$\frac{(3+2x)(2+x)}{4-x^3} - \frac{(2-3x)(2-x)}{4-x^3} + \frac{x^3-16x}{4-x^3} = \frac{2-x}{4-x^3} = \frac{1}{2+x}.$$
3.
$$\frac{x}{x+1} - \frac{-x}{x-1} + \frac{x^3}{x^3-1} = \frac{x^3-x-(-x^3-x)+x^3}{x^3-1} = \frac{3x^2}{x^3-1}.$$
4.
$$\frac{1}{6(y+1)} - \frac{1}{2(y-1)} + \frac{4}{3(1-y^2)} = \frac{y-1-3(y+1)}{6(y^3-1)} + \frac{-4}{3(y^3-1)}$$

$$= \frac{y-1-3y-3-8}{6(y^3-1)} = \frac{-2y-12}{6(y^3-1)} = \frac{2y+12}{6(1-y^2)} = \frac{y+6}{3(1-y^2)}.$$
5.
$$\frac{1}{(m-2)(m-3)} + \frac{-2}{(m-1)(m-3)} + \frac{1}{(m-1)(m-2)}$$

$$= \frac{m-1-2(m-2)+m-3}{(m-1)(m-2)(m-3)} = 0.$$
6.
$$\frac{1}{(a-b)(x+b)} + \frac{-1}{(a-b)(x+a)} = \frac{x+a-(x+b)}{(a-b)(x+a)(x+b)}.$$
7.
$$\frac{a^3+b^3}{(a+b)(a-b)} = \frac{2ab^2}{(a-b)(a^2+ab+b^2)} + \frac{2a^3b}{(a+b)(a^2-ab+b^3)}$$

$$= \frac{(a^2+b^2)(a^2+ab+b^2)-2ab^2(a+b)}{(a+b)(a-b)(a^2+ab+b^2)} + \frac{2a^2b}{(a+b)(a^2-ab+b^3)}$$

$$= \frac{a^4+a^2b^2+a^3b+ab^3+a^2b^2+b^4-2a^2b^2-2ab^3}{(a+b)(a-b)(a^2+ab+b^2)} + \frac{2a^2b}{(a+b)(a^2-ab+b^3)}$$

$$= \frac{a^4+a^2b-ab^3+b^4}{(a+b)(a-b)(a^2+ab+b^2)} + \frac{2a^2b}{(a+b)(a^2-ab+b^3)}$$

$$= \frac{a^4+a^3b-ab^3+b^4}{(a+b)(a^3-b)(a^2-ab+b^3)} + \frac{2a^2b}{(a+b)(a^3-ab+b^3)}$$

$$= \frac{a^4+a^3b-ab^3+b^4}{(a+b)(a^3-b)(a^2-ab+b^3)} + \frac{2a^2b}{(a+b)(a^3-ab+b^3)}$$

$$= \frac{(a^4 + a^3b - ab^3 + b^4)(a^3 - ab + b^3) + 2a^2b(a^3 - b^3)}{(a + b)(a^3 - b^3)(a^2 - ab + b^2)}$$

$$= \frac{a^6 + 2a^2b^4 - 2ab^5 + b^6 + 2a^6b - 2a^2b^4}{(a^3 - b^3)(a^3 + b^3)} = \frac{a^6 + 2a^6b - 2ab^5 + b^6}{a^6 - b^6}.$$
8.
$$\frac{1}{4(1+x)} - \frac{-1}{4(1-x)} + \frac{1}{2(1+x^2)} = \frac{1-x-(-1-x)}{4(1-x^2)} + \frac{1}{2(1+x^2)}$$

$$= \frac{2}{4(1-x^2)} + \frac{1}{2(1+x^2)} = \frac{1}{2(1-x^2)} + \frac{1}{2(1+x^2)} = \frac{1+x^2+1-x^2}{2(1-x^4)}$$

$$= \frac{2}{2(1-x^4)} = \frac{1}{1-x^4}.$$
9.
$$\frac{1}{(x-y)(y-z)} + \frac{-1}{(x-y)(x-z)} + \frac{1}{(x-z)(y-z)}$$

$$= \frac{(x-z)+(-y+z)+(x-y)}{(x-y)(y-z)(x-z)} = \frac{2(x-y)}{(x-y)(y-z)(x-z)} = \frac{2}{(x-z)(y-z)}.$$
10.
$$\frac{1}{a(a-b)(a-c)} + \frac{-1}{b(a-b)(b-c)} + \frac{1}{c(a-c)(b-c)}$$

$$= \frac{bc(b-c)+ac(-a+c)+ab(a-b)}{abc(a-b)(a-c)(b-c)}$$

$$= \frac{b^2c-bc^2-a^2c+ac^2+a^2b-ab^2}{abc(b^2c-bc^2-a^2c+ac^2+a^2b-ab^2)} = \frac{1}{abc}.$$

LIII.

1.
$$\frac{1}{(x+4)(x+5)} + \frac{1}{(x+7)(x+5)} = \frac{x+7+x+4}{(x+4)(x+5)(x+7)}$$

$$= \frac{2x+11}{(x+4)(x+5)(x+7)}.$$
2.
$$\frac{1}{(x-7)(x-6)} + \frac{1}{(x-9)(x-6)} = \frac{x-9+x-7}{(x-7)(x-6)(x-9)}$$

$$= \frac{2(x-8)}{(x-6)(x-7)(x-9)}.$$

3.
$$\frac{1}{(x+11)(x-4)} + \frac{1}{(x+11)(x-13)} = \frac{x-13+x-4}{(x-4)(x+11)(x-13)}$$
$$= \frac{2x-17}{(x-4)(x+11)(x-13)}.$$

4-
$$\frac{1}{(x+1)(x+2)} + \frac{2x}{(x+1)(x+3)} + \frac{1}{(x+2)(x+3)}$$

$$= \frac{x+3+2x(x+2)+x+1}{(x+1)(x+2)(x+3)} = \frac{2x^2+6x+4}{(x+1)(x+2)(x+3)}$$

$$= \frac{2(x^2+3x+2)}{(x^2+3x+2)(x+3)} = \frac{2}{x+3}.$$

5.
$$\frac{m^2 + mn + 2mn}{n(m+n)} - \frac{2mn}{(m+n)^2} = \frac{(m^2 + 3mn)(m+n) - 2mn^2}{n(m+n)^2}$$
$$= \frac{m^3 + 3m^2n + m^2n + 3mn^2 - 2mn^2}{n(m+n)^2} = \frac{m^3 + 4m^2n + mn^2}{n(m+n)^2}.$$

6.
$$\frac{(1+x)(1-x+x^3)+(1-x)(1+x+x^2)}{(1+x+x^2)(1-x+x^2)} - \frac{2}{1+x^2+x^4}$$
$$= \frac{1+x^3+1-x^3}{1+x^2+x^4} - \frac{2}{1+x^2+x^4} = 0.$$

7.
$$\frac{5+5x-6+6x}{3(1-x^2)} + \frac{7x}{3(1+x^2)} - \frac{-7x}{3(1-x^2)} = \frac{11x-1+7x}{3(1-x^2)} + \frac{7x}{3(1+x^2)}$$
$$= \frac{(18x-1)(1+x^2)+7x(1-x^2)}{3(1-x^4)} = \frac{18x+18x^3-1-x^2+7x-7x^3}{3(1-x^4)}$$
$$= \frac{11x^3-x^2+25x-1}{3(1-x^4)}.$$

8.
$$\frac{(3-x)+2(x-1)}{8(x-1)(3-x)} + \frac{1}{8(x-5)} + \frac{1}{(1-x)(x-3)(x-5)}$$
$$= \frac{(x+1)(x-5)+(x-1)(3-x)}{8(x-1)(3-x)(x-5)} + \frac{1}{(x-1)(3-x)(x-5)}$$

$$=\frac{x^3-4x-5+4x-x^3-3+8}{8(x-1)(3-x)(x-5)}=0.$$

9.
$$\frac{(1-x+x^2-x^3)(1+x)+x^4}{1+x} = \frac{1-x^4+x^4}{1+x} = \frac{1}{1+x}$$

LIV.

1. Multiply by 2; x = 16.

2. Multiply by 4; 3x = 36, x = 12.

3. Multiply by 15; 5x + 3x = 120; 8x = 120, x = 15.

4. Multiply by 28; 7x-4x=84; 3x=84, x=28.

5.
$$-\frac{4x}{9} = -28$$
; $\frac{4x}{9} = 28$, $\frac{x}{9} = 7$, $x = 63$.

6. Multiply by 15; 10x = 528 - 12x; 22x = 528; x = 24.

7. Multiply by 12; 8x+48=7x+108; x=60.

8.
$$\frac{2x}{3} + 6 = \frac{4x}{5}$$
; $10x + 90 = 12x$; $x = 45$.

9.
$$\frac{3x}{4} + 3 = \frac{5x}{6}$$
; $9x + 36 = 10x$; $x = 36$.

10.
$$\frac{7x}{8} = \frac{9x}{10} - 3$$
; $35x = 36x - 120$; $x = 120$.

11.
$$\frac{5x}{9} + \frac{7x}{12} = 82$$
; $20x + 21x = 82 \times 36$; $x = 72$.

12.
$$\frac{x}{6} + \frac{x}{8} = 28$$
; $4x + 3x = 28 \times 24$; $x = 96$.

13.
$$\frac{5x}{8} - \frac{3x}{4} = -8$$
; $5x - 6x = -64$; $x = 64$.

14.
$$9x + 360 - 10x = 348$$
; $-x = -12$; $x = 12$

15.
$$3x-44=2x-16$$
; $x=28$.

- 16. 6x+4x+3x=13; 13x=13; x=1.
- 17. Multiply by 70; 14x+28+10x-10=35x-70; -11x=-88; x=8.
- 18. Multiply by 12; 6x+4x=117-3x; 13x=117; x=9.
- 19. Multiply by 140; 35x + 315 + 40x = 84x 168 + 420; -9x = -63; x = 7.
- 20. Multiply by 105; 357 63x = 1015 385x + 140x + 70; 182x = 728; x = 4.
- 21. Multiply by 7; 2x-10=0; 2x=10; x=5.
- 22. Multiply by 329; 141x + 188 + 28x 357 = 0; 169x = 169; x = 1.
- 23. Multiply by x; 3-3x=1-x; -2x=-2; x=1.
- 24. Multiply by x; 12+x-5x=6; -4x=-6; $x=\frac{3}{4}$.
- 25. Multiply by 20; 5x + 2x + x = 800; 8x = 800; x = 100.
- 26. Multiply by 8; 18x + 12 4x = 29x 348; -15x = -360; x = 24.
- 27. Multiply by 100x; 275x 300 = 100 325x; 600x = 400; $x = \frac{2}{3}$.
- 28. Multiply by 90; 225 + 540 30x = 100x + 30 + 27 18x + 36; -112x = -672; x = 6.
- 29. Multiply by 12; 4x + 3x 10x 144 = 20x 696; -23x = -552; x = 24.
- 30. Multiply by 60; 42x+12-720-45x=36x+156-255x; 216x=864; x=4.

LV.

- 1. Multiply by 2; 10x-x-2=142; 9x=144; x=16.
- 2. Multiply by 3; 3x-3+x=17; 4x=20; x=5.
- 3. Multiply by 4; 5-2x+8=4x-12x+16; 6x=3; $x=\frac{1}{2}$.
- 4. Multiply by 4; 10x-5x=9-6+2x; 3x=3; x=1.
- 5. Multiply by 30; 60x-25x+20=210-6+12x; 23x=184; x=8.
- 6. Multiply by 36; 18x+36=56-27-45x; 63x=-7; $x=-\frac{1}{6}$.
- 7. Multiply by 48; 30x + 18 48 + 64x + 24x = 744 72 + 40x; 78x = 702; x = 9.
- 8. Multiply by 385; 55x + 275 77x + 154 = 35x + 315; -57x = -114; x = 2.
- 9. Multiply by 105; 35x+35-15x+60=21x+84; -x=-11; x=11.
- 10. Multiply by 24; 24x-72-3x-6=8x; 13x=78; x=6.
- 11. Multiply by 84; 12x+60=21x+42-28x+56; 19x=38; x=2.
- 12. Multiply by 33; 11x-3x+3=33x-297; -25x=-300; x=12.
- 13. Multiply by 70; 14x + 28 = 35x 70 10x + 10; -11x = -88; x = 8.
- 14. Multiply by 140; 35x+315-84x+168=420-40x; -9x=-63; x=7.
- 15. Multiply by 78; 39x+39-26x+78=6x+180; 7x=63; x=9.
- 16. Multiply by 35; 10x-7x-21=105x-735; -102x=-714; x=7.

- 17. Multiply by 154; 44x + 154 126x + 112 = 77x 847; -159x = -1113; x = 7.
- 18. Multiply by 572; 1001x 4433 176 330x = 182x 208; 489x = 4401; x = 9.
- 19. Multiply by 273; 728x 1365 429x + 39 = 147x + 42; 152x = 1368; x = 9.
- **20.** Multiply by 56; 49x + 63 24x 8 = 126x 182 996 + 36x; -137x = -1233; x = 9.
- 21. Multiply by 280; 28x + 2800x = 140x + 56x + 7x 400 + 40x + 26250; 2585x = 25850; x = 10.

LVL

1.
$$(a+b)x = c$$
; $x = \frac{c}{a+b}$.

2.
$$5bx - cx = 3c - 2a$$
; $(5b - c)x = 3c - 2a$, etc.

3.
$$ax + fx = a^2b - bc + d$$
; $(a+f)x = a^2b - bc + d$, etc.

4.
$$ax-5x=bc-dm$$
; $(a-5)x=bc-dm$, etc.

5.
$$-a^2x-ax=-a^2b-abc$$
; $ax+x=ab+bc$; $(a+1)x=b(a+c)$, etc.

6.
$$3acx - 12cdx = abc + 6bcd$$
; $(3a - 12d)x = ab + 6bd$, etc.

7.
$$3ackx - kx + ackx = -k^3 - 3k - k^3 + 3abk$$
;
 $3acx - x + acx = -k - 3 - k + 3ab$; $(4ac - 1)x = 3ab - 2k - 3$;
 $x = \frac{3ab - 2k - 3}{4ac - 1}$.

8.
$$abcx - cmx + ac^2x = ac^2 + abc - mc$$
;
 $abx - mx + acx = ac + ab - m$; $x = 1$.

9.
$$(a+b)^2-x^2=ab+(b-a)x-x^2-ab$$
; $x=\frac{(a+b)^2}{b-a}$.

10.
$$a^2 - x^2 = 2a^2 + 2ax - x^2$$
; $-2ax = a^2$; $x = -\frac{a}{2}$.

11.
$$a^4 + 2a^2x + x^2 = x^2 + 4a^2 + a^4$$
; $2a^2x = 4a^2$; $x = 2$.

12.
$$a^4 - x^2 = a^4 + 2ax - x^2$$
; $-2ax = 0$; $x = 0$.

13.
$$ax-b+ac=x+ac$$
; $ax-x=b$; $x=\frac{b}{a-1}$.

14.
$$2ax-3a+bx=1$$
; $2ax+bx=3a+1$; $x=\frac{3a+1}{2a+b}$.

15.
$$18a - 4ax + 2b = 3x$$
; $3x + 4ax = 18a + 2b$; $x = \frac{18a + 2b}{4a + 3}$.

16.
$$ax^2 - bx - 1 = ax^2 - a$$
; $-bx = 1 - a$; $x = \frac{a-1}{b}$.

17.
$$mp^2x + mx^3 = mpqx^2 + mx^3$$
; $mp^2x = mpqx^2$; $p = qx$; $x = \frac{p}{a}$

18.
$$dx - abd = ac - adx$$
; $dx + adx = abd + ac$; $x = \frac{abd + ac}{ad + d}$

19.
$$x^2-a-ax+x^3=2x^2-ab$$
; $-ax=a-ab$; $x=b-1$

20.
$$3bx - abc + cx^2 = 4bx - abc$$
; $cx^2 = bx$; $x = \frac{b}{c}$.

21.
$$a^3b + a^2x - b^3 + bx = b^2x - b^3 - a^3b + a^2x$$
; $bx - b^2x = -2a^3b$; $x = \frac{2a^3}{b-1}$.

22.
$$6ax-4b-3ax+3a=6ax-4b$$
; $-3ax=-3a$; $x=1$.

23.
$$abm^2 - b^2m - amx + bx = 0$$
; $(b - am)x = bm (b - am)$; $x = bm$.

24.
$$2a^3b^4 - b^3x + 3a^3bc = 3a^3cx (a+b) - ab^4 + 2a^2b^3x$$
;
 $-b^3x - 3a^3cx - 3a^2bcx - 2a^2b^3x = -3a^3bc - 2a^3b^4 - ab^4$;
 $x = \frac{3a^3bc + 2a^3b^4 + ab^4}{b^3 + 3a^3c + 3a^2bc + 2a^2b^3}$.

25.
$$acx^2 + abc - ac^2x + abx - acx^2 = 0$$
; $ac^2x - abx = abc$; $x = \frac{bc}{c^2 - h}$.

26.
$$ad^2 + ax^2 = acdx + ax^2$$
; $x = \frac{d}{c}$.

27.
$$ab = (bc+d) x+1$$
; $x = \frac{ab-1}{bc+d}$.

28.
$$3ac + cx = 3a^2 + ax + am - mx$$
; $cx - ax + mx = am - 3ac + 3a^2$;
$$x = \frac{am - 3ac + 3a^2}{c - a + m}$$
.

29.
$$ab + ax + bx + x^2 - ab - ac = \frac{a^2c}{b} + x^2$$
; $ax + bx = ac + \frac{a^2c}{b}$; $(a+b)x = \frac{(ab+a^2)c}{b}$; $x = \frac{ac}{b}$.

30.
$$a^2ce - a^2dx - 2abdx - b^2dx - abdx = a^2de - 3abdx$$
;
 $-a^2dx - b^2dx = a^2de - a^2ce$; $x = \frac{a^2e(c-d)}{(a^2+b^2)}\frac{1}{a}$.

LVII.

1.
$$(3x+7)(4x+3) = (3x+5)(4x+5)$$
;
 $12x^2+37x+21=12x^2+35x+25$; $2x=4$; $x=2$.

2.
$$(x+6)(2x-5) = x(2x+5)$$
; $2x^2+7x-30=2x^2+5x$; $2x=30$; $x=15$.

3.
$$(2x+7)(2x-1) = (4x-1)(x+2)$$
; $4x^2+12x-7=4x^2+7x-2$; $5x=5$; $x=1$.

4.
$$(5x-1)(2x-3) = (5x-3)(2x+3)$$
; $10x^2 - 17x + 3 = 10x^2 + 9x - 9$; $-26x = -12$; $x = \frac{6}{13}$.

5.
$$4x-3+2(3x-2)=0$$
; $4x-3+6x-4=0$; $10x=7$; $x=\frac{7}{10}$.

6.
$$2(1-2x)-5(1-5x)=0$$
; $2-4x-5+25x=0$; $21x=3$; $x=\frac{1}{7}$

7.
$$\frac{x+1+x-1}{x^2-1} = \frac{3}{x^3-1}$$
; $2x=3$; $x=\frac{3}{2}$.

8.
$$\frac{7x - 29}{5x - 12} = \frac{8x + 19}{18} - \frac{4x + 3}{9}; \frac{7x - 29}{5x - 12} = \frac{8x + 19 - 8x - 6}{18};$$
$$18(7x - 29) = 13(5x - 12); 126x - 522 = 65x - 156; 61x = 366;$$
$$x = 6.$$

9.
$$\frac{x}{3} - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{x^3 - 5x}{3x - 7}$$
; $(x - 2)(3x - 7) = 3(x^3 - 5x)$; $3x^3 - 13x + 14 = 3x^3 - 15x$; $2x = -14$; $x = -7$.

10.
$$\frac{(3x+2)(x+2)+(2x-4)(x-1)}{x^2+x-2}=5;$$

$$3x^2 + 8x + 4 + 2x^3 - 6x + 4 = 5x^3 + 5x - 10$$
; $-3x = -18$; $x = 6$.

11. Multiply by 210;
$$35(x+3)-30(11-x)=84(x-4)-10(x-3)$$
; $35x+105-330+30x=84x-336-10x+30$; $-9x=-81$; $x=9$.

12.
$$(x+1)(2x+2) = 2(x-3)(x+6)$$
; $2x^2 + 4x + 2 = 2x^2 + 6x - 36$; $-2x = -38$; $x = 19$.

13.
$$\frac{3x^{3}(2x+3)+2x+1}{6x^{2}+3x} = x+1; 6x^{3}+9x^{2}+2x+1 = (6x^{2}+3x)(x+1);$$
$$6x^{3}+9x^{2}+2x+1 = 6x^{3}+9x^{2}+3x; -x = -1; x = 1.$$

14.
$$\frac{3(x-1)-(x+1)(x+1)}{x^2-1} = \frac{-x^2}{x^2-1}$$
; $3x-3-x^2-2x-1 = -x^2$; $x=4$.

15.
$$\frac{2(1+x)+8(1-x)}{1-x^2} = \frac{45}{1-x^2}$$
; $2+2x+8-8x=45$; $-6x=35$; $x=-\frac{35}{8}$.

16.
$$\frac{4}{x-8} + \frac{3}{2(x-8)} - \frac{29}{24} = \frac{2}{3(x-8)}$$
; multiply by $24(x-8)$;
 $96 + 36 - 29x + 232 = 16$; $-29x = -348$; $x = 12$.

17.
$$x^4 - 4x^3 + 20x - 24 = x^4 - 4x^2 + 16x - 16$$
; $4x = 8$; $x = 2$.

18.
$$2x^4 + 2x^3 - 23x^2 + 31x = 2x^4 + 2x^3 - 23x^2 + 7x + 12$$
; $24x = 12$; $x = \frac{1}{2}$

19. Multiply by
$$16x$$
; $4x^2 - 16x = 4x^2 - 3x - \frac{13}{8}$; $-13x = -\frac{13}{8}$; $x = \frac{1}{8}$

20.
$$5-x\left(\frac{7x-4}{2x}\right) = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{8x-4}{4}$$
; $5-\frac{7x-4}{2} = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{4x-2}{2}$; $10-7x+4 = x-4x+2$; $-4x = -12$; $x = 3$.

LVIII.

1.
$$\frac{5x}{10} - 2 = \frac{25x}{100} + \frac{2x}{10} - 1$$
; $50x - 200 = 25x + 20x - 100$; $x = 20$.

2.
$$\frac{325x}{100} - \frac{51}{10} + x - \frac{75x}{100} = \frac{39}{10} + \frac{5x}{10}$$
; $325x - 510 + 100x - 75x = 390 + 50x$
 $300x = 900$; $x = 3$.

3.
$$\frac{125x}{1000} + \frac{x}{100} = 13 - \frac{2x}{10} + \frac{4}{10}$$
; $125x + 10x = 13000 - 200x + 400$; $335x = 13400$; $x = 40$.

4.
$$\frac{3x}{10} + \frac{1305x}{1000} + \frac{5x}{10} = \frac{2295}{100} - \frac{195x}{1000}$$
;
 $300x + 1305x + 500x = 22950 - 195x$; $2300x = 22950$; $x = \frac{459}{48}$.

5.
$$\frac{9x}{10} - \frac{x}{100} + \frac{5x}{1000} = \frac{117}{10}$$
; $200x - 10x + 5x = 11700$; $195x = 11700$; $x = 60$.

6.
$$\frac{24x}{10} - \frac{36x - 5}{50} = \frac{8x}{10} + \frac{89}{10}$$
; $120x - 36x + 5 = 40x + 445$; $44x = 440$; $x = 10$.

7.
$$\frac{24x}{10} - \frac{1075}{100} = \frac{25x}{100}$$
; $240x - 1075 = 25x$; $215x = 1075$; $x = 5$.

8.
$$\frac{5x}{10} + 2 - \frac{75x}{100} = \frac{4x}{10} - 11$$
; $50x + 200 - 75x = 40x - 1100$; $-65x = -1300$; $x = 20$.

9.
$$\frac{405}{900x} = 150$$
; $\frac{45}{100x} = 15$; $45 = 15x$; $x = 3$.

10.
$$\frac{25x}{10} - \frac{2+x}{7} \times \frac{-7}{4} = \frac{5}{10} - \frac{5x+3}{8}$$
; $\frac{5x}{2} + \frac{2+x}{4} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{5x+3}{8}$; $20x+4+2x=4-5x-3$; $27x=-3$; $x=-\frac{1}{9}$

11.
$$\frac{85}{20} - \frac{2}{10x} = \frac{17}{4} - \frac{10 - x}{10x}$$
; $85x - 4 = 85x - 20 + 2x$; $-2x = -16$; $x = 8$.

12.
$$\frac{48x}{600} - \frac{30 - 40x}{2} = 1993$$
; $8x - 1500 + 2000x = 199300$;

2008x = 200800; x = 100.

13.
$$\frac{20 - 30x}{15} + \frac{500x}{125} - \frac{2x - 3}{9} = \frac{10x - 20}{18} + \frac{25}{9};$$
$$\frac{4 - 6x}{3} + 4x - \frac{2x - 3}{9} = \frac{5x - 10}{9} + \frac{25}{9};$$

$$12-18x+36x-2x+3=5x-10+25$$
; $11x=0$; $x=0$.

14.
$$\frac{2408}{100x} + \frac{1}{x} \times \frac{4}{100} \times \frac{10x + 9}{10} = \frac{2412}{10}$$
; $\frac{2408}{100x} + \frac{40x + 36}{1000x} = \frac{2412}{10}$;

24080 + 40x + 36 = 241200x; 24116 = 241160x; x = 1.

15.
$$\frac{5x}{10} + \frac{45x - 75}{60} = \frac{12}{2} - \frac{3x - 6}{9}$$
; $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{3x - 5}{4} = 6 - \frac{x - 2}{3}$;

$$6x+9x-15=72-4x+8$$
; $19x=95$: $x=5$.

16.
$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{35x}{10x - 20} - \frac{24 - 3x}{8} = \frac{375x}{1000}$$
; $500 - \frac{3500x}{x - 2} - 3000 + 375x = 375x$; $-2500 = \frac{3500x}{x - 2}$; $-25x + 50 = 35x$; $50 = 60x$; $x = \frac{5}{6}$.

17.
$$\frac{15x}{100} + \frac{135x - 225}{600} = \frac{36}{20} - \frac{9x - 18}{90}$$
; $\frac{3x}{20} + \frac{45x - 75}{200} = \frac{18}{10} - \frac{x - 2}{10}$; $30x + 45x - 75 = 360 - 20x + 40$; $95x = 475$; $x = 5$.

LIX.

- 1. Let x be the number; then $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \frac{x}{5} = 95$, etc.
- 2. Let x be the number; then $\frac{x}{12} + \frac{x}{20} + \frac{x}{40} = 38$, etc.
- 3. Let x be the number; then $\frac{x}{4} \frac{x}{5} = 4$, etc.
- 4. Let x be the number; then $\frac{x}{25} \frac{x}{35} = 8$, etc.
- 5. Let x be one part; then 60-x is the other; and $\frac{x}{7} = \frac{60-x}{8}$, etc.
- 6. Let x be one part; then 50-x is the other;

and
$$\frac{x}{4} + \frac{5(50-x)}{6} = 40$$
, etc.

7. Let x be the greater; then 100-x is the less; and

$$\frac{x}{4} - \frac{100 - x}{3} = 11$$
, etc.

- **8.** Let x be the number; then $x \left(\frac{x}{3} + \frac{x}{10} + \frac{x}{12}\right) = 58$, etc.
- 9. Let x be the number; then $33 \frac{x}{4} \frac{x}{5} \frac{x}{10} = 0$, etc.

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10. Let x be the number; then
$$\frac{x}{4} + \frac{x}{5} + \frac{x}{6} = \frac{x}{2} + 112$$
, etc.

11. Let x be the number; then
$$\frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{3} + \frac{x}{4} + \frac{x}{12} + 30 = 2x$$
, etc.

12. Let x be the greater; then
$$x-8$$
 is the less; and $\frac{x}{x-8}=3$, etc.

13. Let x be the property in pounds; then
$$\frac{x}{7} = x - 1626$$
, etc.

14. Let x be the greater; then
$$x - 504$$
 is the less; and $\frac{x}{x - 504} = 15$, etc.

15. Let x be the greater; then
$$5760-x$$
 is the less; and $x-(5760-x)=\frac{x}{2}$ etc.

16. Let x be the number; then
$$x + \frac{x}{9} - 60 = 65 - x$$
, etc.

17. Let x be the greater; then
$$x-20$$
 is the less; and $\frac{x}{7} = \frac{x-20}{3}$, etc.

18. Let x be the less; then
$$31207 - x$$
 is the greater; and $\frac{31207 - x}{31207 - x} = 15 + \frac{1335}{31207}$, etc.

19. Let x be the age of the younger; then
$$27 - x$$
 is the age of the elder; and $\frac{27 - x}{x} = \frac{7}{2}$, etc.

20. Let x be the greater; then
$$237 - x$$
 is the less; and $237 - x = \frac{4x}{5}$, etc.

21. Let x be A's share; then
$$\frac{2x}{7}$$
 is B's share; and $x + \frac{2x}{7} = 1800$, etc.

22. Let x be one part; then
$$46-x$$
 is the other; and $\frac{x}{7}+\frac{46-x}{3}=10$, etc.

- 23. Let x be one part; then a-x is the other; and $\frac{x}{m} + \frac{a-x}{n} = b$, etc.
- 24. Let x be one number; then a-x is the other; and x-(a-x)=b, etc.
- 25. Let x be the number; then $\frac{4x}{3} = 24$, etc.
- 26. Let x be B's share; then $\frac{5x}{11}$ is A's share; and $x + \frac{5x}{11}$ is C's share; then $x + \frac{5x}{11} + x + \frac{5x}{11} = 864$, etc.
- 27. Let x be the property; then $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{6} + \frac{x}{12} + 600 = x$, etc.
- 28. Let x be the second; then 70-x is the first; and $\frac{70-x}{x} = 2 + \frac{1}{x}$, etc.
- 29. Let x be the first; then x+25 is the second; and $\frac{x+25}{2} = 4 + \frac{4}{2}.$
- 30. Let x be the greater; then 208-x is the less; and $\frac{x}{4} + \frac{208-x}{3} = 4\{x (208-x)\} 4$, etc.
- 31. Let x be the number of days; then $\frac{2x}{3} \frac{x}{2} = 13$, etc.
- 32. Let x be the number of gallons; then $\frac{4x}{5} 10 = \frac{2x}{3}$.
- 33. In 25 years the sum of their ages will be increased by 50 years; hence the sum of their ages at the present time is 50 years. Let x be the age of the father; then 50-x is the age of the

son; and the difference of their ages is x - (50 - x), or, 2x - 50. In 20 years the age of the father will be x + 20, and the age of the son 70 - x. Hence the sum in 20 years will be x + 20 + (70 - x), or, 90 years. Therefore, by the question, 2x - 50 = 30, or, x = 40.

- 34. Let x be the number of years; then $70-x=\frac{10}{3}$ (35-x), etc.
- 35. Let x be the number of years; then 72-x=5(48-x), etc.
- 36. Let x be the number of days; then $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{x}$, etc.
- 37. Let x be the number of days; then $\frac{1}{50} + \frac{1}{60} + \frac{1}{75} = \frac{1}{x}$, etc.
- 38. Let x be the number of days; then $\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{20}$ represents the part done daily by two men of A's strength, two of B's, and two of C's, working together. Hence A, B, and C together do $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{20}\right)$ daily.

$$\therefore \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{2}$$
 of $\frac{5+4+3}{60}$, or, $x = \frac{120}{12} = 10$.

- 39. Let x be the number of hours; then $\frac{1}{x}$ is the part A does hourly;
 - A and B do $\frac{1}{4}$ hourly; A and C do $\frac{5}{18}$ hourly;
 - \therefore B does $\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{x}$, and C does $\frac{5}{18} \frac{1}{x}$ hourly.
 - \therefore B and C do $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{18} \frac{2}{\pi}$ hourly.

Hence
$$\frac{7}{36} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{18} - \frac{2}{x}$$
, etc.

40. Let x be the number of days; then $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{4}{15} = \frac{1}{x}$, etc.

- 41. Let x be the number of days; then B will do the whole in 3x days.
 - ... B does $\frac{1}{3x}$ daily. Now A does $\frac{3}{50}$ daily, and in 3 days he does

$$\frac{9}{50}$$
, while B in 3 days does $\frac{1}{x}$.

Hence
$$\frac{9}{50} + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{2}{5}$$
, etc.

- 42. Let x be the number of hours; then $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{x}$, etc.
- 43. Let x be the number of hours; then $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{x}$, etc.
- 44. Let x be the number of minutes; then $\frac{1}{40} \frac{1}{60} = \frac{1}{x}$, etc.
- 45. Let x be the number of minutes; then $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c} = \frac{1}{x}$, etc.
- 46. The first pipe lets in 12 gall, in $\frac{13}{4}$ min., or, $\frac{48}{13}$ gall, in a min.

The second ,
$$\frac{46}{3}$$
 gall. in $\frac{5}{2}$ min., or, $\frac{92}{15}$ gall. in a min.

The third ,, 17 gall. in 3 min., or,
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 gall. in a min.

... All three together let in
$$\left(\frac{48}{13} + \frac{92}{15} + \frac{17}{3}\right)$$
 gall. in a min.

Let x be the number of minutes in which they fill the vessel;

then
$$x\left(\frac{48}{13} + \frac{92}{15} + \frac{17}{3}\right) = 755\frac{1}{4}$$
,

or,
$$\frac{2160x + 3588x + 3315x}{585} = \frac{3021}{4}$$
, or, $\frac{9063x}{585} = \frac{3021}{4}$,

or
$$\frac{3x}{585} = \frac{1}{4}$$
; $\therefore x = \frac{585}{19} = 48\frac{3}{4}$.

- 47. Let x be the number of gallons let in per minute by the third pipe; then x+10 and x-4 are the number of gallons let in by the other pipes; then 15(x+x+10+x-4) = 2400, etc.
- 48. Let x be the distance from Ely; then 16-x is the distance from Cambridge; and $\frac{x}{4\frac{1}{9}} = \frac{16-x}{\frac{60}{18}}$; $\frac{9x}{40} = \frac{9(16-x)}{30}$; 3x = 64-4x; $x = 9\frac{1}{9}$.
- 49. Let x be the distance up; then x is the distance down; and $\frac{x}{2\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{x}{3\frac{1}{4}} = 5$; $\frac{3x}{7} + \frac{2x}{7} = 5$; x = 7; and $\therefore 2x = 14$.
- 50. In 1 hour he walks $\frac{a}{b}$ miles; hence in c hours he walks $\frac{ac}{b}$ miles. He walks 1 mile in $\frac{b}{a}$ hours; hence he walks d miles in $\frac{bd}{a}$ hours.
- 51. Let x be the number of days; then 286x = 244(x+2), etc.
- 52. Let x be the number of hours; then $x \times \frac{22\frac{1}{2}}{3} = (x+8) \times \frac{31\frac{1}{2}}{5}$; $\frac{15x}{2} = \frac{63(x+8)}{10}$, etc.
- 53. Let x be the distance from Cambridge; 60-x is the distance from London; then $\frac{x}{4} = \frac{60-x}{3\frac{2}{4}}$; $\frac{x}{4} = \frac{240-4x}{15}$, etc.
- 54. Let x be the number of hours; then $\frac{5}{3} \times x = \frac{7}{5}(x+8)$; x=42. Hence 50 hours after A started.
- 55. (1.) Let the time be x minutes past 1; then $x = 5 + \frac{x}{12} + 30$, etc.
 - (2.) Let the time be x minutes past 4; then $x = 20 + \frac{x}{12} + 30$, etc.
 - (3.) Let the time be x minutes past 8; then $x + 30 = 40 + \frac{x}{12}$, etc.

- 56. (1.) Let the time be x minutes past 2; then $x=10+\frac{x}{12}+15$, etc.
 - (2.) Let the time be x minutes past 4; then there are two solutions, (a) $x+15=20+\frac{x}{12}$, etc. (β) $x=20+\frac{x}{12}+15$, etc.
 - (3.) Let the time be x minutes past 7; then there are two solutions, (a) $x+15=35+\frac{x}{12}$, etc. (β) $x=35+\frac{x}{12}+15$, etc.
- 57. (1.) Let the time be x minutes past 3; then $x = 15 + \frac{x}{12}$, etc.
 - (2.) Let the time be x minutes past 6; then $x = 30 + \frac{x}{12}$, etc.
 - (3.) Let the time be x minutes past 9; then $x = 45 + \frac{x}{12}$, etc.
- 58. Let 2x be the number of apples; he pays for them $\frac{4x}{5}$ pence. He sells x for $\frac{x}{2}$ pence, and x for $\frac{x}{3}$ pence.

Hence
$$\frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{3} = \frac{4x}{5} + 1$$
; $x = 30$; $2x = 60$.

59. Let x be the number of sovereigns he had at first.

Then he has $\frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$ left after the first gift;

and he has $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}$ left after the second gift.

Then
$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$
; $\frac{x-1}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$; $x = 3$.

60.
$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}+n}{3n+\frac{69}{3}} = \frac{1}{33}$$
; $\frac{2+3n}{9n+69} = \frac{1}{33}$; $66+99n = 9n+69$, etc.

61. Let x be the number of days; then x-3 is the number of days that the pursuing army is in motion; and 18x + 25 = 23(x-3), etc.

62. Let x be his original income in pounds; then $x - \frac{x}{40} - \frac{1}{13} \left(x - \frac{x}{40}\right) = 540$, etc.

- 63. Let x be the original sum; then first remainder is $\frac{x}{2} 50$, or, $\frac{x 100}{2}$; second remainder is $\frac{4}{5}$ of $\frac{x 100}{2} 30$, or, $\frac{2x 200 150}{5}$; third remainder is $\frac{3}{4}$ of $\frac{2x 350}{5} 20$, or, $\frac{6x 1050 400}{20}$; thus $\frac{6x 1450}{20} = 10$; 6x = 1650; x = 275.
- 64. Let 2x be the number of eggs bought; for x I gave $\frac{x}{2}$ pence, and for x I gave $\frac{x}{3}$ pence; and I sold 2x eggs for $\frac{4x}{5}$ pence.

 Thus $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{3} = \frac{4x}{5} + 1$; x = 30; 2x = 60.
- 65. Let x be the number of minutes in which C would fill it; then $\frac{1200}{x} = \text{number of gall. let in by C each minute; and therefore}$ $\frac{1200}{x} + 10 = \text{number of gall. let in by A and B each minute.}$ Hence $\frac{1200}{x} + 10 + \frac{1200}{x} = \frac{1200}{24}$; whence x = 60.

Thus A takes 90 minutes and C 60 minutes.

Also B lets in $\left(\frac{1200}{24} - \frac{1200}{90} - \frac{1200}{60}\right)$ gall. per minute, or, $50 - \frac{40}{3} - 20$, or, $\frac{50}{3}$ gall. per minute.

- .. B takes $1200 \div \frac{50}{3}$ minutes, or, 72 minutes to fill it.
- 66. Let x be the number of days B would take; then 2x is the number A would take.

Then $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2x}$ is the part A and B drink daily,

$$\therefore \frac{3}{4}$$
 of $\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2x}\right)$ is the part C drinks daily.

Then
$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2x} + \frac{3}{4x} + \frac{3}{8x} = \frac{1}{24}$$
; $x = 63$, etc.

67. Let x be the number of shots each fires.

Then $\frac{7x}{19}$ is the number of A's hits, and $\frac{9x}{19}$ of B's hits.

Thus
$$\frac{7x}{12} + \frac{9x}{12} = 32$$
; $x = 24$.

68. Let x be the number of horses; then 2x is the number of oxen, and 100-3x is the number of sheep. Reducing all the prices to shillings,

$$440x + 250 \times 2x + 30(100 - 3x) = 4700$$
; $x = 2$, etc.

69. Let x be the whole number of marks.

Then $\frac{x}{5}$ = number of marks obtained by B.

And $\frac{2x}{5}$ = number of marks assigned to book work in the paper.

Also $\frac{2x}{5}$ = number of marks obtained by A for riders.

$$\therefore \quad \frac{2x}{5} + \frac{2x}{5} = 160 \; ; \; x = 200.$$

70. Since the man made a mistake of 55 minutes, the distance between the hands was 5 minutes.

Let x be the number of minutes past 2.

Then
$$x+5=10+\frac{x}{12}$$
; $x=5\frac{5}{11}$.

71. Let x be the original force; then $\frac{5x}{6} - 4000 = \text{remainder}$ after the defeat.

Hence $\frac{5x}{6} - 1000 = \text{number after the reinforcement.}$

Then
$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{5x}{6} - 1000 \right) = 18000$$
; $\frac{5x}{8} - 750 = 18000$; $x = 30000$.

72. Let x be the original debt; then $x + \frac{x}{4} - 25000000 = \text{debt}$ after the peace.

Then
$$\frac{4\frac{1}{2} \times x}{100} = \frac{4\left(x + \frac{x}{4} - 25000000\right)}{100}$$
; $\frac{9x}{2} = 5x - 100000000$, etc.

73. The influx goes on for 10 days and 15 hours, or, 255 hours.
The consumption extends over 10 days (excluding Sunday) of 15 hours each, or, 150 hours.

Hence if x be the number of gallons that come in each hour, $255x + 2250 = 150 \times 2x$; x = 50.

LX.

1.
$$a+x+\frac{3a}{x}=\frac{ax+x^2+3a}{x}$$
.

2.
$$\frac{a^2 + ax}{x^2} - \frac{2x - 2a}{x} = \frac{a^2 + ax - 2x^2 + 2ax}{x^2} = \frac{a^3 + 3ax - 2x^2}{x^3}$$

3.
$$\frac{x-y}{x} + \frac{2y}{x-y} = \frac{x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 2xy}{x(x-y)} = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x(x-y)}$$

4.
$$\frac{4a+4b}{a-b} - \frac{2a^2 - 2b^2}{a^2 + b^2} = \frac{4a^3 + 4ab^2 + 4a^2b + 4b^3 - 2a^3 + 2ab^3 + 2a^2b - 2b^3}{(a-b)(a^2 + b^2)}$$
, etc

LXI.

1.
$$\frac{5x+4}{35} - \frac{23x}{70} = \frac{10x+8-23x}{70} = \frac{8-13x}{70}$$
.

2.
$$\frac{x^2-y^2}{x-y} = \frac{x^2-y^2}{xy(x-y)} = \frac{x+y}{xy}$$
.

3.
$$\frac{1-x^2}{\frac{x+1}{x}} = \frac{x(1-x^2)}{1+x} = x(1-x)$$
.

$$4 \cdot \frac{y\left(\frac{x+y}{y}\right)}{x\left(\frac{x-y}{x}\right)} = \frac{x+y}{x-y}.$$

5.
$$\frac{5x^2 + x^3 + 1}{x^2} \div \frac{2x^3 - x^3 + 1}{x^3} = \frac{5x^3 + x^3 + 1}{2x^2 - x^3 + 1}$$

6.
$$\frac{x^3+1}{x^2} \div \frac{x+1}{x} = \frac{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)x}{x^2(x+1)} = \frac{x^2-x+1}{x}$$
.

7.
$$\frac{a^3-1}{a^2} \div \frac{a-1}{a} = \frac{(a-1)(a^2+a+1)a}{a^2(a-1)} = \frac{a^2+a+1}{a}$$
.

8.
$$\frac{x^2-ax+x^2+ax}{x^2-a^2} \div \frac{2x}{x^2-a^2} = \frac{2x^2}{2x} = x$$
.

9.
$$\frac{2x}{x^2+x^2} = \frac{2x}{2x^2} = \frac{1}{x}$$
.

10.
$$\frac{x^3}{1+x} + 1 - \frac{1}{1+x} = \frac{x^3 + 1 + x - 1}{1+x} = \frac{x(1+x)}{1+x} = x$$

11.
$$\frac{x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + x^2 + 2xy + y^2}{x^2 - y^2} \div \frac{x^2 - 2xy + y^2 - x^2 - 2xy - y^2}{x^2 - y^2}$$
$$= \frac{2x^2 + 2y^2}{4x^2}, \text{ etc.}$$

12.
$$\frac{1+x+x^2}{1} + \frac{x^2+x+1}{x^2} = x^2$$
.

13.
$$\frac{a^2+2ab+b^2+b^2}{b(a+b)} \div \frac{a+b}{ab} = \frac{(a^2+2ab+2b^2)ab}{b(a+b)(a+b)}$$
, etc.

14.
$$\frac{2m^2-3m+1}{m} \div \frac{2m-1}{m} = \frac{2m^2-3m+1}{2m-1} = m-1$$
.

15.
$$\frac{c+b+a}{abc} \cdot \frac{(a+b+c)(a-b-c)}{ab} = \frac{ab(a+b+c)}{abc(a+b+c)(a-b-c)}$$
, etc.

LXII.

$$\text{I. } \frac{a^4}{2a^4} + \frac{3a^3}{2a^4} + \frac{2a^2}{2a^4} + \frac{5a}{2a^4} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2a} + \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{5}{2a^3}.$$

2.
$$\frac{a^3bc}{abcd} + \frac{ab^3d}{abcd} + \frac{abc^2}{abcd} + \frac{bcd^2}{abcd} = \frac{a}{d} + \frac{b}{c} + \frac{c}{d} + \frac{d}{a}$$

$$3. \ \frac{x^3}{x^2y^2} - \frac{3x^2y}{x^2y^2} + \frac{3xy^2}{x^2y^2} - \frac{y^3}{x^2y^2} = \frac{x}{y^2} - \frac{3}{y} + \frac{3}{x} - \frac{y}{x^2} \cdot \frac{3}{y} = \frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{3}{y} + \frac{3}{x} - \frac{y}{x^2} \cdot \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{3}{x^2}$$

4.
$$\frac{9a^3}{108} - \frac{12a^2}{108} + \frac{6a}{108} - \frac{3}{108} = \frac{a^3}{12} - \frac{a^2}{9} + \frac{a}{18} - \frac{1}{36}$$
.

$$5. \ \ \, \frac{18p^2}{3pqrs} + \frac{12q^2}{3pqrs} - \frac{36r^2}{3pqrs} + \frac{72s^2}{3pqrs} = \frac{6p}{qrs} + \frac{4q}{prs} - \frac{12r}{pqs} + \frac{24s}{pqr} \cdot$$

6.
$$\frac{10x^3}{1000} - \frac{25x^2}{1000} + \frac{75x}{1000} - \frac{125}{1000} = \frac{x^3}{100} - \frac{x^2}{40} + \frac{3x}{40} - \frac{1}{8}$$
.

LXIII.

2.
$$m+2$$
) $m(1-\frac{2}{m}+\frac{4}{m^2}-\frac{8}{m^3}+\frac{16}{m^4}...$

$$\frac{m+2}{-2}$$

$$-2 \frac{4}{m}$$

$$\frac{4}{m}+\frac{8}{m^2}$$

$$-\frac{8}{m^2}-\frac{16}{m^3}$$

$$\frac{16}{m^3}$$
3. $a+b$) $a-b$ $(1-\frac{2b}{a}+\frac{2b^2}{a^2}-\frac{2b^3}{a^3}+\frac{2b^4}{a^4}...$

$$\frac{a+b}{-2b}$$

$$-2b-\frac{2b^3}{a}$$

$$\frac{2b^3}{a}+\frac{2b^3}{a^3}$$

$$-\frac{2b^3}{a^2}$$

$$-\frac{2b^3}{a^3}$$

$$\frac{2b^4}{a^3}$$

4.
$$a^{3}-x^{3}$$
) $a^{2}+x^{2}$ $(1+\frac{2x^{2}}{a^{2}}+\frac{2x^{4}}{a^{4}}+\frac{2x^{6}}{a^{6}}+\frac{2x^{8}}{a^{8}}...$

5. $a-x$) $ax(x+\frac{x^{3}}{a}+\frac{x^{3}}{a^{2}}+\frac{x^{4}}{a^{3}}+\frac{x^{5}}{a^{4}}...$

$$\frac{ax-x^{2}}{2x^{2}}$$

$$\frac{2x^{2}-\frac{2x^{4}}{a^{2}}}{\frac{2x^{4}}{a^{2}}}$$

$$\frac{2x^{4}}{a^{2}}-\frac{2x^{6}}{a^{4}}$$

$$\frac{2x^{6}}{a^{4}}-\frac{2x^{8}}{a^{5}}$$

$$\frac{2x^{4}-\frac{x^{5}}{a^{2}}}{\frac{x^{4}}{a^{2}}}$$

$$\frac{x^{4}-\frac{x^{5}}{a^{3}}}{\frac{x^{4}}{a^{2}}}$$

8.
$$1-x+x^3$$
) $1+x(1+2x+x^2-x^3-2x^4...)$

$$\frac{1-x+x^3}{2x-x^2} \qquad 9. \ 1-2b)1+b(1+3b+6b^2+12b^3+24b^4...)$$

$$\frac{2x-2x^2+2x^3}{x^2-2x^3} \qquad \frac{1-2b}{3b}$$

$$\frac{x^2-x^3+x^4}{-x^3-x^4} \qquad \frac{3b-6b^3}{6b^3}$$

$$\frac{-x^3+x^4-x^5}{-2x^4+x^5} \qquad \frac{6b^2-12b^3}{12b^3}$$

$$\frac{12b^3-24b^4}{12b^3-24b^4}$$

10.
$$x+b$$
) $x^3-b^3(x^2-bx+b^2-\frac{2b^3}{x}+\frac{2b^4}{x^2}...$

$$\frac{x^3+bx^2}{-bx^2-b^3}$$

$$\frac{-bx^2-b^3}{b^2x-b^3}$$

$$\frac{b^2x+b^3}{-2b^3}$$

$$\frac{a^2-\frac{a^2b}{x}}{2}$$

$$\frac{a^2b}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{a^2b^2}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{a^2b^2}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{a^2b^2}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{a^2b^2}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{a^2b^2}{x^3}$$

$$\frac{a^2b^2}{x^3}$$

$$\frac{a^2b^2}{x^3}$$

$$\frac{a^2b^2}{x^3}$$

$$\frac{a^2b^2}{x^3}$$

$$\frac{a^2b^2}{x^3}$$

$$\frac{a^2b^3}{x^3}$$

$$\frac{a^2b^3}{x^3}$$

$$\frac{a^2b^4}{x^4}$$

$$\frac{a^3+2ax+x^2}{-2ax-x^3}$$

$$-2ax-4x^2-\frac{2x^3}{a}$$

$$\frac{3x^2+\frac{2x^3}{a}}{a}$$

$$\frac{3x^2+\frac{2x^3}{a}}{a}$$

$$\frac{3x^2+\frac{2x^3}{a}}{a^2}$$

$$-\frac{4x^3}{a}-\frac{3x^4}{a^2}$$

$$-\frac{4x^3}{a}-\frac{3x^4}{a^2}$$

$$-\frac{4x^3}{a}-\frac{3x^4}{a^2}$$

$$-\frac{4x^3}{a}-\frac{3x^4}{a^2}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{4x^3}{a}-\frac{3x^4}{a^2}}{a^2}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{4x^3}{a}-\frac{3x^4}{a^2}}{a^2}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{4x^3}{a}-\frac{3x^4}{a^2}}{a^2}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{4x^3}{a}-\frac{3x^4}{a^2}}{a^2}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{4x^3}{a}-\frac{3x^4}{a^2}}{a^2}$$

13. Dividend = (Divisor and Quotient) + Remainder
=
$$(x-a)(x^2-2ax) + 4a^3 = x^3 - 3ax^2 + 2a^2x + 4a^3$$
.

14. Dividend =
$$(m-5)(m^3+5m^2+15m+34)+75^{-1}$$

= $m^4-10m^2-41m-95$.

LXIV.

1.
$$\frac{10x^3 + 15x + 6}{30} \times \frac{4x + 3}{12} = \frac{40x^3 + 90x^3 + 69x + 18}{360}$$
, etc.

2.
$$\frac{6a^3-5a+10}{30} \times \frac{5a-4}{20} = \frac{30a^3-49a^2+70a-40}{600}$$
, etc.

3.
$$x^{3} + x + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^{3}}$$

4. $x^{2} - 1 + \frac{1}{x^{2}}$

$$x - \frac{1}{x}$$

$$x^{4} + x^{2} + 1 + \frac{1}{x^{2}}$$

$$-x^{2} - 1 - \frac{1}{x^{4}}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$-\frac{1}{x^{4}}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$-\frac{1}{x^{4}}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$+1$$

$$+\frac{1}{x^{4}}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$+1$$

5.
$$\left(\frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{b^2}\right) = \frac{1}{a^4} - \frac{1}{b^4}$$
.

6.
$$\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{ab} + \frac{1}{ac} + \frac{1}{ab} - \frac{1}{b^2} + \frac{1}{bc} + \frac{1}{ac} - \frac{1}{bc} + \frac{1}{c^2} = \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{2}{ac} - \frac{1}{b^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}$$

7.
$$1 + \frac{b}{a} + \frac{b^2}{a^3} - \frac{b}{a} - \frac{b^2}{a^2} - \frac{b^3}{a^3} + \frac{b^2}{a^2} + \frac{b^3}{a^3} + \frac{b^4}{a^4} = 1 + \frac{b^2}{a^2} + \frac{b^4}{a^4}$$

8.
$$1 - \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{8}x^{2} - \frac{1}{16}x^{3}$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{4}x^{2}$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{8}x^{2} - \frac{1}{16}x^{3}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{4}x^{2} + \frac{1}{16}x^{3} - \frac{1}{32}x^{4}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}x^{3} - \frac{1}{8}x^{3} + \frac{1}{32}x^{4} - \frac{1}{64}x^{6}$$

$$1 + \frac{x^{2}}{8} - \frac{x^{3}}{8} - \frac{x^{6}}{64}.$$
9.
$$\frac{15 + 18x - 14x^{3}}{6x^{2}} \times \frac{4 - 2x - x^{2}}{2x^{3}} = \frac{60 + 42x - 107x^{2} + 10x^{3} + 14x^{4}}{12x^{4}}, \text{ etc.}$$
10.
$$\frac{a^{4}}{b^{4}} + 1 + \frac{2a^{2}}{b^{2}} - 1 - \frac{b^{4}}{a^{4}} - \frac{2b^{2}}{a^{2}} - \frac{2a^{2}}{b^{3}} - \frac{2b^{2}}{a^{2}} - 4 = \frac{a^{4}}{b^{4}} - \frac{b^{4}}{a^{4}} - \frac{4b^{2}}{a^{2}} - 4.$$

LXV.

1.
$$\frac{x^4 - 1}{x^2} \div \frac{x^2 + 1}{x} = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x}$$
, etc.
2. $\frac{a^2b^2 - 1}{b^2} \div \frac{ab - 1}{b} = \frac{ab + 1}{b}$, etc.
3. $\frac{m^3n^3 + 1}{n^3} \div \frac{mn + 1}{n} = \frac{m^2n^2 - mn + 1}{n^2}$, etc.
4. $\frac{c^5d^5 - 1}{d^5} \div \frac{cd - 1}{d} = \frac{c^4d^4 + c^3d^3 + c^2d^2 + cd + 1}{d^4}$, etc.
5. $\frac{x^4 + 2x^2y^2 + y^4}{x^2y^2} \div \frac{x^2 + y^2}{xy} = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{xy}$, etc.
6. $\frac{b^4 + a^2b^2 + a^4}{a^4b^4} \div \frac{b^2 - ab + a^2}{a^2b^2} = \frac{b^2 + ab + a^2}{a^2b^2}$, etc.

7.
$$\frac{x^{6} - y^{6} - 3x^{4}y^{2} + 3x^{2}y^{4}}{x^{3}y^{3}} \div \frac{x^{2} - y^{2}}{xy} = \frac{x^{4} - 2x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4}}{x^{2}y^{3}}, \text{ etc.}$$
8.
$$\frac{6x^{6} - 32x^{4} + 77x^{3} - 86x^{2} - 66x + 216}{8} \div \frac{x^{2} - 2x + 6}{2}$$

$$= \frac{6x^{3} - 10x^{2} + 16x + 36}{4}, \text{ etc.}$$
9.
$$\frac{a^{6} + b^{6}}{a^{3}b^{3}} \div \frac{a^{2} + b^{2}}{ab} = \frac{a^{4} - a^{2}b^{2} + b^{4}}{a^{2}b^{3}}, \text{ etc.}$$
10.
$$\frac{b^{3}c^{3} + a^{3}c^{3} + a^{3}b^{3} - 3a^{2}b^{2}c^{2}}{a^{3}b^{3}c^{3}} \div \frac{bc + ac + ab}{abc}$$

$$= \frac{b^{2}c^{2} - abc^{2} - ab^{2}c + a^{2}c^{2} - a^{2}bc + a^{2}b^{2}}{a^{2}b^{2}c^{2}}, \text{ etc.}$$

LXVI.

1.
$$\frac{x-3}{10} \times \frac{50x+7}{100} = \frac{50x^3 - 143x - 21}{1000}$$
, etc.
2. $\left(\frac{5x}{100} + 7\right) \times \left(\frac{2x}{10} - 3\right) = \frac{5x + 700}{100} \times \frac{2x - 30}{10} = \frac{10x^3 + 1250x - 21000}{1000}$, etc.
3. $\frac{3x - 2y}{10} \times \frac{4x + 7y}{10} = \frac{12x^2 + 13xy - 14y^2}{1000}$, etc.
4. $\frac{43x + 52y}{10} \times \frac{4x - 6y}{100} = \frac{172x^3 - 50xy - 312y^2}{1000}$, etc.
5. $000027 - 001 + 000343 + 00063 = 001 - 001 = 0$.
6. $343 - 0441 + 00189 - 000027 = 34489 - 044127 = 300763$.

LXVII.

1.
$$a_1x\left(\frac{a_1x+a_2x^2+a_3x^3+a_4x^4+\dots}{a_1x}\right)=a_1x\left(1+\frac{a_2x}{a_1}+\frac{a_3x^2}{a_1}+\frac{a_4x^3}{a_1}+\dots\right)$$

2.
$$xyz\left(\frac{xy-xz+yz}{xyz}\right) = xyz\left(\frac{1}{z} - \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{x}\right)$$
.
3. $x^2\left(\frac{x^2+xy+y^2}{x^3}\right) = x^2\left(1 + \frac{y}{x} + \frac{y^2}{x^3}\right)$.
4. $(a+b)\left\{\frac{(a+b)^3 - c(a+b)^2 - d(a+b) + e}{a+b}\right\}$.
 $= (a+b)\left\{(a+b)^2 - c(a+b) - d + \frac{e}{a+b}\right\}$.

LXVIII.

1. Let
$$\frac{a}{b} = \lambda$$
; then $\frac{c}{d} = \lambda$; and $a = \lambda b$, $c = \lambda d$. Then

(1.)
$$\frac{a-b}{b} = \frac{\lambda b - b}{b} = \lambda - 1$$
$$\frac{c-d}{d} = \frac{\lambda d - d}{d} = \lambda - 1$$

(2.)
$$\frac{a}{a+b} = \frac{\lambda b}{\lambda b+b} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda+1}$$
$$\frac{c}{c+d} = \frac{\lambda d}{\lambda d+d} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda+1}.$$

(3.)
$$\frac{3a}{4a-5b} = \frac{3\lambda b}{4\lambda b-5b} = \frac{3\lambda}{4\lambda-5}$$
$$\frac{3c}{4c-5d} = \frac{3\lambda d}{4\lambda d-5d} = \frac{3\lambda}{4\lambda-5}.$$

$$(4.) \frac{a^2 + b^2}{a^2 - b^2} = \frac{\lambda^2 b^2 + b^2}{\lambda^2 b^2 - b^2} = \frac{\lambda^2 + 1}{\lambda^2 - 1}$$

$$\frac{c^2 + d^2}{c^2 - d^2} = \frac{\lambda^2 d^2 + d^2}{\lambda^2 d^2 - d^2} = \frac{\lambda^2 + 1}{\lambda^2 - 1} .$$

(5.)
$$\frac{8a+b}{4a+7b} = \frac{8\lambda b+b}{4\lambda b+7b} = \frac{8\lambda +1}{4\lambda +7}$$
$$\frac{8c+d}{4c+7d} = \frac{8\lambda d+d}{4\lambda d+7d} = \frac{8\lambda +1}{4\lambda +7}.$$

(6.)
$$\frac{a^2 - b^2}{c^2 - d^2} = \frac{\lambda^2 b^2 - b^2}{\lambda^2 d^2 - d^2} = \frac{b^2 (\lambda^2 - 1)}{d^2 (\lambda^2 - 1)} = \frac{b^2}{d^2}$$
$$\frac{ab}{cd} = \frac{\lambda b \times b}{\lambda d \times d} = \frac{b^2}{d^2}.$$

(7.)
$$\frac{11a+b}{11c+d} = \frac{11\lambda b+b}{11\lambda d+d} = \frac{b(11\lambda+1)}{d(11\lambda+1)} = \frac{b}{d}$$
$$\frac{13a+b}{13c+d} = \frac{13\lambda b+b}{13\lambda d+d} = \frac{b(13\lambda+1)}{d(13\lambda+1)} = \frac{b}{d}.$$

(8.)
$$\frac{a^2 - ab + b^2}{a^2 + ab + b^2} = \frac{\lambda^2 b^2 - \lambda b^2 + b^2}{\lambda^2 b^2 + \lambda b^2 + b^2} = \frac{\lambda^2 - \lambda + 1}{\lambda^2 + \lambda + 1}$$
$$\frac{c^2 - cd + d^2}{c^2 + cd + d^2} = \frac{\lambda^2 d^2 - \lambda d^2 + d^2}{\lambda^2 d^2 + \lambda d^2 + d^2} = \frac{\lambda^2 - \lambda + 1}{\lambda^2 + \lambda + 1}$$

2. Let each of the fractions $=\lambda$

Then
$$l = a\lambda - b\lambda$$
; $m = b\lambda - c\lambda$; $n = c\lambda - a\lambda$
And $l + m + n = a\lambda - b\lambda + b\lambda - c\lambda + c\lambda - a\lambda = 0$.

3. Let each of the fractions $= \lambda$

Then
$$a = \lambda b$$
, $c = \lambda d$, $e = \lambda f$

And
$$\frac{la+mc+ne}{lb+md+nf} = \frac{l\lambda b+m\lambda d+n\lambda f}{lb+md+nf} = \lambda = \frac{a}{b}$$
.

4. Let each of the fractions $=\lambda$

Then
$$a+b=\lambda b$$

$$b+c=\lambda c$$

$$c + a = \lambda a$$

Adding, $2a+2b+2c=\lambda(a+b+c)$

Hence $\lambda = 2$, and a + b = 2b, or a = b

Similarly we can show that a = c, and b = c.

5. Let each of the fractions $= \lambda$

Then
$$a_1 = \lambda b_1$$
; $a_2 = \lambda b_2$; $a_3 = \lambda b_3$

And
$$\frac{2a_1+3a_2+4a_3}{2b_1+3b_2+4b_3} = \frac{2\lambda b_1+3\lambda b_2+4\lambda b_3}{2b_1+3b_2+4b_3} = \lambda = \frac{a_1}{b_1}$$
.

6. Let
$$\frac{a}{b} = \lambda$$
; then $\frac{c}{d}$ is less than λ ; and $\frac{e}{f}$ is less than λ

$$\therefore a = \lambda b$$
; c is less than λd ; e is less than λf

$$\therefore a+c+e$$
 is less than $\lambda b+\lambda d+\lambda f$

$$\therefore \frac{a+c+e}{b+d+f}$$
 is less than λ , that is, less than $\frac{a}{b}$

Next let
$$\frac{e}{f} = \mu$$
; then $\frac{a}{b}$ and $\frac{c}{d}$ are each greater than μ

$$e = \mu f$$
; a is greater than μb ; c is greater than μd

$$\therefore a + c + e$$
 is greater than $\mu b + \mu d + \mu f$

$$\therefore \frac{a+c+e}{b+d+f} \text{ is greater than } \mu, \text{ that is than } \frac{e}{f}.$$

7. Let each fraction
$$= \lambda$$
; then $x_1 = \lambda y_1$; and $x_2 = \lambda y_2$

Then
$$\frac{4x_1 + 5y_1}{7x_1 + 9y_1} = \frac{4\lambda y_1 + 5y_1}{7\lambda y_1 + 9y_1} = \frac{4\lambda + 5}{7\lambda + 9}$$

And
$$\frac{4x_2+5y_2}{7x_3+9y_2} = \frac{4\lambda y_3+5y_2}{7\lambda y_3+9y_2} = \frac{4\lambda+5}{7\lambda+9}$$
.

8. Let each fraction
$$= \lambda$$
; then $a = \lambda b$; and $c = \lambda d$

Then
$$\frac{a^2 + ab}{c^2 + cd} = \frac{\lambda^2 b^2 + \lambda b^2}{\lambda^2 d^2 + \lambda d^2} = \frac{b^2 (\lambda^2 + \lambda)}{d^2 (\lambda^2 + \lambda)} = \frac{b^2}{d^2}$$

And $\frac{ab - b^2}{cd - d^2} = \frac{\lambda b^2 - b^2}{\lambda d^2 - d^2} = \frac{b^2 (\lambda - 1)}{d^2 (\lambda - 1)} = \frac{b^2}{d^2}$.

And
$$\frac{ab-b^2}{cd-d^2} = \frac{\lambda b^2 - b^2}{\lambda d^2 - d^2} = \frac{b^2(\lambda - 1)}{d^2(\lambda - 1)} = \frac{b^2}{d^2}$$

9. Let each fraction
$$= \lambda$$
; then $a = \lambda b$; and $c = \lambda d$

Then
$$\frac{7a+b}{3a+5b} = \frac{7\lambda b+b}{3\lambda b+5b} = \frac{7\lambda+1}{3\lambda+5}$$

And
$$\frac{7c+d}{3c+5d} = \frac{7\lambda d+d}{3\lambda d+5d} = \frac{7\lambda+1}{3\lambda+5}.$$

bc is greater than ac

ab + bc is greater than ab + ac

$$\frac{ab+bc}{b(b+c)}$$
 is greater than $\frac{ab+ac}{b(b+c)}$

$$\frac{b(a+c)}{b(b+c)}$$
 is greater than $\frac{a(b+c)}{b(b+c)}$

$$\frac{a+c}{b+c}$$
 is greater than $\frac{a}{b}$.

11. Since b is less than a, we can show, as in the preceding solution that $\frac{a+c}{b+c}$ is less than $\frac{a}{b}$.

LXIX.

1.
$$3 \times 16 + \frac{2 \times 4 \times \frac{1}{4}}{1} - \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4}} = 48 + 2 - 4 = 46.$$

2.
$$7x^3 - 12x + 5$$
) $14x^3 + 7x^3 - 56x + 35$ (2x $\frac{14x^3 - 24x^3 + 10x}{31x^3 - 66x + 35}$ 7 $\frac{217x^2 - 462x + 245}{217x^3 - 372x + 155}$ $\frac{200x + 90}{200x + 90}$

Hence H. C. F. is x-1, and dividing both terms of the first fraction by it, we get $\frac{2x^2+3x-5}{7x-5}$

Hence we find a-5 to be the H. C. F., and dividing both terms of the fraction by it, we get $\frac{a^2+5a-14}{a+9}$.

3.
$$\frac{a^2 + 2ap + p^2 - a^2 + 2ap - p^2}{a^2 - p^2} \div \frac{a^2 + 2ap + p^2 + a^2 - 2ap + p^2}{a^2 - p^2}$$
$$= \frac{4ap}{2a^2 + 2p^2} = \frac{2ap}{a^2 + p^2}.$$

4.
$$\frac{6x^2 - 4y^2 + 3z^2}{24} + \frac{6y^2 - 4z^2 + 3x^2}{24} + \frac{6z^2 + 4x^3 + 3y^2}{24} = \frac{13x^2 + 5y^3 + 5z^3}{24}$$
$$\frac{13x^3 + 5y^2 + 5z^3}{24} - \frac{24z^3 - 24x^2 + 12y^2}{24} = \frac{37x^3 - 7y^3 - 19z^2}{24}.$$

5.
$$\frac{16 + \frac{1}{4} - 1 + 4}{16 - \frac{1}{4} - 1 + 1} = \frac{19\frac{1}{2}}{15\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{77}{63} = \frac{11}{9}$$

6.
$$\frac{15x^2 + 18ax - 14a^3}{6} \times \frac{4x^3 - 2ax - a^3}{2}$$

$$= \frac{60x^4 + 42ax^3 - 107a^4x^2 + 10a^3x + 14a^4}{12}.$$

7.
$$\frac{(a-b)(a^2+ab+b^2)}{(a-b)^2} = \frac{a^2+ab+b^2}{a-b} = a + 2b + \frac{3b^2}{a-b}$$
, by division.

8.
$$\frac{x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 2xy}{x(x - y)} + \frac{y^3 - xy^2}{x(x^2 - y^3)} = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x(x - y)} + \frac{y^3 - xy^2}{x(x^2 - y^3)}$$

$$=\frac{x^3+xy^2+x^2y+y^3+y^3-xy^2}{x(x^2-y^2)}=\frac{x^3+x^2y+2y^3}{x(x^2-y^3)}.$$

9.
$$5x^2 + 9x - 2$$
) $60x^3 - 17x^3 - 4x + 1$ ($12x - 25$)
$$\frac{60x^3 + 108x^2 - 24x}{-125x^2 + 20x + 1}$$

$$-125x^{2}-225x+50$$

$$(5x-1)$$
 49

and
$$\frac{245x-49}{5x^2+9x-2} = \frac{49(5x-1)}{(x+2)(5x-1)} = \frac{49}{x+2}$$
.

10.
$$x^4 - 9x^3 + 7x^2 + 9x - 8$$
) $x^4 + 7x^3 - 9x^3 - 7x + 8$ (1
$$x^4 - 9x^3 + 7x^2 + 9x - 8$$

$$16x^3 - 16x^2 - 16x + 16$$

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11.
$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{1}{1 - x^{2} - x^{2}} = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} - 1} - \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} - 1 + x} - \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} - 1 + x}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{1}{1 - x^{2} - x^{2}} = \frac{x^{2}}{1 - x^{2}} - \frac{x^{2}}{1 - x^{2}} = \frac{x^{2}}{1 - x^{2}}.$$

$$14. \quad u + uh + h^{\beta} \left(u + uh + \frac{uh^{\beta}}{1 - h} \right) = a + ah + b^{2} \left(\frac{a + ah - ah - ah^{2} + ah^{2}}{1 - b} \right)$$

$$-a + uh + \frac{uh^{\beta}}{1 - b} = \frac{a + ah - ah - ah^{2} + ah^{2}}{1 - b} = \frac{a}{1 - b}.$$

$$(1+\binom{l}{l})\binom{l}{l}\binom{l}{l}\binom{l^2}{l}+\frac{1}{l^2}-\binom{l^2}{l^2}-\binom{l^2}{l^2}\binom{l^2}{l^2}+\frac{1}{l^2}\binom{l^2}{l^2}-\frac{1}{l^2}$$

$$14 \frac{a+b+1}{ab+a+b+1} + \frac{1}{a+1} - \frac{aa+ba+2a+a+b+2+ab+a+b+1}{aba+ab+aa+a+ba+b+b+c+1}$$

If this function -1, then ab + ac + bc + 2a + 2b + 2c + 3

$$(1/1)_{1}$$
 $(1/2)_{1}$ $(1/2)_{2}$ $(1/2)_{1}$ $(1/2)_{2}$ $(1/2)_{2}$ $(1/2)_{3}$ $(1/2)_{4}$ $(1/2$

15.
$$\frac{ax^{3} - a^{2}x^{2} - abx^{2} - b^{2}x^{3} + a^{2}bx + a^{2}b^{2}}{a^{2}x^{3}} \div x - a$$

$$x - a) ax^{3} - a^{2}x^{3} - abx^{2} - b^{2}x^{3} + a^{2}bx + a^{2}b^{2} (ax^{3} - abx - b^{3}x - ab)$$

$$\frac{ax^{3} - a^{2}x^{3}}{-abx^{2}} - abx^{2} - b^{2}x^{3} + a^{2}bx$$

$$- abx^{2} + a^{2}bx$$

$$- abx^{2} + a^{2}bx$$

$$- b^{2}x^{2} + a^{2}b^{3}$$

$$- ab^{2}x + a^{2}b^{3}$$

$$- ab^{2}x + a^{2}b^{3}$$

$$- ab^{2}x + a^{2}b^{3}$$

$$- ab^{2}x + a^{2}b^{3}$$
Hence the result is
$$\frac{ax^{3} - abx - b^{2}x - ab^{2}}{a^{2}x^{2}}, \text{ or, } \frac{1}{a} - \frac{b}{ax} - \frac{b^{3}}{a^{2}x} - \frac{b^{3}}{ax^{3}}.$$
16.
$$\left(\frac{a}{bc} + \frac{b}{ac} + \frac{c}{ab}\right) \div \left(\frac{b}{ac} + \frac{c}{ab} + \frac{a}{bc}\right) = 1$$
Also, since $\epsilon = \frac{a + b + c}{2}$

$$s - a = \frac{b + c - a}{2}; s - b = \frac{a + c - b}{2}; s - c = \frac{a + b - c}{2}.$$
Hence
$$\frac{s \cdot (s - a) + (s - b) \cdot (s - c)}{bc} - \frac{(b + c)^{3} - a^{2}}{4} + \frac{a^{2} - (b - c)^{2}}{4}$$

$$= \frac{b^{3} + 2bc + c^{3} - a^{2} + a^{2} - b^{2} + 2bc - c^{2}}{4bc} = \frac{4bc}{4bc} = 1.$$
17.
$$\frac{1}{1 + \frac{x}{a}} + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{x}{a}} + \frac{2}{1 + \frac{x^{2}}{a^{2}}} = \frac{a}{a + x} + \frac{a}{a - x} + \frac{2a^{2}}{a^{2} + x^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{a^{3} - ax + a^{2} + ax}{a^{2} - x^{3}} + \frac{2a^{2}}{a^{2} + x^{3}} = \frac{2a^{2}(a^{2} + x^{3}) + 2a^{3}(a^{2} - x^{3})}{a^{4} - x^{4}} = \frac{4a^{4}}{a^{4} - x^{4}}$$

18.
$$\frac{a^2 + 2ab + b^2 + a^2 - 2ab + b^3}{a^2 - b^3} - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)}{a^2 + b^2} = \frac{2(a^2 + b^2)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)}{a^2 + b^2}$$
$$= \frac{2(a^4 + 2a^2b^2 + b^4) - 2(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)}{a^4 - b^4} = \frac{8a^2b^2}{a^4 - b^4}.$$

19.
$$\frac{2ab - a^2 - 2ab - b^2}{2a (a + b)} + \frac{a^2 + b^2}{2a (a - b)} = \frac{(a - b) (-a^2 - b^2) + (a + b) (a^2 + b^2)}{2a (a^2 - b^2)}$$
$$= \frac{-a^3 - ab^2 + a^2b + b^3 + a^3 + ab^2 + a^2b + b^3}{2a (a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{2a^2b + 2b^3}{2a (a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{b (a^2 + b^2)}{a (a^2 - b^2)}$$

20.
$$\frac{a^2 - ab + b^3}{(a - b)^3} \times \frac{(a + b) (a - b)}{a^2 + b^2} = \frac{(a^2 - ab + b^2) (a + b)}{(a - b)^2 (a^2 + b^2)} = \frac{a^3 + b^3}{(a - b)^2 (a^2 + b^2)}$$

21.
$$\frac{2}{(x^2-1)^3} - \frac{1}{2(x-1)^2} + \frac{1}{x^2-1} = \frac{2}{(x^2-1)^2} - \frac{(x+1)^3}{2(x^2-1)^2} + \frac{x^3-1}{(x^2-1)^3}$$
$$= \frac{4-x^2-2x-1+2x^2-2}{2(x^2-1)^2} = \frac{x^2-2x+1}{2(x^2-1)^2} = \frac{1}{2(x+1)^2}.$$

22.
$$\frac{(a+b)^2-c^3}{c^2-(a-b)^2} \cdot \frac{a+b+c}{b+c-a} = \frac{(a+b+c) (a+b-c) (b+c-a)}{(c+a-b) (c-a+b) (a+b+c)} = \frac{a+b-c}{a-b+c}.$$

23.
$$\left(\frac{x^2}{x+1} + 1 - \frac{1}{x+1} \right) \div \left(\frac{x^2}{x-1} - x - \frac{1}{x-1} \right)$$

$$= \frac{x^2 + x + 1 - 1}{x+1} \div \frac{x^2 - x^2 + x - 1}{x-1} = \frac{x^2 + x}{x+1} \div 1 = \frac{x(x+1)}{x+1} = x.$$

24.
$$\left(\frac{\frac{a+b}{2} - a}{\frac{a+b}{2} - b} \right)^3 - \frac{\frac{a+b}{2} - 2a + b}{\frac{a+b}{2} + a - 2b} = \left(\frac{b-a}{a-b} \right)^3 - \frac{3b-3a}{3a-3b} = (-1)^3 - (-1)$$

25.
$$\frac{(a+b-c)(a-b+c)}{(a+c+b)(a+c-b)} + \frac{(b+a-c)(b-a+c)}{(a+b+c)(a+b-c)} + \frac{(c+a-b)(c-a+b)}{(b+c+a)(b+c-a)}$$

$$= \frac{a+b-c}{a+c+b} + \frac{b-a+c}{a+b+c} + \frac{c+a-b}{b+c+a} = \frac{b+c+a}{a+b+c} = 1.$$

$$26. \frac{x(x-4)(x^3-4)(x^3-4)}{x^3(x-2)(x-2)} = \frac{(x-4)(x+2)(x+2)}{x} = \frac{(x-4)(x+2)^2}{x}.$$

$$27. \frac{(a+1)(a-1)(a^3+1)(a^3-1)}{(a+1)(a+1)a^2(a-1)(a-1)} = \frac{(a^2-a+1)(a^2+a+1)}{a^3} = \frac{a^4+a^2+1}{a^2}.$$

$$28. \frac{1+x-x^3}{x^3} - \frac{1}{(x^2+1)^3} + \frac{(x^2+1)(x-1)}{(x^2+1)^2} - \frac{3}{x^3(x^2+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{1+x-x^3}{x^3} - \frac{x^3}{x^3(x^2+1)^3} + \frac{x^3(x^3-x^3+x-1)}{x^3(x^3+1)^2} - \frac{3x}{x^3(x^3+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(x^4+2x^3+1)(1+x-x^3)-x^3+x^3(x^3-x^3+x-1)-3x}{x^3(x^3+1)^3}$$

$$= \frac{1+x+x^3+2x^3-x^4+x^5-x^6-x^3+x^6-x^5+x^6-x^3-3x}{x^3(x^3+1)^3}$$

$$= \frac{1-2x+x^3}{x^3(x^3+1)^3} = \frac{(x-1)^3}{x^3(x^3+1)^3}.$$

$$29. \frac{x^6-a^2x^4+a^4x^2-a^6}{a^3x^3} + \frac{x^2-a^2}{ax} = \frac{x^4+a^4}{a^3x^3} + \frac{x^3}{a^3}.$$

$$30. \left\{ \frac{a^2+2ab+b^2-a^2+2ab-b^2}{2(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2}{a^3-b^2} \right\} \frac{a-b}{2b}$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{2ab+2b^2}{a^3-b^3} \right\} \frac{a-b}{2b} = \frac{2b(a+b)(a-b)}{(a+b)(a-b)2b} = 1.$$

$$31. \frac{a^2+b^2+c^2+2ab+2ac+2bc+b^2-2bc+c^2+c^3-2ac+a^2-2ab+b^2}{a^3+b^3+c^3} = \frac{3a^2+3b^3+3c^3}{a^3+b^3+c^3} = 3.$$

$$32. \frac{1+3x^3+2x^3}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4} - \frac{(1-x-3x^3)(3-2x-7x^3)}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4}$$

$$= \frac{1+3x^3+2x^3}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4} - \frac{(1-x-3x^3)(3-2x-7x^3)}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4}$$

$$= \frac{1+3x^3+2x^3}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4} - \frac{(1-x-3x^3)(3-2x-7x^3)}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4}$$

$$= \frac{1+3x^3+2x^3}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4} - \frac{(1-x-3x^3)(3-2x-7x^3)}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4} - \frac{(1-x-3x^3)(3-2x-7x^3)}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4}$$

$$= \frac{1+3x^3+2x^3}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4} - \frac{(1-x-3x^3)(3-2x-7x^3)}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4} - \frac{(1-x-3x^3)(3-2x-7x^3)}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4} - \frac{(1-x-3x^3)(3-2x-7x^3)}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4} - \frac{(1-x-3x^3)(3-2x-7x^3)}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4} - \frac{(1-x-3x^3)(3-2x-7x^3)^4}{(3-2x-7x^3)^4} - \frac{(1-x-3x^3)(3-2x-7x^3)^4}$$

33.
$$\frac{x^{4} + 2x^{3}y^{2} + y^{4} - x^{4} + 2x^{3}y^{2} - y^{4}}{(x^{2} - y^{2})(x^{2} + y^{2})} + \frac{x^{2} + 2xy + y^{2} - x^{2} + 2xy - y^{2}}{(x - y)(x + y)}$$

$$= \frac{4x^{2}y^{2}}{(x^{2} - y^{2})(x^{2} + y^{2})} \times \frac{(x - y)(x + y)}{4xy} = \frac{xy}{x^{2} + y^{2}}.$$
34.
$$\frac{x^{2} - y^{2}}{y^{2}} \times \frac{y}{x - y} + \frac{x^{3} - y^{3}}{y^{3}} \times \frac{-y^{2}}{x^{3} + xy + y^{2}} = \frac{x + y}{y} + \frac{(x - y)(-1)}{y} = \frac{2y}{y} = 2$$
35.
$$\frac{a(a - b)}{(a - b)(a^{2} + ab + b^{2})} \times \frac{a^{2} + ab + b^{2}}{a + b} + \frac{a^{3} - b^{3}}{a^{3} + b^{3}} \times \frac{a^{2} - ab + b^{2}}{a^{3} + ab + b^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{a}{a + b} + \frac{a - b}{a + b} = \frac{2a - b}{a + b}.$$
36.
$$\frac{2 - (x - 1)}{4(x - 1)^{2}} + \frac{(x - 1)^{2} - 4}{4(x - 1)^{3}(x + 1)} = \frac{3 - x}{4(x - 1)^{2}} + \frac{x^{2} - 2x - 3}{4(x - 1)^{2}(x + 1)}$$

$$= \frac{3x + 3 - x^{3} - x + x^{2} - 2x - 3}{4(x - 1)^{3}(x + 1)} = 0.$$
37.
$$\frac{1}{abx} + \frac{1}{a(a - b)(x - a)} - \frac{1}{b(a - b)(x - b)}$$

$$= \frac{(ax + ab - a^{2})(x - b) - ax(x - a)}{abx(a - b)(x - a)} - \frac{1}{b(a - b)(x - b)}$$

$$= \frac{ax^{2} - abx + abx - ab^{3} - a^{2}x + a^{2}b - ax^{2} + a^{2}x}{abx(a - b)(x - a)(x - b)}$$
38.
$$\frac{s}{a} - \frac{a}{a} + \frac{s}{b} - \frac{b}{b} + \frac{s}{c} - \frac{c}{c} + \dots \text{ to } n \text{ terms}$$

$$= \frac{s}{a} + \frac{s}{b} + \frac{s}{c} + \dots \text{ to } n \text{ terms} - (1 + 1 + 1 \dots \text{ to } n \text{ terms})$$

$$= s\left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c} + \dots\right) - n.$$
39.
$$\frac{x^{4} + x^{3}y^{2} - x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4}}{x^{4} - y^{4}} \times \frac{(x^{2} - y^{2})^{3}}{x^{4} - 2x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4} + x^{4} + 2x^{2}y^{2} + y^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{(x^{4} + y^{4})(x^{2} - y^{2})(x^{2} - y^{2})}{(x^{2} + y^{2})(x^{2} + y^{4})} = \frac{x^{2} - y^{3}}{2(x^{2} + y^{2})}.$$

40.
$$\frac{a+x+a-x}{a+x-a+x} \div \frac{a^2+x^2+a^2-x^2}{a^2+x^2-a^2+x^2} = \frac{2a}{2x} \times \frac{2x^2}{2a^2} = \frac{x}{a}$$

41. Since
$$x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} = \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) \left(x^2 - 1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)$$
; and $\frac{1}{x^2} - x^2 = \left(\frac{1}{x} + x\right) \left(\frac{1}{x} - x\right)$
the quotient is $x^2 - 1 + \frac{1}{x^2} - 3\left(\frac{1}{x} - x\right) + 4$;
or, $x^2 + 3x + 3 - \frac{3}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}$.

The quotient may also be obtained by long division as in p. 133 of the Algebra.

42.
$$\left(\frac{s}{s} - \frac{a}{s}\right) + \left(\frac{s}{s} - \frac{b}{s}\right) + \left(\frac{s}{s} - \frac{c}{s}\right) + \dots$$
 to n terms
$$= (1 + 1 + 1 \dots \text{to } n \text{ terms}) - \frac{1}{s}(a + b + c + \dots \text{to } n \text{ terms})$$

$$= n - \frac{s}{s} = n - 1.$$

43.
$$\frac{x^2 + xy - xy + y^2}{x^2 - y^2} \div \frac{x^4 - x^2y^2 + x^2y^2 + y^4}{(x^2 + y^2)(x^2 - y^2)} = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x^2 - y^2} \times \frac{(x^2 + y^2)(x^2 - y^2)}{x^4 + y^4}$$
$$= \frac{(x^2 + y^2)^2}{x^4 + y^4}.$$

44.
$$\frac{\frac{x^2 + 2xy + y^2 - 2xy}{(x+y)^2}}{\frac{x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 2xy}{(x-y)^2}} + \frac{(x-y)^2}{(x+y)^2} = \frac{(x^2 + y^2)(x-y)^2}{(x+y)^2(x^2 + y^2)} \times \frac{(x+y)^2}{(x-y)^2} = 1.$$

45.
$$(a+b)(cd-1) = (1-ab)(c+d)$$
, or $acd-a+bcd-b=c-abc+d-abd$, or $a+b+c+d=bcd+acd+abd+abc$

$$= abcd\left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c} + \frac{1}{d}\right)$$

$$\therefore \frac{a+b+c+d}{\frac{1}{a}+\frac{1}{b}+\frac{1}{c}+\frac{1}{d}} = abcd.$$

46.
$$\frac{(p+q)^4}{(p-q)^4} \div \frac{(p+q)^3}{(p-q)^3} = \frac{p+q}{p-q}$$

47.
$$\frac{1-2x}{3(x^3-x+1)} + \frac{1}{6(x+1)} + \frac{x+1}{2(x^3+1)}$$

$$= \frac{(1-2x)(2x+2) + (x^3-x+1)}{6(x^3+1)} + \frac{x+1}{2(x^3+1)}$$

$$= \frac{2x+2-4x^3-4x+x^2-x+1}{6(x^3+1)} + \frac{x+1}{2(x^3+1)}$$

$$= \frac{3-3x-3x^3}{6(x^3+1)} + \frac{x+1}{2(x^3+1)} = \frac{1-x-x^2}{2(x^3+1)} + \frac{x+1}{2(x^2+1)}$$

$$= \frac{x^2-x^3-x^4+1-x-x^2+x^4+x^3+x+1}{2(x^3+1)(x^2+1)} = \frac{1}{(x^3+1)(x^2+1)}.$$
48.
$$\frac{1}{x+\frac{x}{yx+1}} \div \frac{y}{xy+1} - \frac{1}{y(xyx+x+x)} = \frac{xy^2x+xy+yx+1-1}{y(xyx+x+x)} = 1.$$
49.
$$\frac{1}{a-x} + \frac{x}{(a-x)^2} - \left(\frac{1}{a-y} + \frac{y}{(a-y)^2}\right) = \frac{a}{(a-x)^2} - \frac{a}{(a-y)^2}$$
And
$$\frac{1}{(a-y)(a-x)^3} - \frac{1}{(a-y)^2(a-x)} = \frac{(a-y)-(a-x)}{(a-x)^2(a-y)^2}$$
Hence original fraction
$$= \frac{a(a-y)^2-a(a-x)^2}{(a-y)-(a-x)} = a(a-y) + a(a-x)$$

$$= 2a^2-ax-ay.$$
50.
$$\frac{3}{abc} \div \frac{a+b-c}{abc} - \frac{3-a-b-c}{a+b-c} = \frac{3}{a+b-c} - \frac{3-a-b-c}{a+b-c} = \frac{a+b+c}{a+b-c}.$$
51.
$$\frac{a+\frac{b^2}{b+a}}{a-\frac{b^2}{b-a}} (a^6-b^6) = \frac{(ab+a^2+b^6)(b-a)}{(ab-a^2-b^2)(b+a)}. (a^6-b^6)$$

$$= \frac{b^3-a^3}{-(a^3+b^3)}. (a^6-b^6) = \frac{a^3-b^3}{a^3+b^3}. (a^3+b^3) (a^3-b^5) = (a^3-b^3)^2.$$

LXX.

1.
$$6x + 21y = 123$$

 $6x + 8y = 84$ subtracting, $13y = 39$, $y = 3$, etc.

2.
$$45x+72y=909$$

 $45x+10y=475$ subtracting, $62y=434$, $y=7$, etc.

3.
$$26x+34y=378$$

 $26x+13y=273$ subtracting, $21y=105$, $y=5$, etc.

4.
$$14x + 9y = 156$$

 $14x + 4y = 116$ subtracting, $5y = 40$, $y = 8$, etc.

5.
$$3x + 45y = 147$$

 $3x + 7y = 71$ subtracting, $38y = 76$, $y = 2$, etc.

6.
$$105x + 133y = 924$$

 $105x + 51y = 678$ subtracting, $82y = 246$, $y = 3$, etc.

7.
$$6x + 4y = 236$$
 $6x + 30y = 1146$ subtracting, $-26y = -910$, $y = 35$, etc.

8.
$$156x + 108y = 420$$
 $156x + 87y = 399$ subtracting, $21y = 21$, $y = 1$, etc.

9.
$$504x + 98y = 2310$$

 $504x + 56y = 2184$ subtracting, $42y = 126$, $y = 3$, etc.

LXXI.

1.
$$6x + 21y = 156$$

 $6x - 10y = 32$ subtracting, $31y = 124$, $y = 4$, etc.

2.
$$105x - 60y = 825$$
 and $105x - 91y = 763$ subtracting, $31y = 62$, $y = 2$, etc.

3.
$$x+y=96$$

 $x-y=2$ subtracting, $2y=94$, $y=47$, etc.

- 4. 28x + 63y = 553 subtracting, 131y = 393, y = 3, etc. 28x 68y = 160
- 5. 7x + 133y = 679 $\begin{cases} 7x + 133y = 679 \\ 7x 53y = 121 \end{cases}$ subtracting, 186y = 558, y = 3, etc.
- 6. 87x 42y = 52587x - 56y = 497 subtracting, 14y = 28, y = 2, etc.
- 7. 342x 426y = 1284 subtracting, 552y = 552, y = 1, etc. 342x 978y = 732
- 8. 516x + 24y = 3192 subtracting, 755y = 3020, y = 4, etc. 516x 731y = 172
- 9. 65x + 117y = 2444 subtracting, 127y = 2159, y = 17, etc. 65x 10y = 285

LXXIL

- 1. 12x-21y=66 12x-28y=-4 subtracting, 7y=70, y=10, etc.
- 2. 9x 5y = 52 subtracting, 19y = 76, y = 4, etc. 9x 24y = -24
- 3. 51x + 9y = 171 subtracting, 281y = 562, y = 2, etc. 51x 272y = -391
- 4. 21x+49y = 546 subtracting, 106y = 954, y = 9, etc. 21x-57y = -408
- 5. 35x-21y=28 subtracting, 39y=78, y=2, etc. 35x-60y=-50
- 6. 6x + 4y = 786x - 9y = -39 subtracting, 13y = 117, y = 9, etc.

7.
$$26x - 65y = -273$$

 $26x - 8y = 240$ subtracting, $-57y = -513$, $y = 9$, etc.

8.
$$105x - 135y = -195$$

 $105x - 49y = 63$ subtracting, $-86y = -258$, $y = 3$, etc.

9.
$$21y + 36x = 528$$

 $21y - 133x = 21$ subtracting, $169x = 507$, $x = 3$, etc.

LXXIII.

1.
$$6x + 9y = 24$$

 $6x + 14y = 14$ subtracting, $-5y = 10$, $y = -2$, etc.

2.
$$15x - 6y = 153$$

 $38x - 6y = 360$ } subtracting, $-23x = -207$, $x = 9$, etc.

3.
$$6x-10y=102$$

 $6x+21y=9$ subtracting, $-31y=93$, $y=-3$.

4.
$$35y - 15x = 695$$

 $35y + 14x = 637$ subtracting, $-29x = 58$, $x = -2$, etc.

5.
$$8x + 18y = 212$$

 $8x + 17y = 198$ subtracting, $y = 14$, etc.

6.
$$18x - 63y = 72$$

 $18x - 8y = -38$ subtracting, $-55y = 110$, $y = -2$, etc.

7.
$$17x + 12y = 59$$

 $57x - 12y = 459$ adding, $74x = 518$, $x = 7$, etc.

8.
$$24x + 9y = 9$$

 $12x + 9y = 3$ subtracting, $12x = 6$, $x = \frac{1}{2}$, etc.

9.
$$238x - 966y = -1442$$

 $238x - 221y = -697$ subtracting, $-745y = -745$, $y = 1$, etc.

LXXIV.

1.
$$3x + 2y = 42$$
 $6x + 4y = 84$ $6x + 9y = 144$, $-5y = -60$, $y = 12$, etc.

2.
$$30x + y = 630$$
 $\{ 000x + 20y = 12600 \}$, $601x = 12020, x = 20, \text{ etc.}$

3.
$$x+49y=1757$$
 $\begin{cases} 49x+2401y=86093\\ y+49x=2093 \end{cases}$, $49x+y=2093$ $\begin{cases} 2400y=84000, y=35, \text{ etc.} \end{cases}$

4.
$$x+y+15=30$$
 $x-y=15$ $x-y=15$ $x-y=10$, etc.

5.
$$14x + 5y = 826$$
 $196x + 70y = 11564$ $39x - 14y = -1609$ $195x - 70y = -8045$ $391x = 3519$, $x = 9$, etc.

6.
$$6x + 9y = 150 - 5y$$
 $6x + 14y = 150$ $30x + 70y = 750$ $8y - 6x = 9x + 12$ $8y - 15x = 12$ $16y - 30x = 24$ $86y = 774$, etc.

7.
$$7x-y+2=35$$
 $7x-y=33$ $7x-y=33$ $7x-y=33$ $83y=166$, etc.

8.
$$x + 32 = 2y - 48$$

 $12x + 12y + 20y = 30x - 15y + 2100$ $\begin{cases} x - 2y = -80 \\ 47y - 18x = 2100 \end{cases}$, adding, $11y = 660$, $y = 60$, etc.

9.
$$15x - 25y + 30 = 4x + 2y$$
 $11x - 27y = -30$ $96 - 3x + 6y = 6x + 4y$ $2y - 9x = -96$ $99x - 243y = -270$ $22y - 99x = -1056$ $321y = -1326$, $y = 6$, etc.

10.
$$x+2+24y=93$$
 $x+24y=91$ $40x+960y=3640$ $y+5+40x=768$ $40x+y=763$ $40x+y=763$ $959y=2877$, etc.

12.
$$12x - 24 - 200 + 20x = 15y - 150$$
 $32x - 15y = 74$ $16y + 32 = 12x + 3y + 39$ $13y - 12x = 7$, $96x - 45y = 222$ $104y - 96x = 56$, adding, $59y = 278$, $y = \frac{278}{59}$, etc.

13.
$$5x - 6y + 39x = 52y - 26$$

 $10x + 12y - 9x + 6y = 24y - 24$ $\begin{cases} 44x - 58y = -26 \\ x - 6y = -24 \end{cases}$
 $22x - 29y = -13 \\ 22x - 132y = -528$ $\begin{cases} 103y = 515, y = 5, \text{ etc.} \end{cases}$

14.
$$15x-9 - 9x+57 = 24 - 6y + 2x$$
 $4x+6y = -24$ $16x+8y-18x+14 = 12y+36-4x-5y$ $2x+y=22$ $2x+y=22$ $2x+y=22$ $2x+y=22$ $2x+y=22$

15.
$$4x+5y=40x-40y$$
 $\{45y-36x=0\}$ $\{5y-4x=0\}$ $\{4x-2y+12y=3\}$ $\{4x+10y=3\}$ $\{4x+10y=3\}$ $\{4x+10y=3\}$

LXXV.

1.
$$mpx + npy = \epsilon p$$

 $mpx + mqy = fm$ subtracting $(np - mq)y = \epsilon p - fm$, etc.

2.
$$adx + bdy = cd$$
 subtracting $(bd + ae) y = cd - af$, etc.

3.
$$acx - bcy = cm$$

 $acx + acy = an$ $\}$, $y(ac + bc) = an - cm$, etc.

4.
$$(\alpha - dy = 0)$$

 $(\alpha + cy = \alpha)$ $(c + d)$ $y = \alpha$, etc.

5.
$$mm'x - m'ny = m'r$$

 $mm'x + mn'y = mr'$, $(mn' + m'n)y = mr' - m'r$, etc.

6.
$$x + y = a \ x - y = b$$
, $2x = e + b$, $x = \frac{a + b}{2}$, etc.

7.
$$adx + bdy = cd$$

 $adx + afy = ac^2$, $(af - bd) y = ac^2 - cd$, etc.

8.
$$abdx + cd^2y = 2d$$

 $abdx - bcdy = d - b$, $cdy(d+b) = d + b$, etc.

9.
$$3a^2 + ax = b^2 + by$$
 $\begin{cases} ax - by = b^2 - 3a^2 \\ ax + 2by = d \end{cases}$, $3by = 3a^2 - b^2 + d$, etc.

10.
$$bcx - cy = -2b$$
 $bc^4x - c^4y = -2bc^3$ $b^3cy + ac^3 - ab^3 = 2b^4 + bc^4x$ $b^3cy - bc^4x = 2b^4 - ac^3 + ab^3$ $b^3cy - c^4y = 2b^4 - ac^3 + ab^3 - 2bc^3$, $y = \frac{2b^4 - ac^3 + ab^3 - 2bc^3}{c(b^3 - c^3)} = \frac{2b + a}{c}$, etc.

11.
$$bx + bc - b^2 + cx + c^2 - bc + ay + a^2 = 2a^2$$
 $a^2y = (b+c)^2(b-c)x$ $b+c$ $a^2y = a^2 + b^2 - c^2$ $a^2(b+c)x + a^2y = a^2(a^2 + b^2 - c^2)$ $a^2(b+c)(b^2 - c^2)x - a^3y = 0$ $b+c$ $a^2(b+c)(b^2 - c^2)x - a^3y = 0$ $b+c$ $a^2(a^2 + b^2 - c^2)x = a^2(a^2 + b^2$

12.
$$3x + 5y = \frac{8b^2m - 2bm^2}{b^2 - m^2}$$

$$(b^2 - m^2)x + (b + c + m) my = b^2m + 2bm^2 + \frac{bcm^2}{b + m}$$

$$3 (b^{2} - m^{2}) x + 5 (b^{2} - m^{2}) y = 8b^{2}m - 2bm^{2}$$

$$3(b^{2} - m^{2})x + 3(bm + cm + m^{2}) = 3b^{2}m + 6bm^{2} + \frac{3bcm^{2}}{b + m}$$

$$(5b^{2} - 3bm - 3cm - 8m^{2}) y = 5b^{2}m - 8bm^{2} - \frac{3bcm^{2}}{b + m}$$

$$= \frac{5b^{3}m + 5b^{2}m^{2} - 8b^{2}m^{2} - 8bm^{3} - 3bcm^{3}}{b + m}$$

$$= \frac{bm (5b^{2} - 3bm - 3cm - 8m^{2})}{b + m}, \text{ etc.}$$

LXXVI.

$$\frac{4}{x} + \frac{8}{y} = 40$$

$$\frac{4}{x} + \frac{3}{y} = 20$$
subtracting, $\frac{5}{y} = 20$; $y = \frac{1}{4}$, etc.

$$\frac{2}{x} \cdot \frac{3}{x} + \frac{6}{y} = 3a$$

$$\frac{3}{x} + \frac{4}{y} = b$$
subtracting, $\frac{2}{y} = 3a - b$; $y = \frac{2}{3a - b}$, etc.

3.
$$\frac{ab}{x} + \frac{b^2}{y} = bc$$

$$\frac{ab}{x} + \frac{a^2}{y} = ad$$
subtracting, $\frac{b^2 - a^2}{y} = bc - ad$; $y = \frac{b^2 - a^2}{bc - ad}$, etc.

$$\frac{4}{x} + \frac{b}{y} = m$$

$$\frac{a}{x} - \frac{b}{y} = n$$
subtracting, $\frac{2b}{y} = m - n$; $y = \frac{2b}{m - n}$, etc.

5.
$$\frac{56}{x} + \frac{40}{y} = 152$$
 subtracting, $\frac{61}{y} = 103$; $y = \frac{61}{103}$, etc.

6. Multiply the second equation by 4, and we get

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$$\frac{\frac{5}{3x} + \frac{2}{5y} = 7}{\frac{14}{3x} - \frac{2}{5y} = 12}$$
 adding, $\frac{19}{3x} = 19$; $x = \frac{1}{3}$, etc.

7.
$$\frac{4}{ax} + \frac{6}{by} = 10$$

 $\frac{15}{ax} - \frac{6}{by} = 9$ adding, $\frac{19}{ax} = 19$; $x = \frac{1}{a}$, etc.

8. Multiply the first equation by $\frac{n^2}{m}$, and we get

$$\frac{\frac{n}{x} + \frac{n^3}{m^2 y} = \frac{mn^2 + n^3}{m}}{\frac{n}{x} + \frac{m}{y} = m^2 + n^2}$$
 subtracting, $\frac{n^3 - m^3}{m^2 y} = \frac{n^3 - m^3}{m}$; $y = \frac{1}{m}$, etc.

LXXVII.

s. From the first and second equations we get

$$5x+7y-2z=13 16x+6y+2z=34$$
 adding, $21x+13y=47$ (1)

From the first and third equations we get

$$\begin{array}{ll}
25x + 35y - 10z = 65 \\
x - 4y + 10z = 23
\end{array}$$
 adding, $26x + 31y = 88$ (2)

Then from (1) and (2) we find x=1, y=2; and hence z=3.

2. From the first and second equations we get

$$5x+3y-6z=4$$

 $9x-3y+6z=24$ adding, $14x=28$; $x=2$

From the second and third we get 2x + y = 6; $\therefore y = 2$, etc.

3. From the first and second equations we get

$$\begin{array}{ll}
15x - 9y + 6z = 63 \\
16x - 2y - 6z = 6
\end{array}$$
 adding, $31x - 11y = 69$ (1)

From the first and third, subtracting, 3x - 6y = -18 (2)

Then from (1) and (2) we find x = 4, y = 5; and z = 8.

4. From the first and second equations we get

$$4x - 5y + 2z = 6
4x + 6y - 2z = 40$$
 adding, $8x + y = 46$ (1)

From the second and third equations we get

$$\begin{cases}
6x + 9y - 3z = 60 \\
7x - 4y + 3z = 35
\end{cases}$$
 adding, $13x + 5y = 95$ (2)

Then from (1) and (2) we find x=5, y=6; and z=8.

5. From the second and first equations we get

$$5x + 4y + 3z = 22$$

 $3x + 3y + 3z = 18$ subtracting, $2x + y = 4$ (1)

From the third and second equations we get

$$\begin{cases}
15x + 10y + 6z = 53 \\
10x + 8y + 6z = 44
\end{cases}$$
 subtracting, $5x + 2y = 9$ (2)

Then from (1) and (2) we find x = 1, y = 2; and $\therefore z = 3$.

6. From the first and second equations we get

$$8x + 4y - 3z = 6
3x + 9y - 3z = 21$$
subtracting, $5x - 5y = -15$ (1)

From the second and third equations we get

$$\begin{cases}
4x + 12y - 4z = 28 \\
4x - 5y + 4z = 8
\end{cases} \text{ adding, } 8x + 7y = 36 (2)$$

Then from (1) and (2) we find x=1, y=4; and z=6.

7. From the second and first equations we get

$$8x + 4y + 2z = 50
2x + 2y + 2z = 60$$
subtracting, $6x + 2y = -10$ (1)

From the third and first equations we get

$$27x + 9y + 3z = 61$$

 $3x + 3y + 3z = 90$ subtracting, $24x + 6y = -26$ (2)

Then from (1) and (2) we find $x = \frac{2}{3}$, y = -7; and $\therefore s = 36\frac{1}{3}$

8. From the first and second equations we get

$$\begin{cases} 4x-3y+z=9\\ 27x+3y-15z=48 \end{cases}$$
 adding, $31x-14z=57$ (1)

From the second and third equations we get

$$36x + 4y - 20z = 64$$

$$x - 4y + 3z = 2$$
adding, $37x - 17s = 66$ (2)

Then from (1) and (2) we find x=5, z=7; and $\therefore y=6$.

9. From the first and second equations we get

$$24x+10y-8z=58$$

 $65x-10y+25z=290$ adding, $89x+17z=348$ (1)

From the first and third equations we get

$$12x + 5y - 4z = 29 85x - 5y - 5z = 75$$
 adding, $97x - 9z = 104$ (2)

Then from (1) and (2) we find x = 2, z = 10; and $\therefore y = 9$.

10. Subtracting the second equation from the first, we get 2y = 20; y = 10.

Adding the third equation to the second, we get 2s = 10; s = 5.

LXXVIIL

- 1. Let x and y be the numbers; then x+y=28; x-y=4, etc.
- 2. Let x and y be the numbers; then x+y=256; x-y=10, etc.
- 3. Let x and y be the numbers; then x+y=13.5; x-y=1, etc.

- 4. Let x and y be the numbers; then 7x + 5y = 332; 51x 51y = 408, etc.
- 5. Let x be the age of the father, and y the age of the son. Then x-7=4 (y-7) and x+7=2 (y+7), etc.
- 6. Let x, y, z be the numbers; then x + y = 70, x + z = 80, y + z = 90, etc.
- 7. Let x and y be the sums contributed by A and B; then 400 - (x + y) is the sum contributed by C. Then y = 2x + 20, and 400 - (x + y) = x + y, etc.
- 8. Let x be A's money, and y B's money in shillings. Then 3(x-10)=y+10, and x+10=2(y-10), etc.
- 9. Let x and y be A's and B's shares; then 760 (x + y) is C's share. Then x + y = 760 - x - y + 240; y + 760 - x - y = x + 360, etc.
- 10. Let x and y be the numbers; then $\frac{x+y}{2} = 24$; $\frac{x-y}{2} = 17$, etc.
- 11. Let x be the greater number; and y the less; then

$$\frac{x}{y} = 4 + \frac{3}{y}$$
; $\frac{x+y+38}{x} = 2 + \frac{2}{x}$, etc.

12. Let x be the first part, y the second, and \therefore 144 – (x+y) the third.

Then
$$\frac{x}{y} = 3 + \frac{2}{y}$$
; $\frac{144 - x - y}{x + y} = 2 + \frac{6}{x + y}$, etc.

13. Let x be A's money and y B's money in pounds.

Then
$$x + \frac{y}{2} = 120$$
; $\frac{2x}{3} + y = 120$, etc.

14. Let x be the age of the father, y the age of the son.

Then
$$x-12=y+12$$
; $x+12=3(y-12)$, etc.

- 15. Let x be the greater number, and y the less. Then 3x = 2x + 10, and 2x + 3y = 24, etc.
- 16. Let x be the age of the father, and y the age of the son. Then $x+y=\frac{1}{2}(x+y+50)$; $x-y=\frac{1}{3}(x+y+40)$, etc.
- 17. Let x be the greater number, and y the less. Then $\frac{y}{x} = 21 + \frac{0157}{x}$; $\frac{x}{y} = 4 + \frac{742}{y}$, etc.
- 18. Let x be the cost of a barrel of beer, y of a barrel of porter in pounds. Then 6x+10y=51; $3x+7y=32\frac{1}{10}$. Hence we find x=3, and hence 10 barrels of beer can be bought for £30.
- 19. Let x be the cost of 1 lb. of tea, y of 1 lb. of coffee in pence. Then 7x + 5y = 352, and 4x + 9y = 324, etc.
- 20. Let x be the cost of a horse, y of a cow in pounds. Then 12x + 14y = 380, and 5x + 3y = 130, etc.
- 21. Let x be the cost of a yard of silk, y of a yard of cloth in pence. Then 8x + 19y = 4370, and 20x + 16y = 6200, etc.
- 22. In one day 10 men and 6 women earn £3, 3s.

 In one day 4 men and 8 women earn £2, 2s.

 Let x be the daily earnings of a man, y of a woman in shillings.

 Then 10x + 6y = 63, and 4x + 8y = 42, etc.
- 23. Let x be the number at £37; and y the number at £45. Then 37x + 45y = 4220; and x + y = 100, etc.
- 24. Let 10x + y be the number. Then x + y = 8; and 10x + y + 36 = 10y + x, etc.
- 25. Let 10x + y be the number. Then x + y = 10; and 10x + y + 54 = 10y + x, etc.
- 26. Let 10x + y be the number. Then x + y = 9; and 10x + y + 9 = 10y + x, etc.

27. Let
$$10x + y$$
 be the number.

Then
$$x+y=6$$
; and $\frac{10x+y}{x+y}=4$, etc.

28. Let
$$10x + y$$
 be the number.

Then
$$x+y=9$$
; and $\frac{10x+y}{x+y}=5$, etc.

29. Let
$$10x + y$$
 be the number.

Then
$$\frac{10x+y}{x+y} = 7$$
; and $\frac{10y+x-12}{x-y} = 9$, etc.

30. Let
$$10x + y$$
 be the number.

Then
$$\frac{10x+y}{x+y} = 6 + \frac{3}{x+y}$$
; and $\frac{10y+x}{x+y} = 4 + \frac{9}{x+y}$
or, $10x+y = 6x + 6y + 3$; and $10y+x = 4x + 4y + 9$, etc.

31. Let
$$10x + y$$
 be the number.

Then
$$\frac{10x+y}{x+y-2} = 5 + \frac{1}{x+y-2}$$
; $\frac{10y+x}{x+y+2} = 5 + \frac{8}{x+y+2}$, etc.

32. Let
$$10x + y$$
 and $10y + x$ be the numbers.

Then
$$10x + y + 9 = 10y + x$$
, and $10x + y + 10y + x = 33$, etc.

33. Let
$$100x + 10x + x$$
 be the number.

Then
$$100x + 10x + x = 37x^2$$
; $\therefore x = 3$, etc.

34. Let
$$100x + 10y + z$$
 be the number.

Then
$$y=2z$$
; $x+z=9$; $x+y+z=17$.

Hence
$$x=9-z$$
; and $\therefore 9-z+2z+z=17$; $z=4$, etc.

35. Let
$$100x + 10y + z$$
 be the number.

Then
$$x+y+2=21$$
; $x+y=z+3$;

$$100x + 10y + z + 198 = 100z + 10y + x$$
, etc.

36. Let
$$\frac{x}{y}$$
 be the fraction. Then $\frac{x+7}{y} = 2$, and $\frac{x}{y-1} = 1$, etc.

37. Let
$$\frac{x}{y}$$
 be the fraction. Then $\frac{x+1}{y} = \frac{1}{3}$, and $\frac{x}{y+1} = \frac{1}{4}$, etc.

38. Let
$$\frac{x}{y}$$
 be the fraction. Then $\frac{x+1}{y} = \frac{1}{2}$, and $\frac{x}{y+1} = \frac{1}{3}$, etc.

39. Let
$$\frac{x}{y}$$
 be the fraction. Then $x+1=y$, and $x=\frac{1}{2}(y+1)$, etc.

40. Let
$$\frac{x}{y}$$
 be the fraction. Then $\frac{x-3}{y-3} = \frac{1}{4}$, and $\frac{x+5}{y+5} = \frac{1}{2}$, etc.

41. Let
$$\frac{x}{y}$$
 be the fraction. Then $\frac{x}{y+4} = \frac{7}{9}$, and $\frac{x-15}{y} = \frac{20}{41}$, etc.

42. Let
$$\frac{x}{y}$$
 be the fraction. Then $\frac{x+1}{y} = \frac{1}{2}$, and $\frac{x}{y+17} = \frac{1}{3}$, etc.

43. Let x and y be the sums invested.

Then
$$\frac{x \times 5}{100}$$
 = income on first investment.

and
$$\frac{y \times 4}{100}$$
 = income on second investment.

$$\therefore \frac{x \times 5}{100} = \frac{y \times 4}{100} + 10$$
; and $x + y = 2000$, etc.

44. Let x be the sum invested, and y the rate of interest.

Then
$$x + \frac{x \times y \times 10}{100 \times 12} = 5250$$

and
$$x + \frac{x \times y \times 18}{100 \times 12} = 5450$$
.

45. Let x be the sum invested, and y the rate of interest.

Then
$$x + \frac{x \times y \times 6}{100} = 5200$$
.

and
$$x + \frac{x \times y \times 10}{100} = 6000$$

Hence
$$50x + 3xy = 260000$$
 $00x + 3xy = 260000$ $00x + xy = 60000$ $00x + 3xy = 180000$ $00x + 3xy = 180000$

46. Let x be the number of quarts of the first, y of the second.

Then
$$x + y = 50$$

 $36x + 20y = 30 \times 50$ } $36x + 36y = 1800$ } $16y = 300$, etc.

47. Let x be the number of lbs. of the cheaper, y of the dearer.

Then
$$x+y=30$$

and $20(x+y)=14x+18y+10x$, etc.

48. Let x be the rate of the rowing in miles an hour in still water, y the rate of the stream in miles an hour.

Then
$$x+y=12$$
, $x-y=6$, etc.

- 49. Let x be the distance in miles, y the rate in miles an hour of pulling. Then $x = 1\frac{2}{3}(y+4)$
 - and $x-3=4\frac{1}{4}(y-4)$, etc.
- 50. Let x be the number of leaps the hare takes, and y the length of each in feet.

Then $\frac{5x}{6}$ is the number of leaps the dog takes, and $\frac{9y}{7}$ the length of each in feet.

Then
$$50y + xy = \frac{5x}{6} \times \frac{9y}{7}$$

Divide by y; then
$$50 + x = \frac{15x}{14}$$
; $x = 700$.

- Let x be the number of leaps the dog takes, and y the length of each in feet.
 - Then $\frac{4x}{3}$ is the number of leaps the hare takes, and $\frac{2y}{3}$ is the length of each in feet.

Then
$$50y + \frac{4x}{3} \times \frac{2y}{3} = xy$$
.

Divide by y; then
$$50 + \frac{8x}{9} = x$$
; $x = 450$, etc.

52. Let x be the number of apples, and y the number of pears. Then $\frac{x}{4} + \frac{y}{8} = 30$; and $\frac{x}{8} + \frac{y}{18} = 13$, etc.

53. Let x be the number of men, y the reckoning of each in shillings.

Then
$$(x+3)(y-1)=xy$$
 and $(x-2)(y+1)=xy$, $xy+3y-x-3=xy$ and $(x-2)(y+1)=xy$, $xy-2y+x-2=xy$, $xy-2y+x-2=xy$ adding, $y=5$, and hence $x=12$.

54. Let x be the number that voted for A and C,

$$y$$
 ,, for A and B, z ,, for A only.

Then $x + y + z = 1056$ $x + 85 + 98 = 933$ $y + 85 + 744 = 987$, hence $x = 750$, $y = 158$, $z = 148$.

55. Let x be the distance in miles; y the rate in miles an hour.

Then
$$\frac{x}{y+\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{x}{y} - 1\frac{1}{2}$$
 or, $\frac{2x}{2y+1} = \frac{2x-3y}{2y}$ and $\frac{x}{y-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{x}{y} + 2\frac{1}{2}$ or, $\frac{2x}{2y-1} = \frac{2x+5y}{2y}$
$$\frac{4xy = 4xy + 2x - 6y^2 - 3y}{2y - 10y^2 - 5y}$$
 $\frac{2x = 6y^2 + 3y}{2x - 10y^2 - 5y}$ hence $6y^2 + 3y = 10y^2 - 5y$; $8y = 4y^2$; $8 = 4y$; $y = 2$, etc.

56. Suppose the first crew pulls x strokes of y yards each in a minute. Then the second crew pulls $\frac{8x}{9}$ strokes of $\frac{90y}{79}$ yards each in a minute.

Hence in one minute the first crew pulls over xy yards, and in one minute the second crew pulls over $\frac{80xy}{79}$ yards; ... the second is the faster crew.

Again, the second crew gains $\frac{xy}{70}$ yards in a minute;

: it gains $\frac{xy}{79} + \frac{8x}{9}$ yards in a stroke, or, $\frac{9y}{79 \times 8}$ yards.

Now it has to gain $\frac{4 \times 90y}{79}$ yards;

: it must take $\frac{4 \times 90y}{79} \div \frac{9y}{79 \times 8}$ strokes, or, 320 strokes.

57. Let x be the rate of the sculler; y the rate of the barges.

Then $\frac{b}{x}$ = time he takes to meet the first barge

 $\frac{a-b}{y} = \text{time the first barge takes to meet him.}$

Hence
$$\frac{b}{x} = \frac{a-b}{y}$$
, or, $\frac{b}{a-b} = \frac{x}{y}$. (1)

Also $\frac{b'}{x}$ = time he takes to overtake the second barge

 $\frac{b'-a}{y} = \text{time the second barge is in motion before he overtakes it;}$

$$\therefore \frac{b'}{x} = \frac{b'-a}{y}, \text{ or, } \frac{b'}{b'-a} = \frac{x}{y}$$
 (2)

From (1) and (2) $\frac{b}{a-b} = \frac{b'}{b'-a}$, or, bb'-ab = ab'-bb',

or
$$2bb' = ab + ab'$$
, or, $\frac{2bb'}{abb'} = \frac{ab}{abb'} + \frac{ab'}{abb'}$, or, $\frac{2}{a} = \frac{1}{b'} + \frac{1}{b}$.

 Let x be the number of feet passed over by the longer train in a second,

y the number of feet passed over by the shorter train in a second.

Then
$$\frac{3x}{2} + \frac{3y}{2} = 176$$
, and $6x - 6y = 176$.

Hence
$$x = \frac{220}{3}$$
 and $y = 44$.

Hence the longer train goes in miles per hour $\frac{220 \times 60 \times 60}{3 \times 3 \times 1760}$, or, 50.

and the shorter train goes in miles per hour $\frac{44 \times 60 \times 60}{3 \times 1760}$, or, 30.

59. Let x and y be the circumferences of the wheels in yards.

Then
$$\frac{120}{x} = \frac{120}{y} + 6$$
, and $\frac{120}{x + \frac{x}{4}} = \frac{120}{y + \frac{y}{5}} + 4$;

hence
$$\frac{20}{x} - \frac{20}{y} = 1$$
, and $\frac{96}{x} - \frac{100}{y} = 4$; $\therefore x = 4, y = 5$.

60. Let x be the number of hours he takes to go.

I 24

Then 10-x is the number of hours he takes to return,

and
$$x = \frac{2}{3}(10-x)$$
; whence $x = 4$, and $10-x = 6$.

Again let y be the number of miles per hour he can row in still water, and z the number of miles per hour the stream flows.

Then
$$y+z=5$$
, and $y-z=\frac{20}{6}$; whence $z=\frac{5}{6}$.

61. Let the digits commencing with the left be 1, a, b, c, d, e.

Then the number is 100000 + 10000a + 1000b + 100c + 10d + e.

When the 1 is removed to the unit's place

the new number is 100000a + 10000b + 1000c + 100d + 10e + 1.

Then
$$100000a + 10000b + 1000c + 100d + 10e + 1$$

$$=300000 + 30000a + 3000b + 300c + 30d + 3e$$

$$\therefore 70000a + 7000b + 700c + 70d + 7e = 299999$$

or,
$$10000a + 1000b + 100c + 10d + e = 42857$$

 \therefore 100000 + 10000a + 1000b + 100c + 10d + e = 142857 that is, the required number is 142857.

LXXX.

1.
$$4a^{2} + 12ab + 9b^{2} (2a + 3b)$$

$$4a^{2}$$

$$4a + 3b \sqrt{12ab + 9b^{2}}$$

$$12ab + 9b^{2}$$

9.
$$4n^{4} + 4n^{3} - 7n^{2} - 4n + 4 (2n^{2} + n - 2)$$

$$4n^{4} + n$$

$$4n^{3} + n^{2}$$

$$4n^{2} + 2n - 2$$

$$-8n^{2} - 4n + 4$$

$$-8n^{2} - 4n + 4$$

10.
$$1 - 6x + 13x^{3} + 12x^{3} + 4x4 (1 - 3x + 2x^{3})$$

$$2 - 3x - 6x + 13x^{3} - 6x + 9x^{3}$$

$$2 - 6x + 2x^{2} - 4x^{2} + 12x^{3} + 4x^{4} - 4x^{4} - 12x^{3} + 4x^{4}$$

11.
$$x^{6} - 4x^{6} + 10x^{4} - 12x^{3} + 9x^{2} (x^{3} - 2x^{2} + 3x)$$

$$x6$$

$$2x^{3} - 2x^{3} \overline{ -4x^{5} + 10x^{4} - 4x^{5} + 4x^{4}}$$

$$2x^{3} - 4x^{2} + 3x \overline{ -6x^{4} - 12x^{3} + 9x^{3} - 6x^{4} - 12x^{3} + 9x^{3}}$$

$$12. \begin{array}{c} 4y^{4} - 12y^{3}z + 25y^{2}z^{2} - 24yz^{3} + 16z^{4}(2y^{3} - 3yz + 4z) \\ 4y^{4} \\ \hline 4y^{2} - 3yz & -12y^{3}z + 25y^{2}z^{2} \\ -12y^{3}z + 9y^{2}z^{3} \\ \hline 4y^{2} - 6yz + 4z^{2} & 16y^{2}z^{2} - 24yz^{3} + 16z^{4} \\ \hline 16y^{2}z^{2} - 24yz^{3} + 16z^{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} a^{2} + 4ab + 4b^{2} + 9c^{2} + 6ac + 12bc (a + 2b + 3c \\ a^{2} \\ 2a + 2b \\ \hline & 4ab + 4b^{2} \\ 2a + 4b + 3c \\ \hline & 6ac + 12bc + 9c^{2} \\ 6ac + 12bc + 9c^{2} \\ 6ac + 12bc + 9c^{3} \\ \hline \\ 14. \qquad a^{6} + 2a^{5}b + 3a^{4}b^{2} + 4a^{3}b^{3} + 3a^{2}b^{4} + 2ab^{5} + b^{6} (a^{3} + a^{2}b + ab^{2} + b^{3} \\ \hline & 2a^{3} + a^{2}b \\ \hline & 2a^{5}b + 3a^{4}b^{2} \\ \hline & 2a^{5}b + a^{4}b^{2} \\ \hline & 2a^{3}b^{2} + 2a^{2}b + ab^{2} \\ \hline & 2a^{4}b^{2} + 4a^{3}b^{3} + 3a^{2}b^{4} \\ \hline & 2a^{3}b^{2} + 2a^{2}b^{4} + 2ab^{5} + b^{6} \\ \hline & 2a^{3}b^{3} + 2a^{2}b^{$$

17.
$$9 - 24x + 58x^{3} - 116x^{3} + 129x^{4} - 140x^{5} + 100x^{6}(3 - 4x + 7x^{3} - 10x^{3})$$

$$6 - 4x - 24x + 58x^{3} - 24x + 16x^{3}$$

$$6 - 8x + 7x^{3} - 42x^{2} - 116x^{3} + 129x^{4} - 42x^{2} - 56x^{3} + 49x^{4}$$

$$6 - 8x + 14x^{2} - 10x^{3} - 60x^{3} + 80x^{4} - 140x^{5} + 100x^{6} - 60x^{3} + 80x^{4} - 140x^{5} + 100x^{6}$$

$$18. \qquad 16a^{4} - 40a^{3}b + 25a^{2}b^{2} - 80ab^{2}x + 64b^{2}x^{3} + 64a^{2}bx(4a^{2} - 5ab + 8bx) \\ 16a^{4} \\ 8a^{3} - 5ab \qquad -40a^{3}b + 25a^{2}b^{3} \\ -40a^{3}b + 25a^{2}b^{3} \\ 8a^{2} - 10ab + 8bx \qquad 64a^{2}bx - 80ab^{2}x + 64b^{2}x^{3} \\ 64a^{2}bx - 80ab^{2}x + 64b^{2}x^{3}$$

19.
$$9a^{4} - 24a^{3}p^{3} - 30a^{2}t + 16a^{2}p^{6} + 40ap^{3}t + 25t^{2}(3a^{2} - 4ap^{3} - 5t)$$

$$9a^{4}$$

$$-24a^{3}p^{3} + 16a^{2}p^{6}$$

$$-24a^{3}p^{3} + 16a^{2}p^{6}$$

$$-24a^{3}p^{3} + 16a^{2}p^{6}$$

$$-30a^{2}t + 40ap^{3}t + 25t^{3}$$

$$-30a^{2}t + 40ap^{3}t + 25t^{3}$$

$$20, \qquad 4y^4x^2 - 12y^3x^3 + 17y^2x^4 - 12yx^5 + 4x^6 (2y^2x - 3yx^3 + 2x^3 + 2x^3 + 2y^2x - 3yx^2 + 2x^3 + 17y^2x^4 - 12y^3x^3 + 9y^2x^4 - 12y^3x^3 + 9y^2x^4 - 12yx^5 + 4x^6 \\ 8y^2x^4 - 12yx^5 + 4x^6$$

$$21. \qquad 25\dot{x}^{4}y^{2} - 30x^{3}y^{3} + 29x^{2}y^{4} - 12xy^{5} + 4y^{6}(5x^{2}y - 3xy^{2} + 2y^{3} + 29x^{2}y^{4} - 30x^{3}y^{3} + 29x^{2}y^{4} - 30x^{3}y^{3} + 9x^{2}y^{2} - 30x^{3}y^{3} + 9x^{2}y^{2} - 30x^{2}y^{4} - 12xy^{5} + 4y^{6} - 20x^{2}y^{4} - 12xy^{5} + 4y^{6} - 20x^{2}y^{4} - 12xy^{5} + 4y^{6}$$

22.
$$16x^{4} - 24x^{3}y + 25x^{2}y^{2} - 12xy^{3} + 4y^{4}(4x^{2} - 3xy + 2y^{2})$$

$$16x^{4}$$

$$8x^{2} - 3xy$$

$$-24x^{3}y + 25x^{2}y^{2}$$

$$-24x^{3}y + 9x^{2}y^{2}$$

$$8x^{2} - 6xy + 2y^{2}$$

$$16x^{2}y^{2} - 12xy^{3} + 4y^{4}$$

$$16x^{2}y^{2} - 12xy^{3} + 4y^{4}$$

$$23. \qquad 9a^{2} - 12ab + 24ac - 16bc + 4b^{2} + 16c^{2} (3a - 2b + 4c)$$

$$6a - 2b \qquad -12ab + 4b^{2}$$

$$-12ab + 4b^{2}$$

$$24ac - 16bc + 16c^{2}$$

$$24ac - 16bc + 16c^{2}$$

24.
$$x^{4} + 19x^{2} + 25 - 6x^{3} - 30x (x^{2} - 3x + 5)$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$2x^{2} - 3x$$

$$-6x^{3} + 19x^{2}$$

$$-6x^{3} + 9x^{2}$$

$$10x^{2} - 30x + 25$$

$$10x^{2} - 30x + 25$$

25.
$$25x^{2} - 20xy + 4y^{2} + 9z^{2} - 12yz + 30xz (5x - 2y + 3z)$$

$$25x^{2}$$

$$10x - 2y - 20xy + 4y^{2}$$

$$- 20xy + 4y^{2}$$

$$- 20xy + 4y^{2}$$

$$30xz - 12yz + 9z^{2}$$

$$30xz - 12yz + 9z^{3}$$
26.
$$4x^{4} - 4x^{2}y + 4x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4} - 2y^{3} + y^{2} (2x^{3} - y + y^{3} + y^{4} + y^{2} + y^{4} +$$

LXXXI.

1.
$$4a^{6} + \frac{a^{2}b^{4}}{16} - a^{4}b^{3} (2a^{3} - \frac{ab^{3}}{4})$$

$$4a^{6} - a^{4}b^{2} + \frac{a^{2}b^{4}}{16}$$

$$-a^{4}b^{2} + \frac{a^{2}b^{4}}{16}$$
2.
$$\frac{9}{a^{3}} - 2 + \frac{a^{2}}{9} \left(\frac{3}{a} - \frac{a}{3}\right)$$

$$\frac{9}{a^{3}}$$

$$\frac{6}{a} - \frac{a}{3} - 2 + \frac{a^{2}}{9}$$

$$-2 + \frac{a^{2}}{9}$$

3.
$$a^{4}-2+\frac{1}{a^{4}}(a^{2}-\frac{1}{a^{2}})$$

$$2a^{2}-\frac{1}{a^{2}}$$

$$-2+\frac{1}{a^{4}}$$

$$-2+\frac{1}{a^{4}}$$
4.
$$\frac{a^{2}}{b^{2}}+2+\frac{b^{2}}{a^{2}}\left(\frac{a}{b}+\frac{b}{a}\right)$$

$$\frac{a^{2}}{b^{2}}$$

$$2+\frac{b^{2}}{a^{2}}$$

$$2+\frac{b^{2}}{a^{2}}$$
5.
$$x^{4}-2x^{3}+2x^{2}-x+\frac{1}{4}(x^{2}-x+\frac{1}{2})$$

$$2x^{2}-x$$

$$-2x^{3}+2x^{2}$$

$$2x^{2}-x+\frac{1}{2}$$

$$x^{4}-2x^{3}+x^{2}$$

$$2x^{2}-x+\frac{1}{4}$$

$$x^{3}-x+\frac{1}{4}$$

$$x^{3}-x+\frac{1}{4}$$

$$2x^{2}+x$$

$$2x^{3}-x$$

$$2x^{3}+x^{2}$$

$$2x^{2}+x$$

$$2x^{3}-x$$

$$2x^{3}+x^{2}$$

$$-x^{2}-x+\frac{1}{4}$$

$$-x^{3}-x+\frac{1}{4}$$

8.

7.
$$4a^{2} - 12ab + ab^{2} + 9b^{2} - \frac{3b^{3}}{2} + \frac{b^{4}}{16}(2a - 3b + \frac{b^{2}}{4})$$

$$4a - 3b \sqrt{\frac{4a^{2}}{-12ab + ab^{2} + 9b^{2}}{-12ab + 9b^{2}}}$$

$$4a - 6b + \frac{b^{2}}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ab^{2} - \frac{3b^{3}}{2} + \frac{b^{4}}{16}}{ab^{2} - \frac{3b^{3}}{2} + \frac{b^{4}}{16}}}$$

$$x^{4} + 8x^{3} + 24 + \frac{16}{x^{4}} + \frac{32}{x^{3}} (x^{2} + 4 + \frac{4}{x^{3}})$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$2x^{3} + 4$$

$$8x^{2} + 24$$

$$8x^{3} + 16$$

$$2x^{3} + 8 + \frac{4}{x^{3}}$$

$$8 + \frac{32}{x^{3}} + \frac{16}{x^{4}}$$

$$8 + \frac{32}{x^{2}} + \frac{16}{x^{4}}$$

9.
$$\frac{16}{9}a^{6}x^{2} + \frac{16}{3}a^{5}x + 4a^{4} - 2a^{3}x - 3a^{2} + \frac{9}{16}\left(\frac{4a^{3}x}{3} + 2a^{2} - \frac{3}{4}\right)$$

$$\frac{16}{9}a^{6}x^{2}$$

$$\frac{16}{3}a^{6}x + 4a^{4}$$

$$\frac{16}{3}a^{5}x + 4a^{4}$$

$$-2a^{3}x - 3a^{2} + \frac{9}{16}$$

$$-2a^{3}x - 3a^{2} + \frac{9}{16}$$

10.
$$\frac{1}{x^3} - \frac{4}{xy} + \frac{4}{y^2} + \frac{6}{6x^2} - \frac{12}{y^2} + \frac{9}{x^2} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{2}{y} + \frac{3}{z}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{2}{x} - \frac{2}{y} \qquad -\frac{4}{xy} + \frac{4}{y^3}$$

$$-\frac{4}{xy} + \frac{4}{y^2}$$

$$\frac{6}{x^2} - \frac{12}{y^2} + \frac{9}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{6}{x^2} - \frac{12}{y^2} + \frac{9}{x^2}$$
11.
$$36m^2 - \frac{48m}{n} + \frac{16}{n^3} + \frac{12mp}{5} - \frac{8p}{5n} + \frac{p^2}{25} \left(6m - \frac{4}{n} + \frac{p}{5}\right)$$

$$\frac{36m^2}{48m} + \frac{16}{n^3}$$

$$12m - \frac{4}{n} \qquad -\frac{48m}{n} + \frac{16}{n^3}$$

$$12m - \frac{8}{n} + \frac{p}{5} \qquad \frac{12mp}{5} - \frac{8p}{5n} + \frac{p^2}{25}$$

$$\frac{12mp}{5} - \frac{8p}{5n} + \frac{p^2}{25}$$

$$\frac{12mp}{5} - \frac{8p}{5n} + \frac{p^2}{25}$$

$$\frac{12mp}{5} - \frac{8p}{5n} + \frac{p^2}{49}$$

$$\frac{2abe}{6abcd + 9c^2d^2} - \frac{6cdef}{7} + \frac{e^3f^2}{49}$$

$$2ab - 6cd + \frac{ef}{7} \qquad \frac{2abef}{7} - \frac{6cdef}{7} + \frac{e^2f^2}{49}$$

13.
$$\frac{4x^{2}}{z^{2}} - \frac{12xy}{z^{2}} + \frac{9y^{2}}{z^{2}} + 4 - \frac{6y}{x} + \frac{z^{2}}{x^{2}} \left(\frac{2x}{z} - \frac{3y}{z} + \frac{z}{x}\right)$$

$$\frac{4x^{3}}{z^{3}}$$

$$-\frac{12xy}{z^{2}} + \frac{9y^{2}}{z^{2}}$$

$$-\frac{12xy}{z^{2}} + \frac{9y^{3}}{z^{3}}$$

$$\frac{4x}{z} - \frac{3y}{z} + \frac{z}{x}$$

$$4 - \frac{6y}{x} + \frac{z^{3}}{x^{2}}$$

$$4 - \frac{6y}{x} + \frac{z^{3}}{x^{3}}$$

14.
$$\frac{4m^{2}}{n^{2}} - \frac{16m}{n} + 4 + \frac{24n}{m} + \frac{9n^{2}}{m^{2}} \left(\frac{2m}{n} - 4 - \frac{3n}{m}\right)$$

$$\frac{4m^{2}}{n^{2}}$$

$$-\frac{16m}{n} + 4$$

$$-\frac{16m}{n} + 16$$

$$-12 + \frac{24n}{m} + \frac{9n^{2}}{m^{2}}$$

$$-12 + \frac{24n}{m} + \frac{9n^{2}}{m^{2}}$$

15.
$$\frac{a^{2}}{9} - \frac{ab}{6} + \frac{b^{2}}{16} + \frac{2ac}{15} - \frac{bc}{10} + \frac{c^{3}}{25} - \frac{ad}{3} + \frac{bd}{4} - \frac{cd}{5} + \frac{d^{2}}{4}$$

$$\frac{a^{2}}{9} \qquad \qquad \left(\frac{a}{3} - \frac{b}{4} + \frac{c}{5} - \frac{d}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{2a}{3} - \frac{b}{4} \qquad -\frac{ab}{6} + \frac{b^{2}}{16}$$

$$\frac{2a}{3} - \frac{b}{2} + \frac{c}{5} \qquad \frac{2ac}{15} - \frac{bc}{10} + \frac{c^{3}}{25}$$

$$\frac{2ac}{15} - \frac{bc}{10} + \frac{c^{3}}{25}$$

$$-\frac{ad}{3} + \frac{bd}{4} - \frac{cd}{5} + \frac{d^{2}}{4}$$

$$14x^{3} - 2x \qquad -28x^{3} - 17x^{2}$$

$$-28x^{3} - 17x^{2}$$

$$-28x^{3} + 4x^{2}$$

$$-21x^{2} + 6x + \frac{9}{4}$$

$$-3ax^{3} + \frac{a^{2}x^{2}}{4} - abx^{2} + b^{2}x^{2} \left(3x^{3} - \frac{ax}{2} + bx\right)$$

$$-3ax^{3} + \frac{a^{2}x^{3}}{4}$$

18.
$$9x^{4} - 2x^{3} - \frac{161}{9}x^{2} + 2x + 9 \left(3x^{2} - \frac{x}{3} - 3\right)$$
$$-2x^{3} - \frac{161}{9}x^{2}$$
$$-2x^{3} + \frac{x^{2}}{9}$$
$$-2x^{3} + \frac{x^{2}}{9}$$
$$-18x^{2} + 2x + 9$$
$$-18x^{2} + 2x + 9$$

6.
$$27x^{6} - 54x^{5} + 63x^{4} - 44x^{3} + 21x^{2} - 6x + 1(3x^{2} - 2x + 1)$$

$$27x^{6}$$

$$27x^{4} - 18x^{3} + 4x^{2}$$

$$-54x^{5} + 63x^{4} - 44x^{3}$$

$$-54x^{5} + 36x^{4} - 8x^{3}$$

$$27x^{4} - 36x^{3} + 21x^{2} - 6x + 1$$

$$27x^{4} - 36x^{3} + 21x^{2} - 6x + 1$$

$$27x^{4} - 36x^{3} + 21x^{2} - 6x + 1$$

7.
$$1 - 3a + 6a^{2} - 7a^{3} + 6a^{4} - 3a^{5} + a^{6} (1 - a + a^{2})$$

$$3 - 3a + a^{3}$$

$$- 3a + 6a^{2} - 7a^{3}$$

$$- 3a + 6a^{2} - 7a^{3}$$

$$- 3a + 3a^{2} - a^{3}$$

$$3a^{2} - 6a^{3} + 6a^{4} - 3a^{5} + a^{6}$$

$$3a^{2} - 6a^{3} + 6a^{4} - 3a^{5} + a^{6}$$

$$8. \qquad x^{3} - 3x^{2}y + 3xy^{2} - y^{3} + 8x^{3} + 6x^{2}z - 12xyz + 6y^{2}z + 12xz^{2} - 12yz^{2}$$

$$x^{3} \qquad (z - y + 2z)$$

$$3x^{2} - 3xy + y^{2} \sqrt{-3x^{2}y + 3xy^{2} - y^{2}}$$

$$-3x^{2}y + 3xy^{2} - y^{3}$$

$$3x^{3} - 6xy + 3y^{2} \sqrt{6x^{2}z - 12xyz + 6y^{2}z + 12xz^{2} - 12yz^{2} + \frac{6}{2}z^{2}}$$

$$+ 6xz - 6yz + 4z^{2} \sqrt{6x^{2}z - 12xyz + 6y^{2}z + 12xz^{2} - 12yz^{2} + \frac{6}{2}z^{2}}$$

9.
$$a^{4} - 12a^{5} + 54a^{4} - 112a^{2} + 108a^{2} - 48a + 8(a^{2} - 4a + 2a^{2} + 108a^{2} - 48a + 8(a^{2} - 4a + 2a^{2} + 108a^{2} - 48a + 8(a^{2} - 4a + 2a^{2} + 108a^{2} - 48a^{2} + 112a^{2} - 12a^{5} + 48a^{4} - 112a^{2} - 12a^{5} + 48a^{4} - 64a^{2}$$

$$3a^{4} - 24a^{2} + 54a^{2} - 24a + 8 = 6a^{4} - 48a^{2} + 108a^{2} - 48a + 3$$

$$6a^{4} - 48a^{2} + 108a^{2} - 48a + 3$$

LXXXIV.

and the square root of $4a^2 - 12ax + 9x^2$ is 2a - 3x.

2.
$$1 - 8a + 24a^{2} - 32a^{3} + 16a^{4} (1 - 4a + 4a^{2})$$

$$2 - 4a - 8a + 24a^{2}$$

$$- 8a + 24a^{2}$$

$$- 8a + 16a^{2}$$

$$2 - 8a + 4a^{2}$$

$$8a^{2} - 32a^{3} + 16a^{4}$$

$$8a^{2} - 32a^{3} + 16a^{4}$$

and the square root of $1-4a+4a^2$ is 1-2a.

3.
$$625 + 2000x + 2400x^{2} + 1280x^{3} + 256x^{4}(25 + 40x + 16x^{2} + 40x + 16x^{2})$$

$$50 + 40x$$

$$2000x + 2400x^{2}$$

$$2000x + 1600x^{2}$$

$$50 + 80x + 16x^{2}$$

$$800x^{2} + 1280x^{3} + 256x^{4}$$

$$800x^{2} + 1280x^{3} + 256x^{4}$$

and the square root of $25 + 40x + 16x^2$ is 5 + 4x.

$$4. \qquad a^{6} - 6a^{5}b + 15a^{4}b^{2} - 20a^{3}b^{3} + 15a^{2}b^{4} - 6ab^{5} + b^{6}(a^{8} - 3a^{2}b + 3ab^{2} - b^{3})$$

$$2a^{3} - 3a^{2}b \qquad - 6a^{5}b + 15a^{4}b^{2} - 6a^{5}b + 9a^{4}b^{2}$$

$$2a^{3} - 6a^{2}b + 3ab^{2} \qquad 6a^{4}b^{2} - 20a^{3}b^{3} + 15a^{2}b^{4} - 6a^{4}b^{2} - 18a^{3}b^{3} + 9a^{2}b^{4}$$

$$2a^{3} - 6a^{2}b + 6ab^{2} - b^{3} \qquad - 2a^{3}b^{3} + 6a^{2}b^{4} - 6ab^{5} + b^{6} - 2a^{3}b^{3} + 6a^{2}b^{4} - 6ab^{5} + b^{6}$$

and the cube root of $a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3$ is a - b.

5.
$$x^{6} + 6x^{5} + 15x^{4} + 20x^{3} + 15x^{2} + 6x + 1(x^{3} + 3x^{2} + 3x + 1$$

$$x^{6}$$

$$2x^{3} + 3x^{2}$$

$$6x^{5} + 15x^{4}$$

$$6x^{5} + 9x^{4}$$

$$2x^{3} + 6x^{2} + 3x$$

$$6x^{4} + 20x^{3} + 15x^{2}$$

$$6x^{4} + 18x^{3} + 9x^{2}$$

$$2x^{3} + 6x^{2} + 6x + 1$$

$$2x^{3} + 6x^{2} + 6x + 1$$

and the cube root of x^3+3x^2+3x+1 is x+1.

6. $m^{6} - 12m^{5} + 60m^{4} - 160m^{3} + 240m^{2} - 192m + 64(m^{3} - 6m^{2} + 12m - 8)$ m^{6} $2m^{3} - 6m^{2} - 12m^{5} + 60m^{4} - 12m^{5} + 36m^{4}$ $2m^{3} - 12m^{2} + 24m^{4} - 160m^{3} + 240m^{2}$ $24m^{4} - 144m^{3} + 144m^{2}$ $2m^{3} - 12m^{2} + 24m - 8 - 16m^{3} + 96m^{2} - 192m + 64 - 16m^{3} + 96m^{2} - 192m + 64$ and the cube root of $m^{3} - 6m^{2} + 12m - 8$ is m - 2.

LXXXV.

1.
$$x = \pm 8$$
.

2.
$$x = \pm ab$$
.

3.
$$x^2 = 10000$$
; $x = \pm 100$.

4.
$$x^2 = 49$$
; $x = \pm 7$.

5.
$$3x^2=33$$
; $x^2=11$; $x=\pm\sqrt{11}$.

6.
$$x^2 = 64a^4c^6$$
, etc.

7.
$$4x^2-48=3x^2-12$$
; $x^2=36$, etc.

8.
$$250000 - x^2 = 233359$$
; $x^2 = 16641$; $x = \pm 129$.

9.
$$8112=3x^2$$
; $x^2=2704$, etc.

10.
$$\frac{11x^2}{2} - 18x + 65 = 9x^2 - 18x + 9$$
; $11x^2 - 18x^2 = -112$; $7x^3 = 112$, etc.

11.
$$mx^2 = q - n$$
; $x^2 = \frac{q - n}{m}$, etc.

12.
$$x^3 - ax + b = ax^3 - ax$$
; $ax^3 - x^3 = b$; $x^3 = \frac{b}{a-1}$, etc.

13.
$$180x^3 - 225 = 114x^2 + 171$$
; $66x^3 = 396$; $x^3 = 6$, etc.

14.
$$42x^3 - 126 = 35x^3 - 70$$
; $7x^3 = 56$; $x^3 = 8$; $x^3 = 4 \times 2$; $x = \pm 2\sqrt{2}$.

LXXXVI.

1.
$$x^2+6x+9=81$$
; $x+3=\pm 9$, etc.

2.
$$x^2+12x+36=100$$
; $x+6=\pm 10$, etc.

3.
$$x^2+14x+49=64$$
; $x+7=\pm 8$, etc.

4.
$$x^2 + 46x + 529 = 625$$
; $x + 23 = \pm 25$, etc.

5.
$$x^2 + 128x + 4096 = 4489$$
; $x + 64 = \pm 67$, etc.

6.
$$x^2+8x+16=81$$
; $x+4=\pm 9$, etc.

7.
$$x^2 + 18x + 81 = 324$$
; $x + 9 = \pm 18$, etc.

8.
$$x^3 + 16x + 64 = 484$$
; $x + 8 = \pm 22$, etc.

LXXXVII.

1.
$$x^2-6x+9=16$$
; $x-3=\pm 4$, etc.

2.
$$x^3-4x+4=9$$
; $x-2=\pm 3$, etc.

3.
$$x^2 - 20x + 100 = 121$$
; $x - 10 = \pm 11$, etc.

4.
$$x^2-2x+1=64$$
; $x-1=\pm 8$, etc.

5.
$$x^2-12x+36=4$$
; $x-6=\pm 2$, etc.

6.
$$x^2-14x+49=4$$
; $x-7=\pm 2$, etc.

7.
$$x^2 - 234x + 13689 = 1$$
; $x - 117 = \pm 1$, etc.

8.
$$x^3 - 5x + 6 = 15x + 42$$
; $x^3 - 20x = 36$; $x^3 - 20x + 100 = 136$; $x - 10 = \pm \sqrt{4 \times 34}$; $x = 10 \pm 2\sqrt{34}$.

9.
$$3x^2 - 17x - 2x^3 - 5x + 120 = 0$$
; $x^2 - 22x + 121 = 1$, etc.

10.
$$x^2 - 10x + 25 + x^2 - 14x + 49 = x^2 - 8x + 46$$
; $x^2 - 16x = -28$, etc.

LXXXVIII.

1.
$$x^2 + 7x + \frac{49}{4} = \frac{169}{4}$$
; $x + \frac{7}{2} = \pm \frac{13}{2}$, etc.

2.
$$x^2 - 11x + \frac{121}{4} = \frac{169}{4}$$
; $x - \frac{11}{2} = \pm \frac{13}{2}$, etc.

3.
$$x^3 + 9x + \frac{81}{4} = \frac{256}{4}$$
; $x + \frac{9}{2} = \pm \frac{16}{2}$, etc.

4.
$$x^2 - 13x + \frac{169}{4} = \frac{729}{4}$$
; $x - \frac{13}{2} = \pm \frac{27}{2}$, etc.

5.
$$x^2 + x + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{9}{16}$$
; $x + \frac{1}{2} = \pm \frac{3}{4}$, etc.

6.
$$x^2-x+\frac{1}{4}=\frac{289}{4}$$
; $x-\frac{1}{2}=\pm\frac{17}{2}$, etc.

7.
$$x^3 + 37x + \frac{1369}{4} = \frac{16129}{4}$$
; $x + \frac{37}{2} = \pm \frac{127}{2}$, etc.

8.
$$x^2-x+\frac{1}{4}=\frac{225}{4}$$
; $x-\frac{1}{2}=\pm\frac{15}{2}$, etc.

9.
$$5x - x^2 + 2x^3 - 14x - 10x + 60 = 0$$
; $x^3 - 19x = -60$; $x^2 - 19x + \frac{361}{4} = \frac{121}{4}$, etc.

to.
$$35x^3 - 312x + 693 - 34x^3 + 21x + 45 = 448$$
; $x^3 - 291x = -290$; $x^2 - 291x + \frac{84681}{4} = \frac{83521}{4}$; $x - \frac{291}{2} = \pm \frac{289}{2}$, etc.

LXXXIX.

1.
$$x^2 - \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{36}{9}$$
; $x - \frac{1}{3} = \pm \frac{6}{3}$, etc.

2.
$$x^2 + \frac{4}{5}x + \frac{4}{25} = \frac{1}{25}$$
; $x + \frac{2}{5} = \pm \frac{1}{5}$, etc.

3.
$$x^3 - \frac{28x}{9} + \frac{196}{81} = \frac{169}{81}$$
; $x - \frac{14}{9} = \pm \frac{13}{9}$, etc.

4.
$$x^2 - \frac{8}{11}x + \frac{16}{121} = \frac{49}{121}$$
; $x - \frac{4}{11} = \pm \frac{7}{11}$, etc.

5.
$$x^3 + \frac{4}{35}x + \frac{4}{1225} = \frac{529}{1225}$$
; $x + \frac{2}{35} = \pm \frac{23}{35}$, etc.

6.
$$x^2 - \frac{16}{5}x + \frac{64}{25} = \frac{144}{25}$$
; $x - \frac{8}{5} = \pm \frac{12}{5}$, etc.

7.
$$x^3 - \frac{26}{3}x + \frac{169}{9} = \frac{121}{9}$$
; $x - \frac{13}{3} = \pm \frac{11}{3}$, etc.

8.
$$x^3 - \frac{4}{7}x + \frac{4}{49} = \frac{2209}{49}$$
; $x - \frac{2}{7} = \pm \frac{47}{7}$, etc.

XC.

1.
$$x^2 - \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{36} = \frac{289}{36}$$
; $x - \frac{1}{6} = \pm \frac{17}{6}$, etc.

2.
$$x^3 - \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1}{100} = \frac{9801}{100}$$
; $x - \frac{1}{10} = \pm \frac{99}{10}$, etc.

3.
$$x^2 + \frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{16} = \frac{625}{16}$$
; $x + \frac{1}{4} = \pm \frac{25}{4}$, etc.

4.
$$x^3 + \frac{3}{2}x + \frac{9}{16} = \frac{1225}{16}$$
; $x + \frac{3}{4} = \pm \frac{35}{4}$, etc.

5.
$$x^2 - \frac{9}{5}x + \frac{81}{100} = \frac{1681}{100}$$
; $x - \frac{9}{10} = \pm \frac{41}{10}$, etc.

6.
$$x^2 - \frac{11}{2}x + \frac{121}{16} = \frac{25}{16}$$
; $x - \frac{11}{4} = \pm \frac{5}{4}$, etc.

7.
$$x^3 - \frac{15}{4}x + \frac{225}{64} = \frac{2401}{64}$$
; $x - \frac{15}{8} = \pm \frac{49}{8}$, etc.

8.
$$x^3 - \frac{23}{7}x + \frac{529}{196} = \frac{676}{196}$$
; $x - \frac{23}{14} = \pm \frac{26}{14}$, etc.

XCI.

1.
$$x^2 + 2ax + a^2 = 2a^2$$
; $x + a = \pm \sqrt{2}a$, etc.

2.
$$x^2 - 4ax + 4a^2 = 11a^2$$
; $x - 2a = \pm \sqrt{11.a}$, etc.

3.
$$x^2 + 3mx + \frac{9m^2}{4} = 4m^2$$
; $x + \frac{3m}{2} = \pm 2m$, etc.

4.
$$x^2 - \frac{5nx}{2} + \frac{25n^2}{16} = \frac{49n^2}{16}$$
; $x - \frac{5n}{4} = \pm \frac{7n}{4}$, etc.

5.
$$x^2 + (a-1)x + \frac{(a-1)^2}{4} = \frac{a^2 + 2a + 1}{4}$$
; $x + \frac{a-1}{2} = \pm \frac{a+1}{2}$, etc.

6.
$$x^2 + (a-b)x + \frac{(a-b)^2}{4} = \frac{(a+b)^2}{4}$$
; $x + \frac{a-b}{2} = \pm \frac{a+b}{2}$, etc.

7.
$$\frac{a^2}{(x+a)^2} = \frac{b^2}{(x-a)^2}$$
; and, taking the square root of each side,
 $\frac{a}{x+a} = \pm \frac{b}{x-a}$, etc.

8.
$$acx^2 - adx + bcx = bd$$
; $x^2 + \frac{bc - ad}{ac}x = \frac{bd}{ac}$;

$$x^{2} + \frac{bc - ad}{ac}x + \frac{(bc - ad)^{2}}{4a^{2}c^{3}} = \frac{(bc + ad)^{2}}{4a^{2}c^{3}};$$

$$x + \frac{bc - ad}{2ac} = \pm \frac{bc + ad}{2ac}$$
; $x = \frac{2ad}{ac}$ or $-\frac{2bc}{2ac}$, etc.

9.
$$(a+b)x^2-cx=\frac{ac}{a+b}$$
; $x^2-\frac{cx}{a+b}=\frac{ac}{(a+b)^2}$;

$$x^2 - \frac{cx}{a+b} + \frac{c^2}{4(a+b)^2} = \frac{c^2 + 4ac}{4(a+b)^2}$$
; $x - \frac{c}{2(a+b)} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{c^2 + 4ac}}{2(a+b)}$, etc.

10.
$$x^2 - \frac{2b^2x}{ac} = -\frac{b^4}{a^2c^2}$$
; $x^2 - \frac{2b^2x}{ac} + \frac{b^4}{a^2c^2} = 0$; $x - \frac{b^2}{ac} = 0$; $x = \frac{b^2}{ac}$.

11.
$$x^2 + \frac{3a^2 + b^2}{abc}x = \frac{6a^2 + ab - 2b^2}{abc^2}$$
;

$$x^2 + \frac{3a^2 + b^2}{abc}x + \frac{(3a^2 + b^2)^3}{4a^2b^2c^2} = \frac{24a^3b + 4a^2b^2}{4a^2b^2c^2} - \frac{8ab^3 + 9a^4 + 6a^2b^2 + b^4}{4a^2b^2c^2}$$

$$x + \frac{3a^2 + b^2}{2abc} = \pm \frac{3a^2 + 4ab - b^2}{2abc}$$
, etc.

12.
$$x^{2} + \frac{4a^{2}c^{2} + 4abd^{2}}{4a^{2} - 9cd^{2}}x = -\frac{a^{2}c^{4} + 2abc^{2}d^{2} + b^{2}d^{4}}{4a^{2} - 9cd^{2}};$$

$$x^{2} + \frac{4a^{2}c^{2} + 4abd^{2}}{4a^{2} - 9cd^{2}}x + \frac{(2a^{2}c^{2} + 2abd^{2})^{2}}{(4a^{2} - 9cd^{2})^{2}} = \frac{9cd^{2}(a^{2}c^{4} + 2abc^{2}d^{2} + b^{2}d^{4})}{(4a^{2} - 9cd^{2})^{2}};$$

$$x + \frac{2a^{2}c^{3} + 2abd^{2}}{4a^{2} - 9cd^{2}} = \pm \frac{3d\sqrt{c}.(ac^{2} + bd^{2})}{4a^{2} - 9cd^{2}};$$

$$x = \frac{-2a(ac^{2} + bd^{2}) \pm 3d\sqrt{c}.(ac^{2} + bd^{2})}{4a^{2} - 9cd^{2}};$$

$$x = \frac{(-2a \pm 3d\sqrt{c})(ac^{2} + bd^{2})}{(2a + 3d\sqrt{c})(2a - 3d\sqrt{c})}, \text{ etc.}$$

XCII.

1.
$$x^2 - 7x = 8$$
; $x^2 - 7x + \frac{49}{4} = \frac{81}{4}$; $x - \frac{7}{2} = \pm \frac{9}{2}$, etc.

2.
$$x^2 - 5x = 6$$
; $x^2 - 5x + \frac{25}{4} = \frac{49}{4}$; $x - \frac{5}{2} = \pm \frac{7}{2}$, etc.

3.
$$x^2 - 11x = 12$$
; $x^2 - 11x + \frac{121}{4} = \frac{169}{4}$; $x - \frac{11}{2} = \pm \frac{13}{2}$, etc.

4.
$$x^2 - 13x = 14$$
; $x^3 - 13x + \frac{169}{4} = \frac{225}{4}$; $x - \frac{13}{2} = \pm \frac{15}{2}$, etc.

5.
$$x^2 + 7x = 18$$
; $x^2 + 7x + \frac{49}{4} = \frac{121}{4}$; $x + \frac{7}{2} = \pm \frac{11}{2}$, etc.

6.
$$4x^2 - 12x - 12 + x = 22x - 66$$
; $4x^2 - 33x = -54$; $x^2 - \frac{33x}{4} = -\frac{54}{4}$; $x^3 - \frac{33x}{4} + \frac{1089}{64} = \frac{225}{64}$; $x - \frac{33}{8} = \pm \frac{15}{8}$, etc.

7.
$$x^2 - 9x + \frac{81}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$
; $x - \frac{9}{2} = \pm \frac{1}{2}$, etc.

8.
$$10x^2 - 30x - 6x + 6 = 7x^2 - 27x + 18$$
; $3x^2 - 9x = 12$; $x^2 - 3x = 4$, etc.

16.
$$x^2 - 2x = -2i$$
; $x^2 - 2x - \frac{5i}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$; $x - \frac{9}{3} = \pm \frac{1}{3}$, etc.

$$2 + \frac{15\pi}{54} = \frac{15\pi}{54}$$
; $2 + \frac{15\pi}{54} + \frac{205}{11664} = \frac{27025}{11664}$; $3 - \frac{15}{116} = \frac{116}{1166}$ me.

$$x^2 - \frac{36\pi}{7} = 17$$
; $x^2 - \frac{36\pi}{7} - \frac{1521}{196} = \frac{3461}{196}$; $x - \frac{39}{14} = \frac{3}{14}$, each

21.
$$8a^2 - 27a + 9a^2 + 16a - 77 = 7a^2 + 35a$$
; $7a^2 - 33a = 77$ etc.

22.
$$x^2 - 6x + 9 - 4x = 41$$
; $x^2 - 2x = 35$, etc.

23.
$$x^3 + 11x = 7x^3 - 9 - 4x$$
; $6x^3 - 15x = 9$; $2x^3 - 5x = 3$; $x^3 - \frac{5x}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$; $x^3 - \frac{5x}{2} + \frac{25}{16} = \frac{49}{16}$; $x - \frac{5}{4} = \pm \frac{7}{4}$, etc.

24.
$$x^2 + \frac{x}{6} = \frac{2}{6}$$
; $x^2 + \frac{x}{6} + \frac{1}{144} = \frac{49}{144}$; $x + \frac{1}{12} = \pm \frac{7}{12}$, etc.

25.
$$x^2 - \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{16} = \frac{25}{144}$$
; $x - \frac{1}{4} = \pm \frac{5}{12}$, etc.

26.
$$x^2-x+\frac{1}{4}=\frac{841}{4}$$
; $x-\frac{1}{2}=\pm\frac{29}{2}$, etc.

27.
$$6x + 2x + 2 = 3x^2 + 3x$$
; $3x^2 - 5x = 2$; $x^2 - \frac{5x}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$, etc.

28.
$$4x^2-33=x$$
; $x^2-\frac{x}{4}=\frac{33}{4}$; $x^2-\frac{x}{4}+\frac{1}{64}=\frac{529}{64}$, etc.

29.
$$2x^2 = 3x^2 - 3x + 2x^2 - 4x + 2$$
; $x^3 - \frac{7x}{3} = -\frac{2}{3}$, etc.

30.
$$x^3 - \frac{7x}{15} = \frac{46}{15}$$
; $x^2 - \frac{7x}{15} + \frac{49}{900} = \frac{2809}{900}$; $x - \frac{7}{30} = \pm \frac{53}{30}$, etc.

31.
$$5x + 10 - 10x + 20 = 3x^2 - 12$$
; $x^2 + \frac{5x}{2} = 14$, etc.

32.
$$4x^2 - 100 + 40x - 4x^2 = 75x - 15x^2$$
; $15x^2 - 35x = 100$; $x^3 - \frac{7x}{2} = \frac{20}{2}$; $x^2 - \frac{7x}{2} + \frac{49}{26} = \frac{289}{26}$, etc.

33.
$$90x - 126 + 18x = 22x^2$$
; $x^2 - \frac{54x}{11} = -\frac{63}{11}$; $x^2 - \frac{54x}{11} + \frac{729}{121} = \frac{36}{121}$, etc.

34.
$$3x^2 - 5x = 7x + 420$$
; $x^2 - 4x = 140$, etc.

35.
$$\frac{48 - 12x + 40 - 8x}{20 - 9x + x^2} = \frac{32}{x + 2}; \frac{22 - 5x}{20 - 9x + x^2} = \frac{8}{x + 2};$$

$$44 + 12x - 5x^2 = 160 - 72x + 8x^2; 13x^2 - 84x = -116;$$

$$x^2 - \frac{84x}{12} = -\frac{116}{12}; \quad x^2 - \frac{84x}{12} + \frac{1764}{160} = \frac{256}{160}, \text{ etc.}$$

36.
$$10x^2 + 490 - 140x + 10x^2 = 203x - 29x^3$$
; $49x^3 - 343x = -490$; $x^2 - 7x = -10$, etc.

37.
$$x^2 + (a+b)x + \frac{(a+b)^2}{4} = \frac{(a-b)^2}{4}$$
; $x + \frac{a+b}{2} = \pm \frac{a-b}{2}$, etc.

38.
$$x^2 - (b-a)x + \frac{(b-a)^2}{4} = \frac{(b+a)^2}{4}$$
; $x - \frac{b-a}{2} = \pm \frac{b+a}{2}$, etc.

39.
$$x^2-2ax+a^2=b^2$$
; $x-a=\pm b$, etc.

40.
$$x^2 - (a^2 - a^3)x + \frac{(a^2 - a^3)^2}{4} = \frac{(a^2 + a^3)^2}{4}$$
; $x - \frac{a^2 - a^3}{2} = \pm \frac{a^2 + a^3}{2}$, etc.

41.
$$x^2 + \frac{ax}{b} + \frac{a^2}{4b^2} = \frac{9a^2}{4b^2}$$
; $x + \frac{a}{2b} = \pm \frac{3a}{2b}$, etc.

42.
$$x^2 - \frac{a^2 + b^2}{ab}x + \frac{(a^2 + b^2)^2}{4a^2b^2} = \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2}{4a^2b^2}$$
; $x - \frac{a^2 + b^2}{2ab} = \pm \frac{a^2 - b^2}{2ab}$.

XCIII.

1.
$$x^3 + 2xy + y^3 = 1600$$

 $4xy = 1200$, $x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 400$, $x + y = 40$, etc.

2.
$$x^3 + 2xy + y^2 = 169$$

4xy = 144, $x^3 - 2xy + y^2 = 25$, $\begin{cases} x + y = 13 \\ x - y = \pm 5 \end{cases}$, etc.

3.
$$x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 841$$

 $4xy = 400$, $x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 441$, $\begin{cases} x + y = 29 \\ x - y = \pm 21 \end{cases}$, etc.

4.
$$x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 361$$

4xy = 264, $x^3 + 2xy + y^2 = 625$, $\begin{cases} x - y = 19 \\ x + y = \pm 25 \end{cases}$, etc.

5.
$$x^3 - 2xy + y^2 = 2025$$

 $4xy = 1000$ $, x^3 + 2xy + y^3 = 3025, \begin{cases} x - y = 45, \text{ etc.} \\ x + y = \pm 55, \end{cases}$

6.
$$x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 9801$$

 $4xy = 400$, $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 10201$, $\begin{cases} x - y = 99 \\ x + y = \pm 101 \end{cases}$, etc.

XCIV.

1.
$$x^3 - 2xy + y^2 = 16$$

 $x^2 + y^2 = 40$; $2xy = 24$; $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 64$, etc.

2.
$$x^3 - 2xy + y^2 = 100$$

 $x^3 + y^2 = 178$; $2xy = 78$; $x^3 + 2xy + y^2 = 256$, etc.

3.
$$x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 196$$

 $x^2 + y^2 = 436$; $2xy = 240$; $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 676$, etc.

4.
$$x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 64$$

 $x^2 + y^2 = 32$; $2xy = 32$; $x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 0$, etc.

5.
$$x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 144$$

 $x^2 + y^2 = 104$; $2xy = 40$; $x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 64$, etc.

6.
$$x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 2401$$

 $x^3 + y^2 = 1681$; $2xy = 720$; $x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 961$, etc.

XCV.

1.
$$x^2 - xy + y^2 = 13$$

 $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 49$; $3xy = 36$; $x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 1$, etc.

2.
$$x^2 - xy + y^2 = 31$$
 ; $3xy = 90$; $x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 1$, etc.

3.
$$x^2 - xy + y^2 = 84$$

 $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 144$; $3xy = 60$; $x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 64$, etc.

4.
$$x^2 + xy + y^2 = 28$$

 $x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 4$; $3xy = 24$; $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 36$, etc.

5.
$$x^2 + xy + y^2 = 49$$

 $x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 4$; $3xy = 45$; $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 64$, etc.

6.
$$x^2 + xy + y^2 = 93$$

 $x^3 - 2xy + y^2 = 9$; $3xy = 84$; $x^3 + 2xy + y^2 = 121$, etc.

XCVI.

I.
$$\frac{1}{x^3} + \frac{2}{xy} + \frac{1}{y^2} = \frac{81}{400}$$

 $\frac{1}{x^3} + \frac{1}{y^2} = \frac{41}{400}$; $\frac{2}{xy} = \frac{40}{400}$; $\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{2}{xy} + \frac{1}{y^2} = \frac{1}{400}$, etc.

2.
$$\frac{1}{x^3} + \frac{2}{xy} + \frac{1}{y^3} = \frac{9}{16}$$

 $\frac{1}{x^3} + \frac{1}{y^2} = \frac{5}{16}$; $\frac{2}{xy} = \frac{4}{16}$; $\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{2}{xy} + \frac{1}{y^2} = \frac{1}{16}$, etc.

3.
$$\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{2}{xy} + \frac{1}{y^2} = 25$$

 $\frac{1}{x^3} + \frac{1}{y^3} = 13$; $\frac{2}{xy} = 12$; $\frac{1}{x^3} - \frac{2}{xy} + \frac{1}{y^3} = 1$, etc.

- 4. Divide the second equation by the first; then $\frac{1}{x} \frac{1}{y} = \frac{7}{12}$, etc.
- 5. Divide the second equation by the first; then $\frac{1}{x} \frac{1}{y} = \frac{7}{2}$, etc.
- 6. Divide the second equation by the first; then $\frac{1}{x} \frac{1}{y} = 7$, etc.

XCVIL

1.
$$x-y=1$$
; $x^2-2xy+y^2=1$; $3xy=36$, etc.

2.
$$x^2 + 12xy + 36y^2 = 576$$
; $x + 6y = \pm 24$.

Now, from the first equation, x(x+6y)=144, $\therefore \pm 24x=144$, etc.

3.
$$x^3 + 2xy + y^2 = 441$$
; $x + y = \pm 21$.

Now, from the first equation, x(x+y)=210, $\therefore \pm 21x=210$, etc.

4.
$$x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 100$$
; and $x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 36$;
hence $x + y = \pm 10$, and $x - y = \pm 6$, etc.

5.
$$x+y=8$$
; $x^2+2xy+y^2=64$; $3xy=45$, etc.

6.
$$4x = 10 + 5y$$
; put $\frac{10 + 5y}{4}$ for x in the first equation;

then
$$\frac{(10+5y)^2}{4} + \frac{90y+45y^2}{4} = 100$$
; $70y^2 + 190y = 660$;

$$7y^2 + 19y = 66$$
; whence $y = 2$ or $-\frac{33}{7}$, etc.

7. Put
$$y = mx$$
. Then $\frac{x^2 + mx^2 + m^2x^2}{3m^2x^2 - 5mx^2} = \frac{39}{25}$; $\frac{1 + m + m^3}{3m^3 - 5m} = \frac{39}{25}$;

$$25 + 25m + 25m^2 = 117m^2 - 195m$$
; $92m^2 - 220m = 25$;

hence we get $m = \frac{5}{2}$ or $-\frac{5}{46}$. Taking the value $\frac{5}{2}$, we get

$$x^{2} + \frac{5x^{2}}{2} + \frac{25x^{2}}{4} = 39$$
; $39x^{2} = 39 \times 4$; $x = \pm 2$, etc.

8. Put
$$y = mx$$
. Then $\frac{x^3 + mx^2}{mx^2 - m^2x^2} = \frac{66}{5}$; $\frac{1+m}{m-m^2} = \frac{66}{5}$;

$$5+5m=66m-66m^2$$
; $m^2-\frac{61m}{66}=-\frac{5}{66}$; hence we get

$$m = \frac{1}{11}$$
, or $\frac{5}{6}$. Taking the value $\frac{5}{6}$, $x^2 + \frac{5x^2}{6} = 66$,

whence $x^2 = 36$, $x = \pm 6$, etc.

9. Put
$$y = mx$$
. Then $\frac{3+4m}{5m+2m^2} = \frac{20}{12}$; whence $m = \frac{1}{2}$ or $-\frac{3}{10}$.

Taking the value $\frac{1}{2}$, we get $3x^2 + 2x^2 = 20$; $x = \pm 2$, etc.

10. Put
$$y = mx$$
. Then $\frac{x^2 - mx^2 + m^2x^2}{3x^2 + 13mx^2 + 8m^2x^2} = \frac{7}{162}$; $\frac{1 - m + m^2}{3 + 13m + 8m^2} = \frac{7}{162}$

$$162 - 162m + 162m^2 = 21 + 91m + 56m^2$$
; $106m^2 - 253m = -141$;

$$m^2 - \frac{253}{136}m = -\frac{141}{106}$$
; $m - \frac{253}{212} = \pm \frac{65}{212}$; $m = \frac{3}{2}$ or $-\frac{47}{53}$.

Taking the value
$$\frac{3}{2}$$
, we get $x^2 - \frac{3x^2}{2} + \frac{9x^2}{4} = 7$; $x = \pm 2$, etc.

11. Put
$$y=mx$$
, Then $\frac{1-m}{m+m^2} = \frac{35}{18}$; $35m^2 + 53m = 18$; $m + \frac{53}{70} = \pm \frac{73}{70}$; $m = \frac{2}{7}$ or $-\frac{9}{10}$.

Taking the value $\frac{2}{7}$ we get $x=\pm 7$, etc.

12.
$$x = \frac{29 - 7y}{5}$$
; putting this for x in the first equation, we get
$$\frac{2523 - 1218y + 147y^2}{25} + \frac{116y - 28y^2}{5} + 5y^2 = 71;$$
$$132y^2 - 638y = -748; \quad y = 2 \text{ or } \frac{17}{6}, \text{ etc.}$$

73.
$$x+y=22$$
; $x^2+2xy+y^2=484$; $3xy=360$; $xy=120$; $x^3-2xy+y^2=4$; $x-y=\pm 2$, etc.

- 14. Subtract the second equation from the first; $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 169$; $x+y=\pm 13$. Take the positive value, and for y put 13-x in the first equation; $x^2 + 117x 9x^2 = 340$; $x^2 \frac{117}{8}x = -\frac{340}{8}$; $x^3 \frac{117}{8}x + \frac{13689}{256} = \frac{2809}{256}$; $x \frac{117}{16} = \pm \frac{53}{16}$, etc.
- 15. $x^2 + y^2 = 225$ $x^2 + y^2 + 2xy = 441$ $x + y = \pm 21$ $x + y = \pm 3$, etc.

XCVIII.

- 1. Let x be the number; then $\frac{x}{2} \times \frac{x}{3} = 864$; $x^2 = 5184$, etc.
- 2. Let x be the number; then $\left(\frac{x}{7} \times \frac{x}{8}\right) \div 3 = 298 \frac{2}{3}$; $\frac{x^3}{56} = 896$, etc.
- 3. Let x be the number; then (94-x)(94+x)=8512, etc.

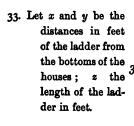
- 4. Let x be the greater; then $\frac{750}{x}$ is the less; and $x \times \frac{x}{750} = 3\frac{1}{3}$, etc.
- 5. Let x and y be the numbers; then $x^2 + y^2 = 13001$ and $x^2 y^2 = 1449$; adding, $2x^2 = 14450$, etc.
- 6. Let x be the greater; then $\frac{377}{x}$ is the less; and $x-21=21-\frac{377}{x}$; $x^2-42x=-377$; $x^2-42x+441=64$, etc.
- 7. Let x be the number; then $\frac{x}{2} \times \frac{x}{3} \times \frac{x}{4} \times \frac{x}{5} = 6750$; $x^4 = 810000$; $x^2 = 900$; x = 30.
- 8. Let x be the number; then $\frac{11500}{x} = x + \frac{51}{x}$; $11500 = x^2 + 51$, etc.
- 9. Let x be the number; then $(x+20)^2+2(x-10)^2=17475$; $x^2+40x+400+2x^2-40x+200=17475$; $3x^2=16875$, etc.
- 10. Let x and 26-x be the numbers; then $x^2 + (26-x)^2 = 436$; $2x^2 52x + 676 = 436$; $x^2 26x = -120$, etc.
- 11. Let x + 17 and x be the numbers; then $(x + 17)^2 + x^2 = 325$, etc.
- 12. Let x and $\frac{255}{x}$ be the numbers; then $x^2 + \frac{65025}{x^2} = 514$; $x^4 514x^2 = -65025$; $x^4 514x^2 + 66049 = 1024$; $x^3 257 = \pm 32$; $x^2 = 289$ or 225; x = 17 or 15.
- 13. Let x and 16-x be the parts; then $x^2 + (16-x)^2 + (16-x)x = 208$ $x^2 - 16x + 256 = 208$; $x^2 - 16x = -48$, etc.
- 14. Let x^2 be the number; then $x^2 + x = 1332$; $x^2 + x + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{532}{4}$ $x + \frac{1}{2} = \pm \frac{73}{2}$; x = 36; $x^3 = 1296$.

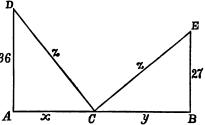
15. Let
$$x^2$$
 be the number; then $x^2 - x = \frac{195}{4}$, etc.

- 16. Let x^2 be the number; then $x^2-x=2550$, etc.
- 17. Let x and $\frac{24}{x}$ be the numbers; then $\left(x + \frac{24}{x}\right) \left(x \frac{24}{x}\right) = 20$; $x^2 \frac{576}{x^2} = 20$; $x^4 20x^2 = 576$; $x^4 20x^2 + 100 = 676$; $x^2 10 = \pm 26$; taking the positive value x = 6, etc.
- 18. Let x be the greater, y the less; then x (x+y) = 204 and y (x-y) = 35, or, $x^2 + xy = 204$ and $xy y^2 = 35$.

 Put y = mx. Then $\frac{x^2 + mx^2}{mx^2 m^2x^2} = \frac{204}{35}$; hence one value of m is $\frac{5}{12}$ and $x^2 + \frac{5x^2}{12} = 204$; $17x^2 = 2448$; $x^2 = 144$, etc.
- 19. Let x and x-5 be the numbers; then x(2x-5)=228, etc.
- 20. Let x-1, x, x+1 be the numbers; then (x-1) x (x+1)=3x; $x^2-1=3$; $x^2=4$; x=2, etc.
- 21. Let x and x+1 be the numbers; then $(x+1)^2-x^2=15$, etc.
- 22. Let x and x+1 be the numbers; then $x^2 + (x+1)^2 = 481$, etc.
- 23. Let x-1, x and x+1 be the numbers; then $(x-1)^2+x^2+(x+1)^3$ = 365, etc.
- 24. Let x be the number; then $\frac{60}{x} = \frac{60}{x+3} + 1$; $60x + 180 = 60x + x^2 + 3x : x^3 + 3x = 180$, etc.
- 25. Let x be the number; then $\frac{80}{x} = \frac{80}{x+4} + 1$, etc.

- 26. Let x be the price of each piece in shillings; then $675 = 48 \times \frac{675}{x} x$; $675x = 32400 x^2$, etc.
- 27. Let x be the number; then $\frac{180}{x} = \frac{180}{x+3} + 3$, etc.
- 28. Let x be the number of miles; then $\frac{108}{x} = \frac{108}{x+3} + 6$, etc.
- 29. Let x be the number of sheep; then $\frac{60}{x} = \frac{54}{x-15} \frac{1}{10}$, etc.
- 30. Let x and x+2 be the number of hours; then $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x+2} = \frac{1}{2!}$, etc.
- 31. Let x be the number of yards in the breadth; then x(x+1)=10100, etc.
- 32. Let 10x + y be the number; then x=2y and (10x + y) (10y + x) = 2268; hence $21y \times 12y = 2268$; $y^2 = 9$, etc.





Then since DCE is a right angle,

DCA and ECB together make a right angle. Eucl. i. 13.

But DCA and ADC together make a right angle. Eucl. i. 32.

 \therefore angle ECB = angle ADC.

Hence triangles ACD and BEC are equal in all respects. Eucl. i. 26.

x=27, and y=36; and x+y=63.

Also $z^2 = (27)^2 + (36)^2$. Eucl. i. 47; and z = 45.

36 Let size 4 to the amount must be been

In the file man of the city of a transport of the city of

The last in the number of norm $\frac{1000}{4}$ s that the number of normalization is such normalization.

37. Let a be the number of men in the regiment of the number of the square of the first attempt.

III

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}$$

2.
$$x = \frac{92 - 19y}{7} = 13 - 2y - \frac{5y - 1}{7}$$
; let $\frac{5y - 1}{7} = m$
 $y = \frac{7m + 1}{5} = m + \frac{2m + 1}{5}$; let $\frac{2m + 1}{5} = n$
 $m = \frac{5n - 1}{2} = 2n + \frac{n - 1}{2}$; let $\frac{n - 1}{2} = p$
 $n = 2p + 1$
Then $y = m + n = 2n + p + n = 4p + 2 + p + 2p + 1 = 7p + 3$
 $x = 13 - 14p - 6 - 4p - 2 - p = 5 - 19p$
when $p = 0$, $x = 5$ and $y = 3$.
3. $x = \frac{1170 - 19y}{13} = 90 - y - \frac{6y}{13}$; let $\frac{6y}{13} = m$
 $y = \frac{13m}{6} = 2m + \frac{m}{6}$; let $\frac{m}{6} = n$; $m = 6n$
Then $y = 13n$ and $x = 90 - 19n$
when $n = 0$, $y = 0$ and $x = 90$
 $n = 1$, $y = 13$ and $x = 71$, etc.
4. $x = \frac{26 - 5y}{3} = 8 - y - \frac{2y - 2}{3}$; let $\frac{2y - 2}{3} = m$
 $y = \frac{3m + 2}{2} = m + 1 + \frac{m}{2}$; let $\frac{m}{2} = n$; $m = 2n$
Then $y = 2n + 1 + n = 3n + 1$
 $x = 8 - 3n - 1 - 2n = 7 - 5n$
when $n = 0$, $y = 1$, $x = 7$
 $n = 1$, $y = 4$, $x = 2$.
5. $5y = 14x - 7$; $y = 2x - 1 + \frac{4x - 2}{5}$; let $\frac{4x - 2}{5} = m$
 $x = \frac{5m + 2}{4} = m + \frac{m + 2}{4}$; let $\frac{m + 2}{4} = n$; $m = 4n - 2$
Then $x = 4n - 2 + n = 5n - 2$

y = 10n - 4 - 1 + 4n - 2 = 14n - 7. etc.

6.
$$x = \frac{1031 - 15y}{11} = 93 - y - \frac{4y - 8}{11}$$
; let $\frac{4y - 8}{11} = m$
 $y = \frac{11m + 8}{4} = 2m + 2 + \frac{3m}{4}$; let $\frac{3m}{4} = n$
 $m = \frac{4n}{3} = n + \frac{n}{3}$; let $\frac{n}{3} = p$; $n = 3p$

Then $y = 8p + 2 + 3p = 11p + 2$
 $x = 93 - 11p - 2 - 4p = 91 - 15p$, etc.

7. $y = \frac{308 - 11x}{7} = 44 - x - \frac{4x}{7}$; let $\frac{4x}{7} = m$
 $x = \frac{7m}{4} = m + \frac{3m}{4}$; let $\frac{3m}{4} = n$
 $m = \frac{4n}{3} = n + \frac{n}{3}$; let $\frac{n}{3} = p$; $n = 3p$

Then $x = m + n = 3p + p + 3p = 7p$
 $y = 44 - x - m = 44 - 7p - 4p = 44 - 11p$, etc.

8. $x = \frac{23 + 19y}{4} = 5 + 4y + \frac{3y + 3}{4}$; let $\frac{3y + 3}{4} = m$
 $y = \frac{4m - 3}{3} = m - 1 + \frac{m}{3}$; let $\frac{m}{3} = n$; $m = 3n$

Then $y = 3n - 1 + n = 4n - 1$
 $x = 5 + 16n - 4 + 3n = 19n + 1$, etc.

9. $y = \frac{20x - 683}{9} = 2x - 75 + \frac{2x - 8}{9}$; let $\frac{2x - 8}{9} = m$
 $x = \frac{9m + 8}{2} = 4m + 4 + \frac{m}{2}$; let $\frac{m}{2} = n$; $m = 2n$

Then $x = 8n + 4 + n = 9n + 4$
 $y = 18n + 8 - 75 + 2n = 20n - 67$, etc.

10. $x = \frac{383 - 7y}{3} = 127 - 2y - \frac{y - 2}{3}$; let $\frac{y - 2}{3} = m$

Then $y = 3m + 2$

x=127-6m-4-m=123-7m, etc.

III.
$$y = \frac{54 - 27x}{4} = 13 - 6x - \frac{3x - 2}{4}$$
; let $\frac{3x - 2}{4} = m$
 $x = \frac{4m + 2}{3} = m + \frac{m + 2}{3}$; let $\frac{m + 2}{3} = n$; $m = 3n - 2$
Then $x = 3n - 2 + n = 4n - 2$
 $y = 13 - 24n + 12 - 3n + 2 = 27 - 27n$, etc.

12.
$$x = \frac{653 - 9y}{7} = 93 - y - \frac{2y - 2}{7}$$
; let $\frac{2y - 2}{7} = m$
 $y = \frac{7m + 2}{2} = 3m + 1 + \frac{m}{2}$; let $\frac{m}{2} = n$; $m = 2n$
Then $y = 6n + 1 + n = 7n + 1$
 $x = 93 - 7n - 1 - 2n = 92 - 9n$, etc.

13.
$$\frac{x}{7} + \frac{y}{9} = \frac{57}{63}$$
; $9x + 7y = 57$

$$y = \frac{57 - 9x}{7} = 8 - x - \frac{2x - 1}{7}$$
; let $\frac{2x - 1}{7} = m$

$$x = \frac{7m + 1}{2} = 3m + \frac{m + 1}{2}$$
; let $\frac{m + 1}{2} = n$; $m = 2n - 1$
Then $x = 6n - 3 + n = 7n - 3$

$$y = 8 - 7n + 3 - 2n + 1 = 12 - 9n$$
when $n = 1$, $x = 4$, $y = 3$.

14.
$$\frac{x}{11} - \frac{y}{13} = \frac{82}{143}$$
; $13x - 11y = 82$

$$y = \frac{13x - 82}{11} = x - 7 + \frac{2x - 5}{11}$$
; let $\frac{2x - 5}{11} = m$

$$x = \frac{11m + 5}{2} = 5m + 2 + \frac{m + 1}{2}$$
; let $\frac{m + 1}{2} = n$; $m = 2n - 1$
Then $x = 10n - 5 + 2 + n = 11n - 3$

$$y = 11n - 3 - 7 + 2n - 1 = 13n - 11$$
when $n = 1$, $x = 8$, $y = 2$.

15. Let x be the number of florins, y the number of half-crowns; then y-2, y-2

$$4x+5y=58$$
; $x=14-y-\frac{y-2}{4}$; let $\frac{y-2}{4}=m$

Then y=4m+2 and x=12-5m, etc.

16. Let x be the number of half-guineas, y the number of halfcrowns; then

$$21x + 5y = 800$$
; $y = 160 - 4x - \frac{x}{5}$; let $\frac{x}{5} = m$

Then
$$x=5m$$
 and $y=160-21m$

when m=1, x=5, y=139, etc.

17. Let x be the number; y the first quotient, z the second quotient.

Then
$$\frac{x}{5} = y + \frac{2}{5}$$
; $\frac{x}{9} = z + \frac{3}{9}$

Hence
$$5y + 2 = 9z + 3$$
; $y = z + \frac{4z + 1}{5}$; let $\frac{4z + 1}{5} = m$

$$z = \frac{5m-1}{4} = m + \frac{m-1}{4}$$
; let $\frac{m-1}{4} = n$; $m = 4n + 1$

$$z=5n+1$$
; $y=9n+2$

Hence $y=2, 11 \ldots$ and hence $x=12, 57 \ldots$

18. Let x be the number of guineas, and y the number of crowns.

Then
$$21x + 5y = 235$$
; $y = 47 - 4x - \frac{x}{5}$; let $\frac{x}{5} = m$

Then x=5m; and y=47-21m, etc.

 Let x be the number of half-guineas, and y the number of halfcrowns.

Then
$$21x + 5y = 183$$
; $y = 36 - 4x - \frac{x-3}{5}$ let $\frac{x-3}{5} = m$

Then x=5m+3; and y=36-20m-12-m=24-21m, etc.

- 20. Divide by 17; then $19x-31y=\frac{1000}{17}$; and the right-hand side being a fraction, no integral values of x and y can make the left side equal to the right.
- 21. Let x be the number of oxen, y of sheep, z of hens.

Then
$$x+y+z=100$$
, and $100x+20y+z=2000$,

$$\therefore 99x + 19y = 1900$$

Hence
$$y=100-5x-\frac{4x}{10}$$
; let $\frac{4x}{10}=m$

$$x = \frac{19m}{4} = 5m - \frac{m}{4}$$
; let $\frac{m}{4} = n$; $m = 4n$

Then
$$x=19n$$
; $y=100-99n$

If
$$n=1$$
, $x=19$, $y=1$, and $z=80$.

22. Let A give x sixpences and receive y fourpenny pieces.

Then
$$6x-4y=58$$
; or $3x-2y=29$

Then
$$y=x-14+\frac{x-1}{2}$$
; let $\frac{x-1}{2}=m$

Then
$$x=2m+1$$
 and $y=3m-13$, etc.

23. Let x be the number of half-crowns, y of florins, z of shillings.

Then
$$x+y=4z$$
, and $\frac{5x}{2}+2y+z=244$

Hence
$$x+y=4z$$
, and $10x+8y+4z=976$

$$11x + 9y = 976$$

Hence
$$y=108-x-\frac{2x-4}{9}$$
; let $\frac{2x-4}{9}=m$

$$x=4m+2+\frac{m}{2}$$
; let $\frac{m}{2}=n$; $m=2n$

Then x=9n+2; y=108-9n-2-2n=106-11n

Hence x=2, y=106, z=27, which gives the greatest number of coins possible.

24. Let there be x half-crowns, y florins, and z fourpenny-pieces.

Then
$$x+y+z=50$$
, and $30x+24y+4z=1200$.

Hence 26x + 20y = 1000.

:
$$y = 50 - x - \frac{3x}{10}$$
; let $\frac{3x}{10} = m$.

Then
$$x = \frac{10m}{3} = 3m + \frac{m}{3}$$
; let $\frac{m}{3} = n$; $m = 3n$.

Hence x=10n and y=50-13n

$$x=10, 20, 30; y=37, 24, 11; z=3, 6, 9.$$

25. Let A give x sovereigns, and receive y dollars. Then 240x - 51y = 12; or, 80x - 17y = 4.

Hence
$$y = 4x + \frac{12x - 4}{17}$$
; let $\frac{12x - 4}{17} = m$

$$x=m+\frac{5m+4}{19}$$
; let $\frac{5m+4}{19}=n$

$$m=2n+\frac{2n-4}{5}$$
; let $\frac{2n-4}{5}=p$

$$n=2p+2+\frac{p}{2}$$
; let $\frac{p}{2}=q$; $p=2q$.

Then
$$x=m+n=3n+p=6p+6+5q=17q+6$$

$$y=4x+m=68q+24+2n+p=82q+28$$
.

Hence when
$$q=0, x=6, y=28$$
.

26. Let 2x and 3y be the parts; then 2x+3y=25.

Then
$$x=12-y-\frac{y-1}{2}$$
; let $\frac{y-1}{2}=m$

$$y = 2m + 1$$
 and $x = 11 - 3m$

When
$$m=0$$
, $y=1$, $x=11$; $2x=22$, $3y=3$, etc.

27. Let there be x crowns and y florins; then 5x + 2y = 49.

Then
$$y=24-2x-\frac{x-1}{2}$$
; let $\frac{x-1}{2}=m$

$$x=2m+1$$
, and $y=22-5m$

Hence we get positive values for x and y, when m=0, 1, 2, 3, 4.

28. Let 7x and 11y be the parts; then 7x+11y=100.

Then
$$x=14-y-\frac{4y-2}{7}$$
; let $\frac{4y-2}{7}=m$.
 $y=\frac{7m+2}{4}=m+\frac{3m+2}{4}$; let $\frac{3m+2}{4}=n$
 $m=\frac{4n-2}{3}=n+\frac{n-2}{3}$; let $\frac{n-2}{3}=p$; $n=3p+2$.
Hence $y=2n+p=7p+4$
 $x=14-7p-4-n-p=8-11p$.

$$x=14-7p-4-n-p=8-11p$$
.

When p=0, y=4, x=8; 7x=56, 11y=44.

29. Let the quotients be x and y.

Then 5x + 2 and 7y + 4 are the dividends

$$\therefore$$
 5x + 7y + 6 = 100, or, 5x + 7y = 94.

Then
$$x=18-y-\frac{2y-4}{5}$$
; let $\frac{2y-4}{5}=m$

$$y=2m+2+\frac{m}{2}$$
; let $\frac{m}{2}=n$; $m=2n$.

Then y=5n+2 and x=16-7n.

Hence x=16, 9, 2; and y=2, 7, 12

and 5x+2=82, 47, 12; and 7y+4=18, 53, 88.

30. The L. C. M. of 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 is 60.

Hence the general expression for the number required is 60m + 1. Making $m=1, 2, 3 \ldots$ successively, we get 61, 121, 181, 241, 301, 361, and of these 301 is the only multiple of 7.

CI.

1.
$$x^{3p} + x^p y^p + y^{2p}$$

 $x^{3p} - x^p y^p + y^{2p}$
 $x^{4p} + x^{3p} y^p + x^{2p} y^{2p}$
 $-x^{3p} y^p - x^{2p} y^{2p} - x^p y^{3p}$
 $+x^{2p} y^{2p} + x^p y^{3p} + y^{4p}$
 x^{4p}
 $+x^{2p} y^{3p}$
 $+y^{4p}$

2.
$$a^{3m} + 3a^{2m}y^n + 9a^my^{2n} + 27y^{3n}$$
 $a^{4m} - 3y^n$

$$a^{4m} + 3a^{3m}y^n + 9a^{2m}y^{2n} + 27a^my^{3n}$$

$$- 3a^{3m}y^n - 9a^{2m}y^{2n} - 27a^my^{3n} - 81y^{4n}$$

$$a^{4m}$$

$$- 81y^{4n}$$
3. $x^{4d} - 2ax^{2d} + 4a^2$

$$x^{3d} - 2ax^{6d} + 4a^2x^{4d}$$

$$+ 2ax^{6d} - 4a^2x^{4d} + 8a^3x^{2d}$$

$$+ 4a^2x^{4d} - 8a^3x^{2d} + 16a^4$$
4. $a^m + b^n + c^r$

$$a^m - b^n + c^r$$

$$a^{2m} + a^mb^n + a^mc^r$$

$$- a^mb^n - b^{2n} - b^nc^r$$

$$+ a^mc^r + b^nc^r + c^{2r}$$

$$a^{2m} - b^{2n} + c^{2r} + 2a^mc^r$$

$$a^m + b^n - 2c^r$$

$$2a^m - b + c^2$$

$$2a^{2m} + 2a^mb^n - 4a^mc^r$$

$$- a^mb - b^{n+1} + 2bc^r$$

$$+ a^mc^2 + b^nc^2 - 2c^{r+2}$$
6. $x^{mn-n} - y^m$

$$x^n + y^{mn-n}$$

$$x^{mn} - x^ny^m$$

$$+ x^{mn-n} \cdot y^{mn-n} - y^{mn-n+m}$$

5.

7.
$$x^{2n} - x^{n}y^{n} + y^{2n}$$

$$x^{2n} + x^{n}y^{n} + y^{2n}$$

$$x^{4n} - x^{2n}y^{n} + x^{2n}y^{2n}$$

$$+ x^{2n}y^{n} - x^{2n}y^{2n} + x^{n}y^{2n}$$

$$+ x^{2n}y^{2n} - x^{n}y^{2n} + y^{4n}$$

$$x^{4n} + x^{2n}y^{2n} + y^{4n}$$

8.
$$a^{p^{2}+p} - b^{p^{2}} + c^{p}$$

$$a^{p^{2}-p} + b^{1-p^{2}} + c^{1-p}$$

$$a^{2p^{2}-p} + b^{1-p^{2}} + c^{1-p}$$

$$a^{2p^{2}-2} - a^{p^{2}-p}b^{p^{2}} + a^{p^{2}-p}c^{p}$$

$$+ a^{p^{2}+p}b^{1-p^{2}} - b + b^{1-p^{2}}c^{p}$$

$$+ a^{p^{2}+p}c^{1-p} - b^{p^{2}}c^{1-p} + c$$

$$a^{2p^{2}} - a^{p^{2}-p}b^{p^{2}} + a^{p^{2}-p}c^{p} + a^{p^{2}+p}b^{1-p^{2}} - b + b^{1-p^{2}}c^{p}$$

$$+ a^{p^{2}+p}c^{1-p} - b^{p^{2}}c^{1-p} + c$$

9.
$$x^{3p} + x^{p} + 1$$

 $x^{2p} + x^{p} + 1$
 $x^{4p} + x^{3p} + x^{2p}$
 $+ x^{3p} + x^{2p} + x^{p}$
 $+ x^{3p} + x^{2p} + x^{p}$
 $+ x^{3p} + x^{2p} + x^{p}$
 $+ x^{3p} + x^{2p} + x^{p} + 1$
 $x^{4p} - x^{3p} + x^{2p} - x^{p}$
 $+ x^{2p} - x^{p} + 1$
 $x^{4p} - 2x^{3p} + 3x^{3p} - 2x^{p} + 1$

CIL

I.
$$x^{m} - y^{m}$$
) $x^{km} - y^{km}$ ($x^{2m} + x^{2m}y^{m} + x^{m}y^{2m} + y^{3m}$)
$$x^{2m}y^{m} - y^{km}$$

$$x^{2m}y^{m} - x^{2m}y^{2m}$$

$$x^{2m}y^{2m} - y^{km}$$

$$x^{2m}y^{2m} - x^{m}y^{3m}$$

$$x^{m}y^{3m} - y^{km}$$

$$x^{m}y^{3m} - y^{km}$$

2.
$$x^{n} + y^{n})x^{5n} + y^{5n}(x^{4n} - x^{3n}y^{n} + x^{2n}y^{2n} - x^{n}y^{3n} + y^{4n})$$

$$\frac{x^{5n} + x^{4n}y^{n}}{-x^{4n}y^{n} + y^{5n}}$$

$$\frac{x^{3n}y^{2n} + y^{5n}}{x^{3n}y^{2n} + x^{2n}y^{3n}}$$

$$\frac{x^{3n}y^{2n} + x^{2n}y^{3n}}{-x^{2n}y^{3n} + y^{5n}}$$

$$\frac{-x^{2n}y^{3n} - x^{n}y^{4n}}{x^{n}y^{4n} + y^{6n}}$$

$$\frac{x^{n}y^{4n} + y^{6n}}{x^{n}y^{4n} + y^{6n}}$$

3.
$$x^r - y^r$$
) $x^{6r} - y^{6r} (x^{6r} + x^{6r}y^r, \text{ etc.})$

$$\frac{x^{6r} - x^{6r}y^r}{x^{6r}y^r - y^{6r}, \text{ etc.}}$$

4.
$$a^{3p} + b^{2q} a^{15p} + b^{10q} (a^{12p} - a^{0p}b^{2q}, \text{ etc.})$$

$$\frac{a^{15p} + a^{13p}b^{2q}}{-a^{12p}b^{2q} + b^{10q}, \text{ etc.}}$$

5.
$$x^{4} - 3x^{5d} - 243x^{4d} + 3x^{3d}$$
, etc.
$$\frac{x^{5d} - 3x^{4d}}{3x^{4d} - 243}$$
, etc.

6.
$$a^{2m} + 2a^m x^n + 4x^{2n}$$
) $a^{4m} + 4a^{2m} x^{2n} + 16x^{4n} (a^{2m} - 2a^m x^n + 4x^{2m} + 2a^{2m} x^n + 4a^{2m} x^{2n} - 2a^{2m} x^n + 4a^{2m} x^{2n} - 2a^{2m} x^n + 16x^{4n} - 2a^{2m} x^{2n} - 4a^{2m} x^{2n} - 8a^m x^{3n} - 4a^{2m} x^{2n} + 8a^m x^{3n} + 16x^{4n} - 4a^{2m} x^{2n} + 8a^m x^{2n} + 16x^{4n} - 4a^{2m} x^{2n} + 8a^m x^{2n} + 16x^{4n} - 4a^{2m} x^{2n} + 16x^{4n} + 4a^{2m} x^{2n} + 16x^{2n} + 4a^{2m} x^{2n} + 16x^{2n} + 4a^$

7.
$$1 + 5x^{p} + x^{3p}$$
) $2 + 9x^{p} + 14x^{3p} + 3x^{4p}(2 - x^{p} + 3x^{2p})$

$$2 + 10x^{p} + 2x^{2p}$$

$$- x^{p} - 2x^{2p} + 14x^{3p}$$

$$- x^{p} - 5x^{2p} - x^{3p}$$

$$3x^{2p} + 15x^{3p} + 3x^{4p}$$

$$3x^{2p} + 15x^{3p} + 3x^{4p}$$

$$8,\ b^mc^{2m}-2b^{2m}c^m+b^{3m})4b^{2m}c^{3m}-13b^{3m}c^{2m}+14b^{4m}c^m-5b^{5m}(4b^mc^m-5b^{2m}+4b^{4m}c^m-5b^{5m}-8b^{3m}c^{2m}+4b^{4m}c^m-5b^{5m}-5b^{3m}c^{2m}+10b^{4m}c^m-5b^{5m}-5b^{5m}c^{2m}+10b^{4m}c^m-5b^{5m}$$

9.
$$a^{6m} + 6a^{5m} + 15a^{4m} + 20a^{3m} + 15a^{2m} + 6a^m + 1(a^{3m} + 3a^{2m} + 3a^m + 1$$

$$2a^{3m} + 3a^{2m}$$

$$6a^{5m} + 15a^{4m}$$

$$6a^{5m} + 9a^{4m}$$

$$2a^{3m} + 6a^{2m} + 3a^m$$

$$6a^{4m} + 20a^{9m} + 15a^{2m}$$

$$6a^{4m} + 18a^{3m} + 9a^{2m}$$

$$2a^{3m} + 6a^{2m} + 6a^{m} + 1$$

$$2a^{3m} + 6a^{2m} + 6a^{m} + 1$$

$$2a^{3m} + 6a^{2m} + 6a^{m} + 1$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} 10. & a^{2m}+2a^mb^n+b^{2n}+2a^mc^r+2b^nc^r+c^{2r}(a^m+b^n+c^r\\ & a^{2m} \\ \\ 2a^m+b^n & 2a^mb^n+b^{2n}\\ & 2a^mb^n+b^{2n}\\ \\ 2a^m+2b^n+c^r & 2a^mc^r+2b^nc^r+c^{2r}\\ & 2a^mc^r+2b^nc^r+c^{2r} \end{array}$$

CIII.

1.
$$x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1$$

 $x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1$
 $x - 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}}$
 $-x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1$
 $x - 3x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1$

2.
$$y^{\frac{1}{2}} + y^{\frac{1}{2}} + y^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1$$

$$y^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1$$

$$y + y^{\frac{1}{2}} + y^{\frac{1}{2}} + y^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$- y^{\frac{1}{2}} - y^{\frac{1}{2}} - y^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1$$

3.
$$a^{\frac{1}{2}} + a^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$a^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$a^{\frac{1}{2}} + a^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{1}{2}} + a^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$a^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

4.
$$a^{\frac{1}{2}} - a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}} + a^{\frac{1}{2}}c^{\frac{1}{2}} - b^{\frac{1}{2}}c^{\frac{1}{2}} + c^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$a^{\frac{1}{2}} + b^{\frac{1}{2}} + a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}} - a^{\frac{1}{2}}c^{\frac{1}{2}} - a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}}c^{\frac{1}{2}} + a^{\frac{1}{2}}c^{\frac{1}{2}}c^{\frac{1}{2}} - a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}}c^{\frac{1}{2}} + a^{\frac{1}{2}}c^{\frac{1}{2}}c^{\frac{1}{2}} - a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}}c^{\frac{1}{2}$$

$$a+b+c-3abbc$$

5.
$$5x^2 + 2x^1y^1 + 3x^1y^1 + 7y^2$$

 $2x^1 - 3y^1$

$$\begin{aligned} &10x + 4x^{2}y^{2} + 6x^{2}y^{2} + 14x^{2}y^{2} \\ &- 15x^{2}y^{2} - 6x^{2}y^{2} - 9x^{2}y^{2} - 21y \\ &10x - 11x^{2}y^{2} &+ 5x^{2}y^{2} - 21y \end{aligned}$$

6. m! + m!n! + m!n! + m!n! + n!m! - n!

m + m!n! + m!n! + m!n! + m!n! - m!n

 $4x^{2} + 12x^{2} + 25x^{2} + 24x^{2} + 16$

 $x - 4x^2 + 10x^2 - 12x^2 + 9$

15.
$$x^{\frac{1}{2}} - y^{\frac{1}{2}} + z^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$- x^{\frac{1}{2}} + y^{\frac{1}{2}} - y^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$- x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}} + y^{\frac{1}{2}} + z^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} y^{\frac{1}{2}} + y^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2y^{\frac{1}{2}} + z^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

CIV.

1.
$$xi - yi)x - y(xi + yi)$$

2. $ai + bi)a - b(ai - bi)$

3. $xi - yi)x - y(xi + xiyi + yi)$

4. $ai + bi)a + b(ai - aibi + bi)$

2. $ai + bi)a - b(ai - bi)$

2. $ai + bi$

3. $ai + bi$

4. $ai + bi$

4.

5.
$$x^{\frac{1}{2}} + y^{\frac{1}{2}})x + y(x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{2}}y^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
, etc.

6. $m^{\frac{1}{2}} - n^{\frac{1}{2}})m - n(m^{\frac{1}{2}} + m^{\frac{1}{2}}n^{\frac{1}{2}}$, etc.

$$\frac{m - m^{\frac{1}{2}}n^{\frac{1}{2}}}{m^{\frac{1}{2}}n^{\frac{1}{2}}} - n$$
, etc.

7.
$$x^{\frac{1}{4}} - 3y^{\frac{1}{4}})x - 81y(x^{\frac{1}{4}} + 3x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}}$$
, etc.

$$\frac{x - 3x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}}}{3x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} - 81y$$
, etc.

8.
$$3a^{\frac{1}{4}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{4}}$$
) $81a - 16b$ (27 $a^{\frac{3}{4}} + 18a^{\frac{1}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}}$, etc.
$$\frac{81a - 54a^{\frac{3}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}}}{54a^{\frac{3}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}} - 16b$$
, etc.

9.
$$a^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}})a - x(a^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{2}})$$
10. $m^{\frac{1}{2}} - 3)m - 243$ $(m^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3m^{\frac{1}{2}})$, etc.

$$\frac{a + a^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{-a^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x} - a^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x$$

$$- a^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x - a^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x$$

$$\frac{3m^{\frac{1}{2}} - 9m^{\frac{1}{2}}}{a^{\frac{1}{2}}}, \text{ etc.}$$

11.
$$x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 7)x + 17x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 70(x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 10)$$
12. $x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 3)x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 12(x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 4)$

$$\frac{x + 7x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{10x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 70}$$

$$\frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 3x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{4x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 12}$$

$$\frac{4x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 12}{4x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 12}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
13. \ b^{\frac{1}{2}}-1)-b^{\frac{1}{2}}+3b-3b^{\frac{1}{2}}+b^{\frac{1}{2}}(-b+2b^{\frac{1}{2}}-b^{\frac{1}{2}}\\
-b^{\frac{1}{2}}+b\\
-2b-3b^{\frac{1}{2}}\\
\underline{2b-3b^{\frac{1}{2}}}\\
-b^{\frac{1}{2}}+b^{\frac{1}{2}}\\
-b^{\frac{1}{2}}+b^{\frac{1}{2}}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 14. \ \ \, xi+yi+zi)x+y+z-3xiyizi\,(xi-xiyi+yi-xizi-yizi+zi\\ x+xiyi+xizi\\ \hline -xiyi-xizi-3xiyizi+y+z\\ -xiyi-xiyi-xiyizi\\ \hline xiyi+y-xizi-2xiyizi+z\\ \hline xiyi+y+yizi\\ \hline -xizi-2xiyizi-yizi+z\\ -xizi-xiyizi-xizi\\ \hline -xiyizi-yizi+xizi+s\\ -xiyizi-yizi-yizi\\ \hline xizi+yizi+z\\ \hline xizi+yizi+z\\ \hline \end{array}$$

15.
$$x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 4)x - 5x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 46x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 40(x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 9x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 10$$

$$x + 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$- 9x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 46x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$- 9x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 36x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$- 10x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 40$$

$$- 10x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 40$$

$$18. \ \ 2x\mathbf{i} + 3y\mathbf{i} + z\mathbf{i}) \ 2x + x\mathbf{i}y\mathbf{i} - 3y - 4y\mathbf{i}z\mathbf{i} - x\mathbf{i}z\mathbf{i} - z(x\mathbf{i} - y\mathbf{i} - z\mathbf{i})$$

$$\underline{2x + 3x\mathbf{i}y\mathbf{i} + x\mathbf{i}z\mathbf{i}}$$

$$- 2x\mathbf{i}y\mathbf{i} - 3y - 4y\mathbf{i}z\mathbf{i} - 2x\mathbf{i}z\mathbf{i} - z$$

$$\underline{- 2x\mathbf{i}y\mathbf{i} - 3y - y\mathbf{i}z\mathbf{i}}$$

$$- 2x\mathbf{i}z\mathbf{i} - 3y\mathbf{i}z\mathbf{i} - z$$

$$- 2x\mathbf{i}z\mathbf{i} - 3y\mathbf{i}z\mathbf{i} - z$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 19. \ \, x^{\frac{1}{4}} - x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} - x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} + y^{\frac{1}{4}})x + y \left(x^{\frac{1}{4}} + y^{\frac{1}{4}} \right. \\ \\ \frac{x - x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} + x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} - x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} + x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} - x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} + x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} - x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} + x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} - x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} + y}{x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} - x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} - x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} + x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} - x^{\frac{1}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{4}} + y} \end{array}$$

CV.

1.
$$a^{-1}+b^{-1}$$

 $a^{-1}-b^{-1}$
 $a^{-3}+a^{-1}b^{-1}$
 $a^{-2}+a^{-1}b^{-1}$
 $a^{-1}b^{-1}-b^{-2}$
 $a^{-2}-b^{-2}$
2. $x^{-3}+b^{-2}$
 $x^{-3}-b^{-2}$
 $x^{-6}+x^{-3}b^{-2}$
 $-x^{-3}b^{-2}-b^{-4}$
 $x^{-6}-b^{-4}$

3.
$$x^{3}+x+x^{-1}+x^{-3}$$

$$x-x^{-1}$$

$$x^{4}+x^{2}+1+x^{-2}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$-x^{-4}$$

4.
$$x^{3}-1+x^{-2}$$

$$x^{2}+1+x^{-2}$$

$$x^{4}-x^{2}+1$$

$$+x^{2}-1+x^{-2}$$

$$+1-x^{-2}+x^{-4}$$

$$x^{4}+1+x^{-4}$$

5.
$$a^{-2} + b^{-2}$$

$$a^{-2} - b^{-2}$$

$$a^{-4} + a^{-2}b^{-2}$$

$$-a^{-2}b^{-1} - b^{-4}$$

$$a^{-4} - b^{-4}$$

6.
$$a^{-1}-b^{-1}+c^{-1}$$

$$a^{-1}+b^{-1}+c^{-1}$$

$$a^{-2}-a^{-1}b^{-1}+a^{-1}c^{-1}$$

$$+a^{-1}b^{-1}-b^{-2}+b^{-1}c^{-1}$$

$$+a^{-1}c^{-1}-b^{-1}c^{-1}+c^{-2}$$

$$a^{-2}+2a^{-1}c^{-1}-b^{-2}+c^{-2}$$

7.
$$1+ab^{-1}+a^{2}b^{-2}$$

$$\frac{1-ab^{-1}+a^{2}b^{-2}}{1+ab^{-1}+a^{2}b^{-3}}$$

$$-ab^{-1}-a^{2}b^{-2}-a^{5}b^{-3}$$

$$+a^{2}b^{-2}+a^{3}b^{-3}+a^{4}b^{-4}$$

$$1 +a^{2}b^{-2}+a^{4}b^{-4}$$

8.
$$a^{2}b^{-2} + 2 + a^{-2}b^{3}$$

$$a^{2}b^{-2} - 2 - a^{-2}b^{3}$$

$$a^{4}b^{-4} + 2a^{2}b^{-2} + 1$$

$$-2a^{2}b^{-2} - 4 - 2a^{-2}b^{2}$$

$$-1 - 2a^{-2}b^{2} - a^{-4}b^{4}$$

$$a^{4}b^{-4} \cdot 4 - a^{-4}b^{4} - 4a^{-2}b^{3}$$

9.
$$4x^{-8} + 3x^{-2} + 2x^{-1} + 1$$

$$x^{-2} - x^{-1} + 1$$

$$4x^{-5} + 3x^{-4} + 2x^{-3} + x^{-2}$$

$$-4x^{-4} - 3x^{-3} - 2x^{-2} - x^{-1}$$

$$+4x^{-3} + 3x^{-2} + 2x^{-1} + 1$$
10. $\frac{5}{2}x^{-2} + 3x^{-1} - \frac{7}{3}$

$$2x^{-2} - x^{-1} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$5x^{-4} + 6x^{-3} - \frac{14}{3}x^{-3}$$

$$-\frac{5}{2}x^{-3} - 3x^{-2} + \frac{7}{3}x^{-1}$$

$$-\frac{5}{4}x^{-2} - \frac{3}{2}x^{-1} + \frac{7}{6}$$

$$5x^{-4} + \frac{7}{2}x^{-3} - \frac{107}{12}x^{-2} + \frac{5}{6}x^{-1} + \frac{7}{6}$$

CVI.

1.
$$x + x^{-1}$$
) $x^{2} - x^{-2}$ ($x - x^{-1}$ 2. $a - b^{-1}$) $a^{2} - b^{-2}$ ($a + b^{-1}$) $a^{2} - ab^{-1}$ $ab^{-1} - b^{-2}$ $ab^{-1} - b^{-2}$ $ab^{-1} - b^{-2}$ 3. $ab^{-1} - b^{-2}$ 3. $ab^{-1} - ab^{-2}$ 3. $ab^{-1} - ab^{-2}$ 3. $ab^{-1} - ab^{-2}$ 3. $ab^{-1} - ab^{-2}$ 4. $ab^{-1} - ab^{-2}$ 4. $ab^{-1} - ab^{-2}$ 5. $ab^{-1} - ab^{-2}$ 6. $ab^{-1} - ab^{-2}$ 7. $ab^{-1} - ab^{-2}$ 7. $ab^{-1} - ab^{-2}$ 7. $ab^{-1} - ab^{-1}$ 8. ab^{-1}

4.
$$c-d^{-1}$$
) $c^{5}-d^{-5}$ ($c^{4}+c^{3}d^{-1}+c^{2}d^{-2}$, etc.

$$\frac{c^{5}-c^{4}d^{-1}}{c^{4}d^{-1}-d^{-5}}$$

$$\frac{c^{4}d^{-1}-c^{3}d^{-2}}{c^{3}d^{-2}-d^{-5}}$$

$$c^{3}d^{-2}-c^{2}d^{-3}$$
, etc.

5.
$$xy^{-1} + x^{-1}y$$
) $x^2y^{-2} + 2 + x^{-2}y^2(xy^{-1} + x^{-1}y)$

$$\underbrace{x^2y^{-2} + 1}_{1 + x^{-2}y^2}$$

$$1 + x^{-2}y^3$$

6.
$$a^{-2} - a^{-1}b^{-1} + b^{-2})a^{-4} + a^{-2}b^{-2} + b^{-4}(a^{-2} + a^{-1}b^{-1} + b^{-2})$$

$$a^{-4} - a^{-3}b^{-1} + a^{-2}b^{-2}$$

$$a^{-3}b^{-1} + b^{-4}$$

$$a^{-3}b^{-1} - a^{-2}b^{-2} + a^{-1}b^{-3}$$

$$a^{-2}b^{-2} - a^{-1}b^{-3} + b^{-4}$$

$$a^{-2}b^{-2} - a^{-1}b^{-3} + b^{-4}$$

7.
$$xy^{-1} - x^{-1}y)x^{3}y^{-3} - 3xy^{-1} + 3x^{-1}y - x^{-3}y^{3}(x^{2}y^{-2} - 2 + x^{-2}y^{2} -$$

$$8. \frac{x^{-\frac{2}{2}} - x^{-1} + 3}{4} \frac{3x^{-\frac{5}{4}} - 4x^{-4} + \frac{77x^{-3}}{8} - \frac{43x^{-\frac{2}{4}} - \frac{33x^{-1}}{4} + 27}{4} + 27}{\frac{3x^{-\frac{5}{4}} - \frac{3x^{-4}}{2} + \frac{9x^{-3}}{2}}{2} - \frac{(\frac{3x^{-\frac{3}{2}} - 5x^{-2} + \frac{x^{-1}}{4} + 9}{2} + \frac{-\frac{5x^{-4}}{2} + \frac{41x^{-8}}{8} - \frac{43x^{-2}}{4}}{4}}{\frac{-\frac{5x^{-4}}{2} + 5x^{-3} - 15x^{-2}}{8} - \frac{x^{-3}}{4} + \frac{17x^{-2}}{4} - \frac{33x^{-1}}{4}}{\frac{2x^{-3}}{8} - \frac{x^{-2}}{4} + \frac{3x^{-1}}{4}}{\frac{9x^{-3}}{2} - 9x^{-1} + 27}}$$

9.
$$ab^{-1} + a^{-1}b) a^{3}b^{-3} + a^{-3}b^{3} (a^{3}b^{-2} - 1 + a^{-2}b^{2})$$

$$a^{3}b^{-3} + ab^{-1}$$

$$-ab^{-1} + a^{-3}b^{3}$$

$$-ab^{-1} - a^{-1}b$$

$$a^{-1}b + a^{-3}b^{3}$$

$$a^{-1}b + a^{-3}b^{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 10. \ a^{-1}+b^{-1}+c^{-1})a^{-8}+b^{-3}+c^{-8}-3a^{-1}b^{-1}c^{-1}(a^{-2}-a^{-1}b^{-1}-a^{-1}c^{-1}\\ \underline{a^{-3}+a^{-2}b^{-1}+a^{-2}c^{-1}} \\ & +b^{-2}-b^{-1}c^{-1}+c^{-2}\\ \hline \\ \underline{-a^{-2}b^{-1}-a^{-2}c^{-1}-3a^{-1}b^{-1}c^{-1}+b^{-8}+c^{-8}} \\ \underline{-a^{-2}b^{-1}-a^{-1}b^{-2}-a^{-1}b^{-1}c^{-1}} \\ \hline \\ -a^{-2}c^{-1}+a^{-1}b^{-2}-2a^{-1}b^{-1}c^{-1}+b^{-8}+c^{-8}\\ \underline{-a^{-2}c^{-1}-a^{-1}b^{-1}c^{-1}-a^{-1}c^{-2}} \\ \hline \\ \underline{a^{-1}b^{-2}-a^{-1}b^{-1}c^{-1}+a^{-1}c^{-2}+b^{-3}+c^{-3}} \\ \underline{a^{-1}b^{-2}+b^{-3}+b^{-2}c^{-1}} \\ \hline \\ \underline{-a^{-1}b^{-1}c^{-1}+a^{-1}c^{-2}-b^{-2}c^{-1}+c^{-3}} \\ \underline{a^{-1}c^{-2}+b^{-1}c^{-2}+c^{-3}} \\ \underline{a^{-1}c^{-2}+b^{$$

CVII.

$$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{1.} \ \ \, x\mathbf{i} + 2x\mathbf{i}y\mathbf{i} + 2y)x\mathbf{i} - 4xy + 4x\mathbf{i}y + 4y^2(x\mathbf{i} - 2x\mathbf{i}y\mathbf{i} + 2y\\ \underline{x\mathbf{i} + 2x\mathbf{i}y\mathbf{i} + 2x\mathbf{i}y}\\ \underline{-2x\mathbf{i}y\mathbf{i} - 4xy + 2x\mathbf{i}y}\\ \underline{-2x\mathbf{i}y\mathbf{i} - 4xy - 4x\mathbf{i}y\mathbf{i}}\\ \underline{2x\mathbf{i}y + 4x\mathbf{i}y\mathbf{i} + 4y^2}\\ 2x\mathbf{i}y + 4x\mathbf{i}y\mathbf{i} + 4y^2\end{array}$$

2.
$$\{x^{15ab} \times x^{13}\}^{\frac{1}{3a-2}} = x^{\frac{15ab+13}{3a-2}}$$
.

3.
$$(x^{10b+18a})^{\frac{1}{2a-2}} = x^{\frac{10b+18a}{3a-2}}$$
.

4.
$$\left\{ \frac{x^3 + a^2 - x^2 + a^2}{x^4 - a^4} - \frac{a(x - a - x - a)}{x^4 - a^4} \right\} = \left(\frac{4a^2}{x^4 - a^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$
, etc.

5.
$$\frac{7}{3}x^{-2} + 4x^{-1} - \frac{2}{7}$$

$$3x^{-2} - 2x^{-1} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$7x^{-4} + 12x^{-3} - \frac{6}{7}x^{-2}$$

$$-\frac{14}{3}x^{-3} - 8x^{-2} + \frac{4}{7}x^{-1}$$

$$-\frac{7}{6}x^{-2} - 2x^{-1} + \frac{1}{7}$$

$$7x^{-4} + \frac{22}{3}x^{-3} - \frac{421}{42}x^{-2} - \frac{10}{7}x^{-1} + \frac{1}{7}$$

6.
$$\frac{x^{a+b+a-b+e-2a}}{x^{a-a}} = x^{a-e+a} = x^a$$

7.
$$x^{n} + y^{n}$$
) $x^{2n} - y^{2n}$ ($x^{n} - y^{n}$)
$$x^{2n} + x^{n}y^{n}$$

$$-x^{n}y^{n} - y^{2n}$$

$$-x^{n}y^{n} - y^{2n}$$

8.
$$a^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3ab^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3ab^{\frac{1}{2}} + b^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$a^{\frac{1}{2}} - b^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$a^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3ab^{\frac{1}{2}} + a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$- a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}} - 3ab^{\frac{1}{2}} - 3a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}} - b^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$a^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}} - 2a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}} - 2a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}} - b^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

9.
$$a^{\frac{1}{2}} - b^{\frac{1}{2}})a - b(a^{\frac{1}{2}} + a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}}, \text{ etc.}$$

$$\frac{a - a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}}}{a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}} - b, \text{ etc.}}$$

10.
$$(a^2)^m = a^{2+2+\cdots}$$
 m terms $= a^{2m} = a^m \times a^m = (a^m)^2$.

II.
$$a^{m^n} = a^{mn}$$
; $\dots m^n = mn$; $m^{n-1} = n$; $m = n^{\frac{1}{n-1}}$.

13.
$$(x^p)^p \div (x^p)^{p-q} = x^{p2} \div x^{p2-pq} = x^{pq}$$
.

14.
$$4a^x \div \frac{1}{4a^x} = 4a^x \times 4a^x = 16a^{2x}$$
.

15.
$$[\{a^{mn}\}^p] \div [\{a^{mn}\}^{-p}] = a^{mnp} \div a^{-mnp} = a^{2mnp}$$
.

16.
$$2a^{2m} + 2a^mb^p - 4a^mc^n - 3a^mb - 3b^{p+1} + 6bc^n$$
.

17.
$$a^{m-n+n-m}$$
. $b^{n-p+p-n}$. $c=1\times 1\times c=c$.

18.
$$\frac{a^{\frac{1}{2}}(a^{\frac{3}{2}}+b^{\frac{3}{2}}-a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}})}{(a^{\frac{1}{2}}+b^{\frac{1}{2}})(a^{\frac{3}{2}}-a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}}+b^{\frac{3}{2}})} = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{2}}}{a^{\frac{1}{2}}+b^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

19.
$$(x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1)(x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1) = x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1$$

 $(x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1)(x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1) = x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1$

20.
$$a^m - ba^{m-1}x + ca^{m-2}x^2$$

 $a^n + ba^{n-1}x - ca^{n-2}x^2$

$$a^{m+n} - ba^{m+n-1}x + ca^{m+n-2}x^2$$

$$+ba^{m+n-1}x-b^2a^{m+n-2}x^2+bca^{m+n-3}x^3$$
 $-ca^{m+n-2}x^2+bca^{m+n-3}x^3-c^2a^{m+n-4}x^4$

$$a^{m+n} - b^2 a^{m+n-2} x^2 + 2bca^{m+n-3} x^3 - c^2 a^{m+n-4} x^4$$

21.
$$x^{pq-p} + y^{pq-q})x^{2pq-2p} - y^{2pq-2q}(x^{pq-p} - y^{pq-q})x^{2pq-2p} + x^{pq-p}y^{pq-q}$$

$$-x^{pq-p}y^{pq-q}-y^{2pq-2q}$$

22.
$$\{(a^m)^{\frac{m^2-1}{m}}\}^{\frac{1}{m+1}} = a^{\frac{m^2-1}{m+1}} = a^{m-1}$$
.

23.
$$x^{3r} + x^{2r}y^{p} + x^{r}y^{3p} + y^{3p}$$

$$x^{r} - y^{p}$$

$$x^{4r} + x^{3r}y^{p} + x^{2r}y^{2p} + x^{r}y^{3p}$$

$$- x^{3r}y^{p} - x^{2r}y^{2p} - x^{r}y^{3p} - y^{4p}$$

$$x^{4r} - y^{4p}$$

24.
$$\sqrt[4]{625} = \sqrt{25} = 5$$
; and $\frac{1}{12^2} = \frac{1}{144}$.

25.
$$x^{mn-n} - y^{mn-m}$$

$$x^n - y^m$$

$$x^{mn} - x^n y^{mn-m} - x^{mn-n} y^m + y^{mn}$$

26.
$$x^{\frac{1}{4}} + 3x^{\frac{1}{4}} - 1$$

 $x^{\frac{1}{4}} - 2x^{-\frac{1}{4}}$
 $x + 3x^{\frac{3}{4}} - x^{\frac{1}{4}}$
 $-2x^{\frac{1}{4}} - 6x^{\frac{1}{4}} + 2x^{-\frac{1}{4}}$
 $x + 3x^{\frac{3}{4}} - 2x^{\frac{1}{4}} - 7x^{\frac{1}{4}} + 2x^{-\frac{1}{4}}$

CVIII.

- 1. $x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ and $y^{\frac{1}{2}}$; $x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ and $y^{\frac{1}{2}}$; $\sqrt[8]{x^3}$ and $\sqrt[8]{y^2}$.
- 2. 41 and 21; 44 and 24; 15/45 and 15/23, etc.
- 3. 18\(\frac{1}{2}\) and 50\(\frac{1}{2}\); 18\(\frac{1}{2}\) and 50\(\frac{1}{2}\); 218\(\frac{1}{2}\) and \(\frac{1}{2}\)50\(\frac{1}{2}\), etc.
- 4. $2^{\frac{1}{m}}$ and $2^{\frac{1}{n}}$; $2^{\frac{n}{mn}}$ and $2^{\frac{m}{mn}}$; $\sqrt[m]{2^n}$ and $\sqrt[m]{2^m}$.
- 5. $a^{\frac{1}{m}}$ and $b^{\frac{1}{n}}$; $a^{\frac{n}{mn}}$ and $b^{\frac{m}{mn}}$; " $\sqrt[m]{a^n}$ and $\sqrt[m]{b^m}$.
- 6. (a+b) and (a-b); (a+b) and (a-b), etc.

CIX.

1.
$$\sqrt{24} = \sqrt{4 \times 6} = 2\sqrt{6}$$
.

2.
$$\sqrt{50} = \sqrt{(25 \times 2)} = 5 \sqrt{2}$$
.

3.
$$\sqrt{(4a^3)} = 2a \sqrt{a}$$
.

4.
$$\sqrt{(125a^4d^3)} = 5a^2d \sqrt{(5d)}$$
.

5.
$$\sqrt{(16 \times 2yz^3)} = 4z \sqrt{(2yz)}$$
.

6.
$$\sqrt{(100 \times 10a)} = 10 \sqrt{(10a)}$$
.

7.
$$\sqrt{(144 \times 5c^2)} = 12c \sqrt{5}$$
.

8. 7.
$$\sqrt{(36 \times 11x)} = 42 \sqrt{(11x)}$$
.

9. 18.
$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{9} \times \frac{5}{3}x^3\right)} = 6x\sqrt{\frac{5x}{3}}$$
. 10. $a\sqrt{\left(a^2 \times \frac{a}{b}\right)} = a^2\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}$.

$$10. \ a \sqrt{\left(a^2 \times \frac{a}{b}\right)} = a^2 \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}.$$

11.
$$\sqrt{a(a^2+2ax+x^2)} = (a+x)\sqrt{a}$$
.

12.
$$\sqrt{x(x^2-2xy+y^2)} = (x-y)\sqrt{x}$$
.

13.
$$\sqrt{2(25a^2-50ab+25b^2)}=5(a-b)\sqrt{2}$$
.

14.
$$\sqrt{7y(9c^4-6c^2y+y^2)}=(3c^2-y)\sqrt{7y}$$
.

15.
$$\sqrt[3]{(27a^6 \times 2b^2)} = 3a^2 \sqrt[3]{(2b^2)}$$
.

16.
$$\sqrt[3]{(20xy \times 8x^3y^6)} = 2xy^2\sqrt[3]{(20xy)}$$
.

17.
$$\sqrt[3]{(27m^9n^9 \times 4n)} = 3m^3n^3 \sqrt[3]{(4n)}$$
.

18.
$$\sqrt[3]{(343a^{15}b^{15} \times 4b)} = 7a^5b^5 \sqrt[3]{(4b)}$$
.

19.
$$\sqrt[3]{\{x(x^3+3x^2y+3xy^2+y^3)\}} = (x+y)\sqrt[3]{x}$$
.

20.
$$\sqrt[3]{a(a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2-b^3)} = (a-b)\sqrt[3]{a}$$
.

CX.

1.
$$4\sqrt{3} = \sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{48}$$
.

2.
$$3\sqrt{7} = \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{7} = \sqrt{63}$$
.

3.
$$5\sqrt[3]{9} = \sqrt[3]{125} \cdot \sqrt[3]{9} = \sqrt[3]{1125}$$
.

4.
$$2\sqrt[4]{6} = \sqrt[4]{16} \cdot \sqrt[4]{6} = \sqrt[4]{96}$$
.

5.
$$3\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{7}} = \sqrt[3]{27} \cdot \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{7}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{81}{7}}$$
.

6.
$$3\sqrt{a} = \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{a} = \sqrt{(9a)}$$
.

7.
$$4a \sqrt{3x} = \sqrt{16a^2} \sqrt{3x} = \sqrt{48a^2x}$$
.

8.
$$2ax \sqrt{\frac{3a}{4x}} = \sqrt{(4a^2x^2)} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{3a}{4x}} = \sqrt{(3a^3x)}$$
.

9.
$$\sqrt{(m+n)^2}$$
. $\sqrt{\left(\frac{m-n}{m+n}\right)} = \sqrt{(m^2-n^2)}$.

10.
$$\sqrt{(a+b)^2}$$
. $\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{a^2-b^2}\right)} = \sqrt{\frac{(a+b)^2}{a^2-b^2}} = \left(\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$.

11.
$$\sqrt{.}\left(\frac{x-y}{x+y}\right)^2$$
. $\sqrt{\left(\frac{x^2+xy}{x^2-2xy+y^2}\right)} = \sqrt{.\frac{x^2+xy}{(x+y)^2}} = \left(\frac{x}{x+y}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$.

CXL

1.
$$\sqrt{3} = \sqrt[6]{3^3} = \sqrt[6]{27}$$
; $\sqrt[6]{4} = \sqrt[6]{4^2} = \sqrt[6]{16}$, etc.

2.
$$\sqrt{10} = \sqrt[8]{10^3} = \sqrt[8]{1000}$$
; $\sqrt[8]{15} = \sqrt[8]{15^2} = \sqrt[8]{225}$, etc.

3.
$$2\sqrt{3} = \sqrt{(4\times3)} = \sqrt{12}$$
; $3\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{(9\times2)} = \sqrt{18}$, etc.

4.
$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}} = \sqrt[6]{\frac{27}{125}}$$
; $\sqrt[3]{\frac{14}{15}} = \sqrt[6]{\frac{196}{225}}$, etc.

5.
$$3\sqrt{7} = \sqrt{(9 \times 7)} = \sqrt{63}$$
; $4\sqrt{3} = \sqrt{(16 \times 3)} = \sqrt{48}$, etc.

6.
$$2\sqrt{87} = \sqrt{(4 \times 87)} = \sqrt{348}$$
; $3\sqrt{33} = \sqrt{(9 \times 33)} = \sqrt{297}$, etc.

7.
$$2\sqrt[3]{22} = \sqrt[3]{176} = \sqrt[3]{30976}$$
; $3\sqrt[3]{7} = \sqrt[3]{189} = \sqrt[3]{35721}$; $4\sqrt[3]{2} = \sqrt[3]{32} = \sqrt[3]{32768}$, etc.

8.
$$3\sqrt{19} = \sqrt{171} = \sqrt[8]{5000211}$$
; $5\sqrt[8]{18} = \sqrt[8]{2250} = \sqrt[8]{5062500}$; $3\sqrt[8]{82} = \sqrt[8]{2214} = \sqrt[8]{4901796}$, etc.

9.
$$2\sqrt[3]{14} = \sqrt[3]{112}$$
; $5\sqrt[3]{2} = \sqrt[3]{250}$; $3\sqrt[3]{3} = \sqrt[3]{81}$, etc.

10.
$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}$$
; $\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{9}}$; $\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{4} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{16}}$, etc.

CXII.

1.
$$3\sqrt{3}+8\sqrt{3}+18\sqrt{3}=29\sqrt{3}$$
.

2.
$$30\sqrt{10+20}\sqrt{2+144}\sqrt{2}=30\sqrt{10+164}\sqrt{2}$$
.

3.
$$a^2 \sqrt{x} + b^2 \sqrt{x} + c^2 \sqrt{x} = (a^2 + b^2 + c^2) \sqrt{x}$$
.

4. 4
$$2+7\sqrt[3]{2}+2\sqrt[3]{2}=13\sqrt[3]{2}$$
. 5. $21\sqrt[3]{2}+6\sqrt[3]{2}+6\sqrt[3]{2}=33\sqrt[3]{2}$.

5.
$$21\sqrt[3]{2} + 6\sqrt[3]{2} + 6\sqrt[3]{2} = 33\sqrt[3]{2}$$

6.
$$4\sqrt{6}-3\sqrt{6}=\sqrt{6}$$
.

7.
$$9\sqrt{3}-4\sqrt{3}=5\sqrt{3}$$
.

8.
$$72\sqrt{2}-24\sqrt{2}=48\sqrt{2}$$
.

9.
$$10\sqrt[3]{2} - 6\sqrt[3]{2} = 4\sqrt[3]{2}$$

10.
$$21\sqrt[3]{3} - 21\sqrt[3]{3} = 0$$
.

11.
$$\sqrt{6} \times \sqrt{8} = \sqrt{48} = 4\sqrt{3}$$
.

12.
$$\sqrt{14} \times \sqrt{20} = \sqrt{280} = 2\sqrt{70}$$
. 13. $\sqrt{50} \times \sqrt{200} = \sqrt{10000} = 100$.

14.
$$\sqrt[3]{(3a^2b)} \times \sqrt[3]{(9ab^2)} = \sqrt[3]{(27a^3b^3)} = 3ab.$$

15.
$$\sqrt[3]{(12ab)} \times \sqrt[3]{(8a^2b^3)} = \sqrt[3]{(96a^3b^4)} = 2ab\sqrt[3]{(12b)}$$
.

16.
$$\sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$
.

17.
$$\sqrt{18} \div \sqrt{50} = \sqrt{\frac{9}{25}} = \frac{3}{5}$$
.

18.
$$\sqrt[3]{(a^2b)} + \sqrt[3]{(ab^2)} = \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}$$
.

19.
$$\sqrt[4]{(a^3b)} \div \sqrt[4]{(ab^3)} = \sqrt[4]{\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2}\right)} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}$$

$$20. \ \ \surd(x^2+x^3y) \div \ \surd(x+2x^2y+x^3y^2) = \ \surd\left(\frac{x+x^2y}{1+2xy+x^2y^2}\right) = \ \surd\frac{x}{1+xy} \cdot \surd(x+2x^2y+x^3y^2) = \ \surd\left(\frac{x+x^2y}{1+xy}\right) = \ \surd(x+x^2y+x^2y^2) = \ \surd(x+x^2y+x^2y^$$

CXIII.

I.
$$\sqrt{x} \times \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{(xy)}$$
.

I.
$$\sqrt{x} \times \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{(xy)}$$
. 2. $\sqrt{(x-y)} \times \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{(xy-y^2)}$.

3.
$$\sqrt{(x+y)} \times \sqrt{(x+y)} = x + y$$
.

3.
$$\sqrt{(x+y)} \times \sqrt{(x+y)} = x+y$$
. 4. $\sqrt{(x-y)} \times \sqrt{(x+y)} = \sqrt{(x^2-y^2)}$.

5.
$$6\sqrt{x} \times 3\sqrt{x} = 18x$$
.

6.
$$7\sqrt{(x+1)} \times 8\sqrt{(x+1)} = 56(x+1)$$
.

7.
$$10 \sqrt{x} \times 9 \sqrt{(x-1)} = 90 \sqrt{(x^2-x)}$$
.

8.
$$\sqrt{(3x)} \times \sqrt{(4x)} = \sqrt{(12x^2)} = 2x \sqrt{3}$$
.

9.
$$\sqrt{x} \times - \sqrt{x} = -x$$
.

10.
$$\sqrt{(x-1)} \times - \sqrt{(x-1)} = -(x-1) = 1 - x$$
.

11.
$$3\sqrt{x} \times -4\sqrt{x} = -12x$$
.

12.
$$-2\sqrt{a} \times -3\sqrt{a} = 6a$$
.

13.
$$\sqrt{(x-7)} \times - \sqrt{x} = -\sqrt{(x^2-7x)}$$
.

14.
$$-2\sqrt{(x+7)} \times -3\sqrt{x} = 6\sqrt{(x^2+7x)}$$
.

15.
$$-4\sqrt{(a^2-1)} \times -2\sqrt{(a^2-1)} = 8(a^2-1)$$
.

16.
$$2\sqrt{(a^2-2a+3)} \times -3\sqrt{(a^2-2a+3)} = -6(a^2-2a+3) = -6a^2+12a-18$$
.

CXIV.

1.
$$\sqrt{x+7}$$

$$\sqrt{x+2}$$

$$x+7\sqrt{x}$$

$$+2\sqrt{x+14}$$

$$x+9\sqrt{x+14}$$

3. $\sqrt{(a+9)+3}$

$$\frac{\sqrt{(a+9)-3}}{a+9+3}\sqrt{(a+9)} \\ -3\sqrt{(a+9)-9}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
x-5 \ \sqrt{x} \\
+3 \ \sqrt{x}-15 \\
x-2 \ \sqrt{x}-15
\end{array}$$
4. $\sqrt{(a-4)}-7$

2. $\sqrt{x-5}$

 $\sqrt{x+3}$

$$\frac{\sqrt{(a-4)+7}}{\sqrt{(a-4)+7}}
\frac{\sqrt{(a-4)+7}}{a-4-7}\sqrt{(a-4)}
\frac{+7\sqrt{(a-4)-49}}{a-53}$$

5.
$$3\sqrt{x-7}$$
6. $2\sqrt{(x-5)+4}$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+4}}{3x-7}\sqrt{x}$$

$$\frac{+12\sqrt{x-28}}{3x+5\sqrt{x-28}}$$
6. $2\sqrt{(x-5)+4}$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{(x-5)-6}}{6(x-5)+12\sqrt{(x-5)}}$$

$$\frac{-12\sqrt{(x-5)-24}}{6x-54}$$

7.
$$\sqrt{(6+x)} + \sqrt{x}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{(6+x)} - \sqrt{x}}{6+x+\sqrt{(6x+x^2)}}$$

$$\frac{-\sqrt{(6x+x^2)} - x}{6}$$

8.
$$\sqrt{(3x+1)} + \sqrt{(2x-1)}$$

 $\sqrt{3x} - \sqrt{(2x-1)}$
 $\sqrt{(9x^2+3x)} + \sqrt{(6x^2-3x)}$
 $+ \sqrt{(6x^2-x-1)} - (2x-1)$
 $\sqrt{(9x^2+3x)} + \sqrt{(6x^2-3x)} + \sqrt{(6x^2-x-1)} - 2x + 1$

9.
$$\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{(a-x)}$$

 $\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{(a-x)}$
 $\sqrt{(ax)} + \sqrt{(ax-x^2)}$
 $- \sqrt{(a^2 - ax)} - (a-x)$
 $\sqrt{(ax)} + \sqrt{(ax-x^2)} - \sqrt{(a^2 - ax)} - a + x$

10.
$$\sqrt{(3+x)} + \sqrt{x}$$

 $\sqrt{(3+x)}$
 $3+x+\sqrt{(3x+x^2)}$

11.
$$\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} + \sqrt{z}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{y} + \sqrt{z}}{x + \sqrt{(xy)} + \sqrt{(yz)}}$$

$$- \sqrt{(xy)} - y - \sqrt{(yz)}$$

$$+ \sqrt{(xz)} + \sqrt{(yz) + z}$$
12. $\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{(a - x)} + \sqrt{x}$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{(a - x)} + \sqrt{x}}{a + \sqrt{(a^2 - ax)} + \sqrt{(ax)}}$$

$$- \sqrt{(a^2 - ax)} - (a - x) - \sqrt{(ax - x^2)}$$

$$+ \sqrt{(ax)} + \sqrt{(ax - x^2)} + x$$

$$2x + 2\sqrt{(ax)}$$
13. $21 + \sqrt{(x^2 - 9)}$

$$21 + \sqrt{(x^2 - 9)}$$

$$21 + \sqrt{(x^2 - 9)}$$

$$441 + 21\sqrt{(x^2 - 9)} + x^2$$

$$432 + 42\sqrt{(x^2 - 9)} + x^2$$
14. $\sqrt{(x + 3)} + \sqrt{(x + 8)}$

$$\sqrt{(x + 3)} + \sqrt{(x + 8)}$$

$$x + 3 + \sqrt{(x^2 + 11x + 24)} + x + 8$$

$$2x + 11 + 2\sqrt{(x^2 + 11x + 24)}$$

15.
$$\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{(x-4)}$$

 $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{(x-4)}$
 $x + \sqrt{(x^2-4x)}$
 $x + \sqrt{(x^2-4x)} + x - 4$
 $\sqrt{(x-6)} + \sqrt{x}$
 $\sqrt{(x-6)} + \sqrt{x}$
 $\sqrt{x-6} + \sqrt{x^2-6x}$
 $\sqrt{x-6} + \sqrt{x^2-6x}$
 $\sqrt{x-6} + \sqrt{x^2-6x}$

17.
$$2\sqrt{x-3}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x-3}}{4x-6\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{-6\sqrt{x+9}}{4x-12\sqrt{x+9}}$$

$$\frac{-6\sqrt{x+9}}{4x-12\sqrt{x+9}}$$

$$\frac{-\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{x-1}}{2x-2\sqrt{x^2-y^3}+x-y}$$

$$\frac{-\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x^2-y^3}+x-y}{2x-2\sqrt{x^2-y^3}}$$
19. \sqrt{x} . $\sqrt{(x+1)}-\sqrt{(x-1)}$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x}$$
. $\sqrt{(x+1)}-\sqrt{x}$. $\sqrt{(x^2-1)}$

$$\frac{-\sqrt{x}$$
. $\sqrt{(x^2-1)}+(x-1)}$

$$\frac{x^2+2x-1-2\sqrt{x^3-x}}{x^2+1+\sqrt{x}$$
. $\sqrt{(x^2-1)}$

$$\frac{+\sqrt{x}$$
. $\sqrt{(x^2-1)}$

$$\frac{+\sqrt{x}$$
. $\sqrt{(x^2-1)}$

$$\frac{+\sqrt{x}$$
. $\sqrt{(x^2-1)}$

$$\frac{x^3+1+2\sqrt{x^3-x}}{x^3+1+2\sqrt{x^3-x}}$$

CXV.

1. $c-d=(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{d})(\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{d})$. 2. $c^3-d=(c+\sqrt{d})(c-\sqrt{d})$. 3. $c-d^2=(\sqrt{c}+d)(\sqrt{c}-d)$. 4. $1-y=(1+\sqrt{y})(1-\sqrt{y})$. 5. $1-3x^2=(1+\sqrt{3}x)(1-\sqrt{3}x)$. 6. $5m^2-1=(\sqrt{5}m+1)(\sqrt{5}m-1)$. 7. $4a^2-3x=\{2a+\sqrt{(3x)}\}\{2a-\sqrt{(3x)}\}$. 8. $9-8n=\{3+2\sqrt{(2n)}\}\{3-2\sqrt{(2n)}\}$. 9. $11n^2-16=(\sqrt{11},n+4)(\sqrt{11},n-4)$.

10. $p^2-4r=(p+2\sqrt{r})(p-2\sqrt{r})$.

11. $p-3q^2=(\sqrt{p}+\sqrt{3}q)(\sqrt{p}-\sqrt{3}q)$.

12.
$$a^{2m}-b^n=(a^m+b^{\frac{n}{2}})(a^m-b^{\frac{n}{2}}).$$

13.
$$\frac{1}{a-\sqrt{b}} \times \frac{a+\sqrt{b}}{a+\sqrt{b}} = \frac{a+\sqrt{b}}{a^2-b}.$$

14.
$$\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}}\times\frac{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}}=\frac{a+\sqrt{(ab)}}{a-b}.$$

15.
$$\frac{4+3\sqrt{2}}{3-2\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{3+2\sqrt{2}}{3+2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{12+17\sqrt{2}+12}{9-8} = 24+17\sqrt{2}$$
.

16.
$$\frac{2}{2-\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{2+\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4+2\sqrt{2}}{4-2} = \frac{4+2\sqrt{2}}{2} = 2+\sqrt{2}$$
.

17.
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}+3}{4-3} = 3+2\sqrt{3}$$
.

18.
$$\frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2+\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4-4\sqrt{2}+2}{4-2} = \frac{6-4\sqrt{2}}{2} = 3-2\sqrt{2}$$
.

19.
$$\frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{x}} \times \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a} \div \sqrt{x}} = \frac{a + 2\sqrt{(ax) + x}}{a - x}$$

20.
$$\frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{1-\sqrt{x}} \times \frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1+2\sqrt{x+x}}{1-x}$$
.

21.
$$\frac{\sqrt{(a+x)} + \sqrt{(a-x)}}{\sqrt{(a+x)} - \sqrt{(a-x)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{(a+x)} + \sqrt{(a-x)}}{\sqrt{(a+x)} + \sqrt{(a-x)}}$$
$$= \frac{a+x+2\sqrt{(a^2-x^2)} + a-x}{a+x-(a-x)} = \frac{2a+2\sqrt{(a^2-x^2)}}{2x} = \frac{a+\sqrt{(a^2-x^2)}}{x}.$$

22.
$$\frac{\sqrt{(m^2+1)} - \sqrt{(m^2-1)}}{\sqrt{(m^2+1)} + \sqrt{(m^2-1)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{(m^2+1)} - \sqrt{(m^2-1)}}{\sqrt{(m^2+1)} - \sqrt{(m^2-1)}}$$

$$= \frac{m^2+1-2\sqrt{(m^4-1)}+m^2-1}{m^2+1-(m^2-1)} = \frac{2m^2-2\sqrt{(m^4-1)}}{2}$$

$$= m^2 - \sqrt{(m^4-1)}.$$

23.
$$\frac{a+\sqrt{(a^2-1)}}{a-\sqrt{(a^2-1)}} \times \frac{a+\sqrt{(a^2-1)}}{a+\sqrt{(a^2-1)}} = \frac{a^2+2a\sqrt{(a^2-1)}+a^2-1}{a^2-(a^2-1)}$$
$$= 2a^2-1+2a\sqrt{(a^2-1)}.$$

24.
$$\frac{a + \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)}}{a - \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)}} \times \frac{a + \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)}}{a + \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)}} = \frac{a^2 + 2a\sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)} + a^2 - x^2}{a^2 - (a^2 - x^2)}$$
$$= \frac{2a^2 - x^2 + 2a\sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)}}{x^2}.$$

CXVI.

1.
$$4 + \sqrt{(-3)}$$

 $4 - \sqrt{(-3)}$
 $16 + 4\sqrt{(-3)}$
 $-4\sqrt{(-3)-(-3)}$
19

2. $\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{(-2)}$
 $3 - 2\sqrt{(-6)}$
 $+2\sqrt{(-6)} - 4\times(-2)$

3.
$$4\sqrt{(-2)} - 2\sqrt{2}$$

 $\frac{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{(-2)} - 3\sqrt{2}}{2\times(-2) - \sqrt{(-4)}}$
 $\frac{-12\sqrt{(-4)} + 6\times 2}{8-13\sqrt{(-4)} = 8-26\sqrt{(-1)}}$

4.
$$\sqrt{(-2)} + \sqrt{(-3)} + \sqrt{(-4)}$$

 $\sqrt{(-2)} - \sqrt{(-3)} - \sqrt{(-4)}$
 $-2 - \sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{2}$
 $+ \sqrt{6} - (-3) + 2\sqrt{3}$
 $+ 2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3} - (-4)$
 $-2 + 3 + 4\sqrt{3} + 4 = 5 + 4\sqrt{3}$

5.
$$3\sqrt{(-a)} + \sqrt{(-b)}$$

 $4\sqrt{(-a)} - 2\sqrt{(-b)}$
 $-12a - 4\sqrt{(ab)}$
 $+6\sqrt{(ab)} + 2b$
 $-12a + 2\sqrt{(ab)} + 2b$
6. $a + \sqrt{(-a)}$
 $a - \sqrt{(-a)}$
 $a^2 + a\sqrt{(-a)} + a$
 $a^2 + a$

7.
$$a\sqrt{(-a)} + b\sqrt{(-b)}$$

 $a\sqrt{(-a)} - b\sqrt{(-b)}$
 $-a^3 - ab\sqrt{(ab)}$
 $+ab\sqrt{(ab)} + b^3$
 $-a^3 + b^3$
9. $1 - \sqrt{(1-e^2)}$
 $1 - \sqrt{(1-e^2$

CXVII.

1.
$$\frac{3x+3\sqrt{(xy)-3\sqrt{(xy)+3y}}}{9\sqrt{(xy)}} = \frac{x+y}{3\sqrt{(xy)}}.$$
2.
$$\{1+2\sqrt{(-1)+(-1)}\}+\{1-2\sqrt{(-1)+(-1)}\}$$

$$=2\sqrt{(-1)-2\sqrt{(-1)}}=0.$$
3.
$$\frac{2\sqrt{(xy)+2y+2x-2\sqrt{(xy)}}}{4\sqrt{(xy)}} = \frac{x+y}{2\sqrt{(xy)}}.$$
4.
$$\{1+2\sqrt{(-1)-1}\}-\{1-2\sqrt{(-1)-1}\}=4\sqrt{(-1)}=\sqrt{(-16)}.$$
5.
$$x^2+\sqrt{2}.ax+a^2)x^4+a^4(x^2-\sqrt{2}.ax+a^2)$$

$$x^4+\sqrt{2}.ax^3+a^2x^2$$

$$-\sqrt{2}.ax^3-2a^2x^2+\sqrt{2}.a^3x}$$

$$a^2x^2+\sqrt{2}.a^3x+a^4$$

$$a^2x^2+\sqrt{2}.a^3x+a^4$$

$$a^2x^2+\sqrt{2}.a^3x+a^4$$

6.
$$m^2 - \sqrt{2.mn + n^2}$$
) $m^4 + n^4 (m^2 + \sqrt{2.mn + n^2})$

$$\frac{m^4 - \sqrt{2.m^3n + m^2n^2}}{\sqrt{2.m^3n - m^2n^2} + n^4}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2.m^3n - 2m^2n^2} + \sqrt{2.mn^3}}{m^2n^2 - \sqrt{2.mn^3} + n^4}$$

$$m^2n^2 - \sqrt{2.mn^3} + n^4$$

7
$$\sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{(x^2 + 2xy + y^2)} + \sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{(x^2 - 2xy + y^2)}$$

= $\sqrt{x} \cdot (x + y) + \sqrt{x} \cdot (x - y) = 2x\sqrt{x}$.

8.
$$\frac{a\sqrt{a+a\sqrt{b-b\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{b}-(a\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{a-a\sqrt{b-b\sqrt{b}}}})}}}{a-b}$$

$$= \frac{2a\sqrt{b-2b\sqrt{a}}}{a-b}.$$

9.
$$a^2 \cdot \frac{c}{b} - 2a \cdot \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \cdot \sqrt{(cd)} + cd = \frac{a^2c}{b} - 2ac\sqrt{\frac{d}{b}} + cd$$

$$\text{10. } a^{2\sqrt{2}}-2a^{\sqrt{2}}\cdot\frac{1}{a^{\sqrt{2}}}+\frac{1}{a^{2\sqrt{2}}}=a^{2\sqrt{2}}-2+\frac{1}{a^{2\sqrt{2}}}.$$

II.
$$\frac{x^2 + a^2 + 2\sqrt{(x^4 - a^4) + x^2 - a^2 + x^2 + a^2 - 2\sqrt{(x^4 - a^4) + x^2 - a^2}}}{(x^2 + a^2) - (x^2 - a^2)}$$

$$= \frac{4x^2}{2a^2} = \frac{2x^2}{a^2} \cdot$$

12.
$$\left\{ \frac{\sqrt{(1-x^2)+1}}{\sqrt{(1+x)}} \right\} \div \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{(1-x^2)+1}}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)}} \right\} = \frac{\sqrt{(1-x^2)}}{\sqrt{(1+x)}} = \sqrt{(1-x)}.$$

13.
$$\frac{x-1}{x+1} \left\{ \frac{(\sqrt{x+1})(\sqrt{x-1})}{\sqrt{x-1}} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{x})(1-\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}(1+\sqrt{x})} \right\} \\ = \frac{x-1}{x+1} \left\{ \sqrt{x+1} + \frac{1-\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} \right\} = \frac{x-1}{x+1} \left(\frac{x+\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) = \frac{x-1}{\sqrt{x}}.$$

14.
$$\frac{x}{4} + 3 - 2\sqrt{\left(\frac{x^2}{16} - 9\right)} + \frac{x}{4} - 3 = \frac{x}{2} - 2\sqrt{\left(\frac{x^2}{16} - 9\right)}$$

15.
$$x+a-2\sqrt{(x^2-a^2)}+x-a=2x-2\sqrt{(x^2-a^2)}$$
.

16.
$$\sqrt[m]{(a^{2m-n+n}.b^{5m+1+m-1}.c^{3p+m-3p})} = \sqrt[m]{(a^{2m}.b^{6m}.c^m)} = a^2b^6c.$$

17.
$$\{-1 - a\sqrt{(-1)}\}^2 = 1 + 2a\sqrt{(-1)} - a^2$$

$$\{1 + 2a\sqrt{(-1)} - a^2\}^2 = 1 - 4a^2 + a^4 + 4a\sqrt{(-1)} - 2a^2 - 4a^3\sqrt{(-1)}$$

$$1 - 6a^2 + a^4 + 4a\sqrt{(-1)} - 4a^3\sqrt{(-1)}$$

$$-1 - a\sqrt{(-1)}$$

$$-1 + 6a^2 - a^4 - 4a\sqrt{(-1)} + 4a^3\sqrt{(-1)}$$

$$-a\sqrt{(-1)} + 6a^3\sqrt{(-1)} - a^5\sqrt{(-1)} + 4a^2 - 4a^4$$

$$-1 + 10a^2 - 5a^4 + (10a^3 - a^5 - 5a)\sqrt{(-1)}$$

18.
$$3\sqrt[3]{3} - (-8) + 4\sqrt[3]{3} = 8 + 7\sqrt[3]{3}$$
.

$$\text{19. } \frac{6c^2}{x-1} \cdot \sqrt{\left(\frac{x(4x^2-8x+4)}{3c^3}\right)} = \frac{6c^2}{x-1} \cdot \frac{2x-2}{c} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{x}{3c}} = \frac{12c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{(3c)}} = 4\sqrt{(3cx)}.$$

20.
$$\frac{x}{x-7} \left\{ \sqrt[3]{[3p^2\{x^3 - 21x^2 + 147x - 343\}]} \right\} = \frac{x}{x-7} \cdot \sqrt[3]{(3p^2) \cdot (x-7)} = x \sqrt[3]{(3p^2)}.$$

21.
$$2(n-1) \sqrt[3]{\left[\frac{1}{2n}\cdot\left(-\frac{1}{n^3-3n^2+3n-1}\right)\right]} = 2(n-1) \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{1}{2n}\right)\cdot\left(-\frac{1}{n-1}\right)}$$

= $-2\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2n}} = -\sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{2n}} = -\sqrt[3]{\frac{4n^2}{n^3}} = \frac{1}{n}\sqrt[3]{(-4n^2)}$.

22.
$$2(n-1).3\sqrt{7} + \frac{4}{3}\sqrt{7} - 2\sqrt{7} + \frac{2(n-1)\times 5}{3}\sqrt{7} - \frac{n}{3}\sqrt{7}$$

= $6n\sqrt{7} - 6\sqrt{7} + \frac{4}{3}\sqrt{7} - 2\sqrt{7} + \frac{10n}{3}\sqrt{7} - \frac{10}{3}\sqrt{7} - \frac{n}{3}\sqrt{7}$
= $9n\sqrt{7} - 10\sqrt{7}$.

23.
$$\sqrt{(17^2-33)}$$
 $\sqrt[8]{(65^2-129)} = \sqrt{256} - \sqrt[8]{4096} = 16 - 16 = 0$

CXVIII.

Adopt the notation of Art. 316; then

1.
$$x+y=10$$
 $; x^2+2xy+y^2=100$ $; x^2-2xy+y^2=16; x-y=4, \text{etc.}$

2.
$$x+y=16$$
 $xy=55$; $x^2+2xy+y^2=256$ $4xy=220$ $x^2-2xy+y^2=36$; $x-y=6$, etc.

3.
$$x+y=9$$
 ; $x^2+2xy+y^2=81$; $x^2-2xy+y^2=25$; $x-y=5$, etc.

4.
$$x+y=91$$
 ; $x^2+2xy+y^2=8836$; $x^2-2xy+y^2=16$; $x-y=4$, etc.

5.
$$x+y=13$$
 ; $x^2+2xy+y^2=169$; $x^2-2xy+y^2=49$; $x-y=7$, etc.

6.
$$x+y=38$$
 $\begin{cases} x^2+2xy+y^2=1444 \\ xy=360 \end{cases}$; $\begin{cases} x^2+2xy+y^2=1444 \\ 4xy = 1440 \end{cases}$; $x^2-2xy+y^2=4$; $x-y=2$, etc.

7.
$$x+y=14$$
 ; $x^2+2xy+y^2=196$; $x^2-2xy+y^2=100$; $x-y=10$, etc.

8.
$$x+y=103$$
 ; $x^2+2xy+y^2=10609$; $xy=396$; $4xy=1584$; $x^2-2xy+y^2=9025$; $x-y=95$, etc.

9.
$$x+y=75$$
 ; $x^2+2xy+y^2=5625$; $x^2-2xy+y^2=2601$; $x-y=51$, etc.

10.
$$x + y = 87$$
 $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 7569$ $xy = 1512$; $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 6048$; $x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 1521$; $x - y = 39$, etc.

11.
$$x+y=\frac{7}{2}$$
 ; $x^2+2xy+y^2=\frac{49}{4}$; $x^2-2xy+y^2=\frac{9}{4}$; $x^2-2xy+y^2=\frac{9}{4}$; $x-y=\frac{3}{2}$, etc.

12.
$$x+y=57$$
 $x^2+2xy+y^2=3249$ $xy=540$ $4xy=2160$; $x^2-2xy+y^2=1089$; $x-y=33$, etc.

CXIX.

1.
$$x=7^2=49$$
. 2. $x=9^2=81$.

3.
$$x=5^2=25$$
.

4.
$$x=2^3=8$$
.

5.
$$x=3^3=27$$
.

6.
$$x=4^4=256$$
.

7.
$$x+9=36$$
, etc.

8.
$$x-7=49$$
, etc.

7.
$$x+9=36$$
, etc. 8. $x-7=49$, etc. 9. $x-15=64$, etc.

10.
$$x-9=144$$
, etc.

10.
$$x-9=144$$
, etc. 11. $4x-16=8$, etc. 12. $3\sqrt{x}=18$; $x=36$.

12.
$$3\sqrt{x}=18$$
; $x=36$

13.
$$\sqrt[8]{(2x+3)}=3$$
; $2x+3=27$; $2x=24$; $x=12$.

14.
$$c\sqrt{x}=a-b$$
; $c^2x=(a-b)^2$; $x=\frac{(a-b)^2}{c^2}$.

15.
$$\sqrt{(x^2-9)}=9-x$$
; $x^2-9=81-18x+x^2$; $18x=90$; $x=5$.

16.
$$x^2-11=x^2-2x+1$$
; $2x=12$; $x=6$.

17.
$$4x^2 + 5x - 2 = 4x^2 + 4x + 1$$
; $x = 3$.

18.
$$9x^2 - 12x - 51 = 9x^2 - 18x + 9$$
; $6x = 60$; $x = 10$.

19.
$$x^2 - ax + b = x^2 + 2ax + a^2$$
; $3ax = b - a^2$, etc.

20.
$$25x^2 - 3mx + n = m^2 + 10mx + 25x^2$$
; $13mx = n - m^2$, etc.

CXX.

1.
$$\sqrt{(16+x)} = 8 - \sqrt{x}$$
; $16+x = 64 - 16\sqrt{x} + x$; $16\sqrt{x} = 48$; $\sqrt{x} = 3$; $x = 9$.

2.
$$x-16=64-16\sqrt{x}+x$$
; $16\sqrt{x}=80$; $\sqrt{x}=5$; $x=25$.

3.
$$\sqrt{(x+15)} = 15 - \sqrt{x}$$
; $x+15 = 225 - 30\sqrt{x} + x$; $30\sqrt{x} = 210$; $\sqrt{x} = 7$; $x = 49$.

4.
$$x-21=x-2\sqrt{x+1}$$
; $2\sqrt{x}=22$; $\sqrt{x}=11$; $x=121$.

5.
$$x-1=x+4-6\sqrt{(x+4)}+9$$
; $6\sqrt{(x+4)}=14$; $\sqrt{(x+4)}=\frac{7}{3}$; $x+4=\frac{49}{9}$; $x=\frac{13}{9}$.

6.
$$1+2\sqrt{(3x+1)}+3x+1=4x+4$$
; $2\sqrt{(3x+1)}=x+2$;
Squaring both sides, $4(3x+1)=x^2+4x+4$; $x^2=8x$, etc.

7.
$$1-2\sqrt{(1-3x)}+1-3x=4(1-x)$$
; $2\sqrt{(1-3x)}=x-2$; $4(1-3x)=x^2-2x+4$; $x^2+8x=0$, etc.

8.
$$a - \sqrt{x} = \sqrt{(x-a)}$$
; $a^2 - 2a\sqrt{x} + x = x - a$; $2\sqrt{x} = 1 + a$; $4x = (1+a)^2$, etc.

9.
$$\sqrt{(x-m)} = \frac{m-2\sqrt{x}}{2}$$
; $x-m = \frac{m^2-4m\sqrt{x+4x}}{4}$; $-4m = m^2-4m\sqrt{x}$; $\sqrt{x} = \frac{m+4}{4}$; $x = \left(\frac{m+4}{4}\right)^2$.

10.
$$\sqrt{(x-4)} = 3 - \sqrt{(x-1)}$$
; $x-4=9-6\sqrt{(x-1)}+x-1$; $6\sqrt{(x-1)} = 12$; $\sqrt{(x-1)} = 2$; $x-1=4$; $x=5$.

CXXI.

1.
$$\sqrt{(x^2-9x)+x-9}=36$$
; $\sqrt{(x^2-9x)}=45-x$;
 $x^2-9x=2025-90x+x^2$; $81x=2025$; $x=25$.

2.
$$x + \sqrt{(x^2 - 21x)} = 35$$
; $x^2 - 21x = 1225 - 70x + x^2$; $49x = 1225$.
 $x = 25$.

3.
$$x+7+\sqrt{(x^2+7x)}=28$$
; $\sqrt{(x^2+7x)}=21-x$; $x^2+7x=441-42x+x^2$; $49x=441$; $x=9$.

4.
$$x-15+\sqrt{(x^2-15x)}=105$$
; $\sqrt{(x^2-15x)}=120-x$;
 $x^2-15x=14400-240x+x^2$; $225x=14400$; $x=64$.

5.
$$\sqrt{(x^2-4x)+x-4=8}$$
; $\sqrt{(x^2-4x)=12-x}$; $x^2-4x=144-24x+x^2$; $20x=144$, etc.

6.
$$\sqrt{(3ax+x^2)+3a+x-9a=0}$$
; $\sqrt{(3ax+x^2)=6a-x}$; $3ax+x^2=36a^2-12ax+x^2$; $15ax=36a^2$, etc.

7.
$$b^2-ax=b^2-ax-ab+bx$$
; $bx=ab$; $x=a$.

8.
$$2 + \sqrt{x} - x = \frac{4 + \sqrt{x}}{2}$$
; $4 + 2\sqrt{x} - 2x = 4 + \sqrt{x}$; $\sqrt{x} = 2x$; $x = 4x^2$; whence $x = 0$ or $\frac{1}{4}$.

9.
$$x+28\sqrt{x}+192=x+36\sqrt{x}+128$$
; $8\sqrt{x}=64$; $x=64$.

10.
$$x-6\sqrt{x-16}=x-10\sqrt{x+24}$$
; $4\sqrt{x-40}$; $x=100$.

CXXIL

1.
$$x-3\sqrt{x}=4$$
; $3\sqrt{x}=x-4$; $9x=x^2-8x+16$; $x^2-17x=-16$, etc.

2.
$$14\sqrt{x}=x+45$$
; $196x=x^2+90x+2205$; $x^2-106x=-2205$, etc.

3.
$$9(7+2x^3)=25.(4x-3)$$
; $63+18x^2=100x-75$; $18x^2-100x=-138$, etc.

4.
$$6x-11=249-2x^2$$
; $2x^2+6x=260$; $x^2+3x=130$, etc.

5.
$$6-x=4-4\sqrt{(2x-1)}+2x-1$$
; $4\sqrt{(2x-1)}=3x-3$; $16(2x-1)=9x^2-18x+9$; $9x^2-50x=-25$, etc.

6.
$$x+12=2\sqrt{(4-3x)}$$
; $x^2+24x+144=4(4-3x)$; $x^2+36x=-128$.

7.
$$2x+7+2\sqrt{(6x^2-15x-126)+3x-18}=7x+1$$
;
 $\sqrt{(6x^2-15x-126)=x+6}$; $6x^2-15x-126=x^2+12x+36$, etc.

8.
$$4(204 - 5x) = 400 - 40\sqrt{(3x - 68)} + 3x - 68$$
;
 $40\sqrt{(3x - 68)} = 23x - 484$;
 $1600(3x - 68) - 529x^2 - 22264x + 234256$;
 $529x^2 - 27064x = -343056$;
 $x^2 - \frac{27064}{529}x + \frac{183115024}{(529)^2} = \frac{183115024 - 181476624}{(529)^2} = \frac{1638400}{(529)^2}$
 $x - \frac{13532}{529} = \pm \frac{1280}{529}$, etc.

9.
$$(\sqrt{x}-4)(\sqrt{x}+4)=33$$
; $x-16=33$; $x=49$.

10.
$$(\sqrt{x+11}).(\sqrt{x-11})=608$$
; $x-121=608$; $x=729$.

11.
$$\sqrt{(x^2+17x+60)}=12$$
; $x^2+17x+60=144$; $x^2+17x=-84$, etc.

12.
$$x+3+2\sqrt{(x^2+11x+24)}+x+8=25x$$
; $2\sqrt{(x^2+11x+24)}=23x-11$; $4(x^2+11x+24)=529x^2-506x+121$; $525x^2-550x=-25$; $x^2-\frac{22x}{21}=-\frac{1}{21}$, etc.

13.
$$\sqrt{(25+x)} = 8 - \sqrt{(25-x)}$$
; $25+x=64-16\sqrt{(25-x)}+25-x$; $8\sqrt{(25-x)} = 32-x$; $64(25-x) = 1024-64x+x^2$; $x^2=576$; $x=\pm 24$.

14.
$$x+4+2\sqrt{(2x^2+7x-4)}+2x-1=36$$
; $2\sqrt{(2x^2+7x-4)}=33-3x$, $4(2x^2+7x-4)=1089-198x+9x^2$; $x^2-226x=-1105$, etc.

15.
$$\sqrt{(13x-1)} = 5 + \sqrt{(2x-1)}$$
; $13x-1 = 25 + 10\sqrt{(2x-1)} + 2x - 1$; $11x-25 = 10\sqrt{(2x-1)}$; $121x^2 - 550x + 625 = 100(2x-1)$; $121x^2 - 750x = -725$; $x^2 - \frac{750}{121}x + \frac{140625}{(121)^2} = \frac{140625 - 87725}{(121)^2}$, etc.

16.
$$7x+1-2\sqrt{(21x^2+10x+1)+3x+1}=4$$
; $\sqrt{(21x^2+10x+1)}=5x-1$; $21x^2+10x+1=25x^2-10x+1$; $4x^2=20x$; $x=5$ or 0.

17.
$$\sqrt{(4+x)} = 3 - \sqrt{x}$$
; $4+x=9-6\sqrt{x}+x$; $\sqrt{x}=\frac{5}{6}$; $x=\frac{25}{36}$.

18.
$$x + \sqrt{(x^2 + 9975)} = 525$$
; $\sqrt{(x^2 + 9975)} = 525 - x$;
 $x^2 + 9975x = 275625 - 1050x + x^2$; $11025x = 275625$, etc.

19.
$$\frac{x}{4} + 3 + 2\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{16} - 9} + \frac{x}{4} - 3 = \frac{2x}{3}$$
; $2\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{16} - 9} = \frac{x}{6}$; $\frac{x^2}{16} - 9 = \frac{x^2}{144}$; $\frac{8x^2}{144} = 9$; $x^2 = 9 \times 18$; $x = \pm 9\sqrt{2}$.

20.
$$x^2-1+6\sqrt{(x^2-1)}=16$$
; $x^2-1+6\sqrt{(x^2-1)}+9=25$; $\sqrt{(x^2-1)}+3=\pm 5$; $\sqrt{(x^2-1)}=2$ or -8 . Hence $x^2-1=4$ or 64 ; $x^2=5$ or 65 , etc.

21.
$$x^2 - 2ax + a^2 + 2ab + b^2 = x^2 + a^2 + b^2 - 2ax + 2bx - 2ab$$
; $4ab = 2bx$; $x = 2a$.

22.
$$x^2 + 2ax + a^2 + 2ab + b^2 = b^2 + a^2 + x^2 - 2ab - 2bx + 2ax$$
; $4ab = -2bx$; $x = -2a$.

23.
$$x+4-2\sqrt{(x^2+4x)}+x=x+\frac{3}{2}$$
; $x+\frac{5}{2}=2\sqrt{(x^2+4x)}$;
 $x^2+5x+\frac{25}{4}=4x^2+16x$; $3x^2+11x=\frac{25}{4}$; $x^2+\frac{11x}{3}+\frac{121}{36}=\frac{196}{36}$;
 $x+\frac{11}{6}=\pm\frac{14}{6}$; $x=\frac{1}{2}$ or $-\frac{25}{6}$.

24.
$$\sqrt{x+1} = x + \frac{5}{4}$$
; $\sqrt{x} = x + \frac{1}{4}$; $x - \sqrt{x} = -\frac{1}{4}$; $x - \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{4} = 0$; $\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{2} = 0$; $x = \frac{1}{4}$.

25.
$$\sqrt{(4+x)} = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{x}$$
; $4+x=3+2\sqrt{(3x)}+x$; $2\sqrt{(3x)}=1$; $12x=1$, etc.

26.
$$\sqrt{(x+4)} = 9 - \sqrt{(x+5)}$$
; $x+4=81-18\sqrt{(x+5)}+x+5$; $18\sqrt{(x+5)} = 82$; $9\sqrt{(x+5)} = 41$; $81(x+5) = 1681$, etc.

27.
$$\sqrt{(x^2-4x)+x-4}=8$$
; $\sqrt{(x^2-4x)}=12-x$; $x^2-4x=144-24x+x^2$; $20x=144$, etc.

28.
$$x^2 - 21 = \sqrt{(x^2 - 9)}$$
; $x^4 - 42x^2 + 441 = x^2 - 9$; $x^4 - 43x^2 = -450$; $x^4 - 43x^2 + \frac{1849}{4} = \frac{49}{4}$; $x^2 - \frac{43}{2} = \pm \frac{7}{2}$; $x^2 = 25$ or 18, etc.

29.
$$\sqrt{(50+x)} = 2 + \sqrt{(50-x)}$$
; $50+x=4+4\sqrt{(50-x)}+50-x$; $x-2=2\sqrt{(50-x)}$; $x^2-4x+4=4(50-x)$; $x^2=196$, etc.

30.
$$\sqrt{(2x+4)} - 1 = \sqrt{\left(\frac{x}{2} + 6\right)}$$
; $2x + 4 - 2\sqrt{(2x+4)} + 1 = \frac{x}{2} + 6$;
 $\frac{3x}{2} - 1 = 2\sqrt{(2x+4)}$; $9x^2 - 12x + 4 = 16(2x+4)$; $9x^2 - 44x = 60$;
 $x^2 - \frac{44}{9}x + \frac{484}{81} = \frac{1024}{81}$, etc.

31.
$$3+x+\sqrt{(3x+x^2)}=6$$
; $\sqrt{(3x+x^2)}=3-x$; $3x+x^2=9-6x+x^2$; $9x=9$; $x=1$.

32.
$$\sqrt{(x-1)} + \sqrt{(x+1)} = 1$$
; $\sqrt{(x-1)} = 1 - \sqrt{(x+1)}$;
 $x-1=1-2\sqrt{(x+1)}+x+1$; $2\sqrt{(x+1)}=3$; $4(x+1)=9$, etc.

33.
$$3x + \sqrt{(4x - x^2)} = 6x - 2\sqrt{(4x - x^2)}$$
; $3\sqrt{(4x - x^2)} = 3x$; $4x - x^2 = x^2$; $2x^2 = 4x$, etc.

34.
$$\sqrt{(ax+x^2)} = \sqrt{a} - \sqrt{x}$$
; $a - \sqrt{(ax+x^2)} = a - 2\sqrt{(ax)} + x$; $\sqrt{(ax+x^2)} = 2\sqrt{(ax)} - x$; $ax + x^2 = 4ax - 4x\sqrt{(ax)} + x^2$; $4x\sqrt{(ax)} = 3ax$; whence $x = 0$, or $4\sqrt{(ax)} = 3a$; $16ax = 9a^2$; $16x = 9a$, etc.

CXXIII.

1.
$$x-2=0$$
, or, $x-5=0$; $x=2$ or 5.

2.
$$x-3=0$$
, or, $x+7=0$: $x=3$ or -7 .

3.
$$x+9=0$$
, or, $x+2=0$; $x=-9$ or -2 .

4.
$$x-5a=0$$
, or, $x-6b=0$; $x=5a$ or $6b$.

5.
$$2x+7=0$$
, or, $3x-5=0$; $x=-\frac{7}{2}$ or $\frac{5}{3}$.

6.
$$19x - 227 = 0$$
, or, $14x + 83 = 0$; $\therefore x = \frac{227}{19}$ or $-\frac{83}{14}$.

7.
$$5x-4m=0$$
, or, $6x-11n=0$; $x=\frac{4m}{5}$ or $\frac{11n}{6}$.

8.
$$x^2 + 5ax + 6a^2 = 0$$
, or, $x^2 - 7ax + 12a^2 = 0$;
 $(x + 2a)(x + 3a) = 0$, or, $(x - 4a)(x - 3a) = 0$;
 $\therefore x + 2a = 0$, or, $x + 3a = 0$, or, $x - 4a = 0$, or, $x - 3a = 0$, etc.

9.
$$(x+2)(x-2)(x-a)(x-a)=0$$
; $x=\pm 2$ or a.

10.
$$x.x.(x-5)=0$$
, $x=0$ or 5.

11.
$$acx - 2a + b = 0$$
, or, $bcx + 3a - b = 0$;
 $\therefore acx = 2a - b$, or, $bcx = b - 3a$, etc

12.
$$cx - d = 0$$
, or, $cx - e = 0$, etc.

CXXIV.

I. Let m be one of the roots of the first equation, and $\frac{1}{m}$ one of the roots of the second equation.

Then $am^2 + bm + c = 0$, and $c'm^2 + b'm + a' = 0$.

Multiply the first by a' and the second by c; then $aa'm^2 + a'bm + a'c = 0$, and $cc'm^2 + b'cm + a'c = 0$.

Subtracting $(aa'-cc')m^2+(a'b-b'c)m=0$.

Whence (aa' - cc')m = -(a'b - b'c) . . . (1).

Again, multiply the first by c' and the second by a; then $ac'm^2 + bc'm + cc' = 0$, and $ac'm^2 + ab'm + aa' = 0$.

Subtracting (bc'-ab')m=cc'-aa';

or aa' - cc' = -(ab' - bc')m . . . (2). Multiplying (1) and (2) together, we get

Multiplying (1) and (2) together, we get $(aa'-cc')^2=(ab'-bc')(a'b-b'c)$.

2.
$$a + \beta = -\frac{b}{a}$$
 and $a\beta = \frac{c}{a}$;

$$\therefore a^2 + 2a\beta + \beta^2 = \frac{b^2}{a^2}$$
, and $2a\beta = \frac{2c}{a}$

$$\therefore a^2 + \beta^2 = \frac{b^2}{a^2} - \frac{2c}{a} = \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{a^2}.$$

3.
$$a + \beta = -\frac{b}{a}$$
 and $a\beta = \frac{c}{a}$.

$$\therefore ac\left(x - \frac{a}{\beta}\right)\left(x - \frac{\beta}{a}\right) = ac\left(x^2 - \frac{a^2 + \beta^2}{a\beta}x + 1\right)$$

$$= ac\left(x^2 - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{ac}x + 1\right)$$

$$= acx^2 + (2ac - b^2)x + ac.$$

4. The roots are $\frac{-b+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)}}{2a}$ and $\frac{-b-\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)}}{2a}$, and that these may be equal, we must have $b^2-4ac=0$, or $c=\frac{b^2}{4a}$ Putting this for c in the expression ax^2+bx+c , $ax^2+bx+\frac{b^2}{4a}=\frac{4a^2x^2+4abx+b^2}{4a}=\left(\frac{2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)^2.$

5.
$$a+\beta=1+a$$
, and $a\beta=\frac{1+a+a^2}{2}$.
 $a^2+2a\beta+\beta^2=1+2a+a^2$, and $2a\beta=1+a+a^2$
 $\therefore a^2+\beta^2=a$.

CXXV.

1.
$$(x-5)(x-6)=0$$
, or, $x^2-11x+30=0$.

2.
$$(x-4)(x+5)=0$$
, or, $x^2+x-20=0$.

3.
$$(x+2)(x+7)=0$$
, or, $x^2+9x+14=0$.

4.
$$\left(x-\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(x-\frac{2}{3}\right)=0$$
, or, $(2x-1)(3x-2)=0$, or, $6x^3-7x+2=0$.

5.
$$(x-7)\left(x+\frac{5}{9}\right)=0$$
, or, $(x-7)(9x+5)=0$, or, $9x^2-58x-35=0$.

6.
$$(x-\sqrt{3})(x+\sqrt{3})=0$$
, or, $x^2-3=0$.

7.
$$(x-m-n)(x-m+n)=0$$
, or, $x^2-2mx+m^2-n^2=0$.

8.
$$\left(x - \frac{1}{a}\right)\left(x - \frac{1}{\beta}\right) = 0$$
, or, $x^2 - \frac{a + \beta}{a\beta}x + \frac{1}{a\beta} = 0$.

9.
$$\left(x + \frac{a}{\beta}\right)\left(x - \frac{\beta}{a}\right) = 0$$
, or, $x^2 + \frac{a^2 - \beta^2}{a\beta}x - 1 = 0$.

CXXVI.

- 1. One root is found by trial to be 2; then $x^3 11x^2 + 36x 36 = (x-2)(x^2 9x + 18) = (x-2)(x-3)(x-6).$
- 2. One root is found by trial to be 1; then $x^3 7x^2 + 14x 8 = (x-1)(x^2 6x + 8) = (x-1)(x-2)(x-4).$
- 3. One root is found by trial to be -1; then $x^3 5x^2 46x 40 = (x+1)(x^2 6x 40) = (x+1)(x-10)(x+4).$
- 4. One root is found by trial to be -1; then $4x^3 + 6x^2 + x 1 = (x+1)(4x^2 + 2x 1) = (x+1)4 \cdot \left(x^2 + \frac{x}{2} \frac{1}{4}\right)$ and since the roots of $x^2 + \frac{x}{2} \frac{1}{4} = 0$ are $\frac{\sqrt{5} 1}{4}$ and $\frac{-\sqrt{5} 1}{4}$, $x^2 + \frac{x}{2} \frac{1}{4} = \left(x + \frac{1 \sqrt{5}}{4}\right) \cdot \left(x + \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{4}\right)$, and therefore $4x^3 + 6x^2 + x 1 = 4(x+1)\left(x + \frac{1 \sqrt{5}}{4}\right)\left(x + \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{4}\right).$
- 5. One root is found by trial to be -1; then $6x^3 + 11x^2 9x 14 = (x+1)(6x^2 + 5x 14) = (x+1)(x+2)(6x-7).$
- 6. If we put x=-y-z, the expression becomes zero, which shows that x+y+z is one of its factors; the other is found by division to be $x^2+y^2+z^2-xy-xz-yz$.
- 7. If we put a=b+c, the expression becomes zero, which shows that a-b-c is one of its factors; the other is found by division to be $a^2+b^2+c^2+ab+ac-bc$.

8. One root is found by trial to be 1; then
$$3x^3-x^2-23x+21=(x-1)(3x^2+2x-21)=(x-1)(3x-7)(x+3).$$

9. One root is found by trial to be 1; then
$$2x^3 - 5x^2 - 17x + 20 = (x - 1)(2x^2 - 3x - 20) = (x - 1)(x - 4)(2x + 5).$$

10. One root is found by trial to be
$$-1$$
; then $15x^3 + 41x^2 + 5x - 21 = (x+1)(15x^2 + 26x - 21)$ $= (x+1)(3x+7)(5x-3)$.

CXXVII.

1.
$$x^4 - 12x^2 = 13$$
; $x^4 - 12x^2 + 36 = 49$; $x^2 - 6 = \pm 7$, etc.

2.
$$x^6 + 14x^3 = -24$$
; $x^6 + 14x^3 + 49 = 25$; $x^3 + 7 = \pm 5$, etc.

3.
$$x^8 + 22x^4 = -21$$
; $x^8 + 22x^4 + 121 = 100$; $x^4 + 11 = \pm 10$, etc

4.
$$x^{2m} + 3x^m + \frac{9}{4} = \frac{25}{4}$$
; $x^m + \frac{3}{2} = \pm \frac{5}{2}$, etc.

5.
$$x^{4n} - \frac{5}{3}x^{2n} + \frac{25}{36} = \frac{100}{36}$$
; $x^{2n} - \frac{5}{6} = \pm \frac{10}{6}$, etc.

6.
$$x - \frac{9}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{81}{16} = \frac{121}{16}$$
; $x^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{9}{4} = \pm \frac{11}{4}$, etc.

7.
$$x^{-2} + 3x^{-1} + \frac{9}{4} = \frac{97}{36}$$
; $x^{-1} + \frac{3}{2} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{97}}{6}$; $x^{-1} = \frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{97}}{6}$

$$\therefore x = \frac{6}{-9 \pm \sqrt{97}}.$$

8.
$$x^{-2n} - x^{-n} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{81}{4}$$
; $x^{-n} - \frac{1}{2} = \pm \frac{9}{2}$; $x^{-n} = 5$ or -4 ,

$$\therefore \frac{1}{x^n} = \frac{1}{5} \text{ or } -\frac{1}{4} \text{ ; } x = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \text{ or } \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} .$$

9.
$$x^2 - 2x + 5 + 6(x^2 - 2x + 5)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 16$$
;
 $(x^2 - 2x + 5) + 6(x^2 - 2x + 5)^{\frac{1}{2}} + 9 = 25$; $(x^2 - 2x + 5)^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3 = \pm 5$;
 $(x^2 - 2x + 5)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 2$ or -8 ; $x^2 - 2x + 5 = 4$ or 64 , etc.

10.
$$2x^2-2x+10\sqrt{(2x^2-5x+6)}=3x+33$$
;
 $2x^2-5x+6+10\sqrt{(2x^2-5x+6)}=39$;
 $(2x^2-5x+6)+10\sqrt{(2x^2-5x+6)}+25=64$;
 $\sqrt{(2x^2-5x+6)}+5=\pm 8$; $\sqrt{(2x^2-5x+6)}=3$ or -13 ;
 $2x^2-5x+6=9$ or 169 , etc.

11.
$$3x^2 - 6\sqrt{3x^2 - 2ax + 4} + 12 = 2\iota x + a^2 + 2a$$
;
 $3x^2 - 2ax + 4 - 6\sqrt{3x^2 - 2ax + 4} = a^2 + 2a - 8$;
 $(3x^2 - 2ax + 4) - 6\sqrt{3x^2 - 2ax + 4} + 9 = a^2 + 2a + 1$;
 $\sqrt{3x^2 - 2ax + 4} - 3 = \pm (a + 1)$;
 $3x^2 - 2ax + 4 = (4 + a)^2$ or $(2 - a)^2$, etc.

12.
$$x^2 - ax + a^2 - 2\sqrt{(x^2 - ax + a^2)} = -2a + a^2$$
;
 $(x^2 - ax + a^2) - 2\sqrt{(x^2 - ax + a^2) + 1} = a^2 - 2a + 1$;
 $\sqrt{(x^2 - ax + a^2) - 1} = \pm (a - 1)$; $x^2 - ax + a^2 = a^2$ or $(2 - a)^2$, etc.

CXXVIII.

1.
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
, $\frac{6}{7}$, $\frac{7}{9}$; $\frac{42}{63}$, $\frac{54}{63}$, $\frac{49}{63}$, etc.

2.
$$\frac{x+3y}{x+2y}$$
, $\frac{x+2y}{x+y}$; $\frac{x^2+4xy+3y^2}{(x+2y)(x+y)}$, $\frac{x^2+4xy+4y^2}{(x+2y)(x+y)}$, etc.

3.
$$\frac{x-5y}{x-4y}$$
, $\frac{x-3y}{x-2y}$; $\frac{x^2-7xy+10y^2}{(x-4y)(x-2y)}$, $\frac{x^2-7xy+12y^2}{(x-4y)(x-2y)}$, etc.

4. Let x be the number.

Then
$$\frac{a+x}{b+x} = \frac{c}{d}$$
; $ad+dx = bc+cx$;
 $(c-d)x = ad-bc$; $x = \frac{ad-bc}{c-d}$.

5. Let x:y be the ratio. Then $x^{2}+y^{2}=181 \}, x^{2}+y^{2}+2xy=361 \}, x+y=19 \}, x=10 \text{ or } 9$ $xy = 90 \}, x^{2}+y^{2}-2xy=1 \}, x-y=\pm 1 \}, y=9 \text{ or } 10$

CXXIX.

1.
$$x:y=6:9=2:3$$
.

2.
$$x:y=b:a$$
.

3.
$$(a-c)x = (b+d)y$$
; $x:y=b+d:a-c$.

4.
$$x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 6y^2$$
; $x + y = \pm \sqrt{6} \cdot y$;
 $x = (\pm \sqrt{6} - 1)y$; $x : y = \pm \sqrt{6} - 1$: 1.

5.
$$x^2 - 12xy + 36y^2 = 49y^2$$
; $x - 6y = \pm 7y$;
 $x = 13y$ or $-y$; $x : y = 13:1$, or, $-1:1$.

6.
$$x^2 + mxy + \frac{m^2y^2}{4} = \frac{(m^2 + 4n^2)y^2}{4}$$
; $x + \frac{my}{2} = \frac{\pm\sqrt{(m^2 + 4n^2)y}}{2}$; $x = \frac{-m \pm \sqrt{(m^2 + 4n^2)}y}{2}$, etc.

7. Let 3x and 4x be the numbers. Then

$$\frac{3x+4x}{9x^2+16x^2} = \frac{7}{50}; \ 7 \times 25x^2 = 50 \times 7x; \ x = 2.$$

Hence the numbers are 6 and 8.

- '8. Let 6x and 7x be the numbers. Then $\frac{6x+12}{7x+12} = \frac{12}{13}; 78x+156 = 84x+144; 6x = 12; x = 2, \text{ etc.}$
- 9. Let 7x and 13x be the numbers. Then 20x = 100; x = 5, etc.
- 10. Let x and y be the numbers. Then $x^2 y^2 = 48$, and $\frac{x+y}{x-y} = \frac{12}{1}$. Hence x+y = 12x - 12y, or, 13y = 11x. Then $x^2 - \frac{121x^2}{169} = 48$; $48x^2 = 169 \times 48$; x = 13, etc.
- 11. Let x be the value of a gold coin, and y the value of a silver one. Then 5x + 4y = 3x + 12y; 2x = 8y; x : y = 4 : 1.
- 12. Let x be the value of a gold coin, and y the value of a silver one. Then 8x + 9y = 6x + 19y; 2x = 10y; y : x = 1:5.

CXXX.

1.
$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{8}{15}$$
.

2.
$$\frac{3}{7} \times \frac{14}{9} \times \frac{4}{3} = \frac{8}{9}$$
.

3.
$$\frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^3 + y^3} \times \frac{x^2 - xy + y^2}{x + y} = \frac{x - y}{x + y}.$$

4
$$\frac{a^2-b^2+2bc-c^2}{a^2-b^2-2bc-c^2} \times \frac{a+b+c}{a+b-c} = \frac{(a+b-c)(a-b+c)(a+b+c)}{(a+b+c)(a-b-c)(a+b-c)}$$
, etc

5.
$$\frac{m^3 + n^3}{m^3 - n^3} \times \frac{m - n}{m + n} = \frac{m^2 - mn + n^2}{m^2 + mn + n^2}.$$

6.
$$\frac{(x+2)(x+3)}{(y-3)(y-4)} \times \frac{y(y-3)}{x(x+3)} = \frac{(x+2)y}{(y-4)x}$$

CXXXI.

I. Let
$$\frac{a}{b} = \lambda$$
, then $\frac{c}{d} = \lambda$. Then $a = \lambda b$ and $c = \lambda d$.

Then $\frac{a+b}{a} = \frac{\lambda b+b}{\lambda b} = \frac{\lambda+1}{\lambda}$,
and $\frac{c+d}{c} = \frac{\lambda d+d}{\lambda d} = \frac{\lambda+1}{\lambda}$.

2. Let
$$\frac{a}{b} = \lambda$$
, then $\frac{c}{d} = \lambda$. Then $a = \lambda b$, $c = \lambda d$.

Then $\frac{a^3 - b^2}{b^2} = \frac{\lambda^2 b^2 - b^2}{b^2} = \lambda^2 - 1$,

and $\frac{c^2 - d^2}{d^2} = \frac{\lambda^2 d^2 - d^2}{d^2} = \lambda^2 - 1$.

3. Let
$$\frac{a_1}{b_1} = \lambda$$
, then $\frac{a_2}{b_2} = \lambda$. Then $a_1 = \lambda b_1$, and $a_2 = \lambda b_2$.

Then $\frac{m_1 a_1 + m_2 a_2}{m_2 b_1 + m_2 b_2} = \frac{m_1 \lambda b_1 + m_2 \lambda b_2}{m_1 b_1 + m_2 b_2} = \lambda = \frac{a_1}{b_1}$.

4. Let
$$a = b\lambda$$
 and $c = d\lambda$. Then

$$\frac{3a^2+ab+2b^2}{3a^2-2b^2} = \frac{3b^2\lambda^2+b^2\lambda+2b^2}{3b^2\lambda^2-2b^2} = \frac{3\lambda^2+\lambda+2}{3\lambda^2-2}$$
$$\frac{3c^2+cd+2d^2}{3c^2-2d^2} = \frac{3d^2\lambda^2+d^2\lambda+2d^2}{3d^2\lambda^2-2d^2} = \frac{3\lambda^2+\lambda+2}{3\lambda^2-2}.$$

5. Let
$$a = b\lambda$$
 and $c = d\lambda$. Then

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{a^2+3ab+b^2}{c^2+3cd+d^2} &= \frac{b^2\lambda^2+3b^2\lambda+b^2}{d^2\lambda^2+3d^2\lambda+d^2} = \frac{b^2(\lambda^2+3\lambda+1)}{d^2(\lambda^2+3\lambda+1)} = \frac{b^2}{d^2} \\ \frac{2ab+3b^2}{2cd+3d^2} &= \frac{2b^2\lambda+3b^2}{2d^2\lambda+3d^2} = \frac{b^2(2\lambda+3)}{d^2(2\lambda+3)} = \frac{b^2}{d^2} \end{aligned}.$$

6. Let
$$\frac{a}{b} = \lambda$$
; then $\frac{c}{d} = \lambda$ and $\frac{e}{f} = \lambda$.

Then $a = b\lambda$, $c = d\lambda$, $e = f\lambda$.

Then
$$\frac{mc-ne}{md-nf} = \frac{md\lambda - nf\lambda}{md-nf} = \lambda = \frac{a}{b}$$
.

$$7 \cdot \frac{a - \frac{ma}{n}}{b - \frac{mb}{n}} = \frac{a\left(1 - \frac{m}{n}\right)}{b\left(1 - \frac{m}{n}\right)} = \frac{a}{b} \cdot$$

8. Let
$$a = b\lambda$$
, $c = d\lambda$, $e = f\lambda$.

Then
$$\frac{ac}{bd} = \frac{bd\lambda^2}{bd} = \lambda^2$$

and
$$\frac{la^2 + mc^2 + ne^2}{lb^2 + md^2 + nf^2} = \frac{lb^2\lambda^2 + md^2\lambda^2 + nf^2\lambda^2}{lb^2 + md^2 + nf^2} = \lambda^2.$$

9. Let
$$a_1 = b_1 \lambda$$
; $a_2 = b_2 \lambda$; $a_3 = b_3 \lambda$.

Then
$$\frac{a_1^2 + a_2^2 + a_3^2}{b_1^2 + b_2^2 + b_3^2} = \frac{b_1^2 \lambda^2 + b_2^2 \lambda^2 + b_3^2 \lambda^2}{b_1^2 + b_2^2 + b_3^2} = \lambda^2 = \frac{a_1^2}{b_1^2}.$$

10. Let
$$a_1 = b_1\lambda$$
; $a_2 = b_2\lambda$; $a_3 = b_3\lambda$.

Then
$$\frac{a_1a_2 + a_2a_3 + a_3a_1}{b_1b_2 + b_3b_3 + b_3b_1} = \frac{b_1b_2\lambda^2 + b_2b_2\lambda^2 + b_3b_1\lambda^2}{b_1b_2 + b_3b_3 + b_3b_1} = \lambda^2 = \frac{a_1^2}{b_1^2}.$$

11.
$$(a^2-ab+b^2)(c^2+cd+d^2) = (a^2+ab+b^2)(c^2-cd+d^2)$$
;
 $(a^2+b^2)(c^2+cd+d^2-c^2+cd-d^2) = ab(c^2-cd+d^2+c^2+cd+d^2)$;
 $(a^2+b^2)(2cd) = ab(2c^2+2d^2)$; $a^2cd+b^2cd=abc^2+abd^2$;
 $a^2cd-abd^2=abc^2-b^2cd$; $ad(ac-bd)=bc(ac-bd)$;
then either $ad=bc$; and therefore $a:b=c:d$,
or $ac-bd=0$; and therefore $ac=bd$, or, $a:b=d:c$.

12.
$$(a^2 + b^2)(c^2 - d^2) = (a^2 - b^2)(c^2 + d^2)$$
;
 $a^2c^2 + b^2c^2 - a^2d^2 - b^2d^2 = a^2c^2 + a^2d^2 - b^2c^2 - b^2d^2$; $2b^2c^2 = 2a^2d^2$;
 $bc = ad$; and $\therefore a: b = c: d$.

13. Let
$$\frac{a}{b} = \lambda$$
 and $\frac{c}{d} = \lambda$; then $a = b\lambda$ and $c = d\lambda$.
Then $\frac{(a+c)(a^2+c^2)}{(a-c)(a^2-c^2)} = \frac{(b\lambda+d\lambda)(b^2\lambda^2+d^2\lambda^2)}{(b\lambda-d\lambda)(b^2\lambda^2-d^2\lambda^2)} = \frac{(b+d)(b^2+d^2)}{(b-d)(b^2-d^2)}$.

14. Let
$$a_1 = b_1 \lambda$$
 and $a_2 = b_2 \lambda$.
Then $\frac{\sqrt{(a_1^2 + a_2^2)}}{\sqrt{(b_1^2 + b_2^2)}} = \sqrt{\frac{b_1^2 \lambda^2 + b_2^2 \lambda^2}{b_1^2 + b_2^2}} = \sqrt{(\lambda^2)} = \lambda = \frac{a_1}{b_1}$.

CXXXII.

1.
$$(a-b)c=(b-c)b$$
; $ac-bc=b^2-bc$; $ac=b^2$; $a:b=b:c$

2. Let
$$a = \lambda b$$
 and $c = \lambda d$.
Then $\frac{(a^2 + b^2)(a + b)}{a^3} = \frac{(\lambda^2 b^2 + b^2)(\lambda b + b)}{\lambda^3 b^3} = \frac{(\lambda^2 + 1)(\lambda + 1)}{\lambda^3}$, and $\frac{(c^2 + d^2)(c + d)}{c^3} = \frac{(\lambda^2 d^2 + d^2)(\lambda d + d)}{\lambda^3 d^3} = \frac{(\lambda^2 + 1)(\lambda + 1)}{\lambda^3}$.
Also, $\frac{4}{\sqrt[4]{(mb^4 + nc^4)}} = \sqrt[4]{\frac{mb^4 \lambda^4 + nd^4 \lambda^4}{mb^4 + nd^4}} = \sqrt[4]{\lambda^4} = \lambda = \frac{a}{b}$.

3. Let $a=b\lambda$ and $c=d\lambda$.

Then
$$\frac{ma - nb}{ma + nb} = \frac{mb\lambda - nb}{mb\lambda + nb} = \frac{m\lambda - n}{m\lambda + n}$$

and $\frac{mc - nd}{mc + nd} = \frac{md\lambda - nd}{md\lambda + nd} = \frac{m\lambda - n}{m\lambda + n}$.

4.
$$(5a+3b)(7b+3c) = (7a+3b)(5b+3c)$$
;
 $35ab+15ac+21b^2+9bc=35ab+21ac+15b^2+9bc$; $6b^2=6ac$;
 $b^2=ac$; $a:b=b:c$.

5. Let a:b=c:d, and suppose a to be the greatest of the four.

Then : $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$, and a is greater than b, c is greater than d,

and $\frac{a}{c} = \frac{b}{d}$, and a is greater than c, b is greater than d.

Again, if a + b : m + n = m - n : a - b,

and a+b is greater than m+n

m-n is greater than a-b

 $\therefore a+b+m-n$ is greater than m+n+a-b

 \therefore 2b is greater than 2n; and \therefore b is greater than n.

6.
$$(x-1)(x+2)=(x-2)(2x+1)$$
; $x^2+x-2=2x^2-3x-2$; $x^2=4x$; $x=4$ or 0.

7.
$$\frac{a}{b} + 1 = \frac{c}{d} + 1$$
; $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$.

8. Suppose the bicycle went 5x and the tricycle 4x yards per minute. Then the tricycle had a start of 2x yards out of 1760 yards. Also the bicycle went 880 yards while the tricycle went

$$1760 - 2x - 176$$
. $\therefore 1760 : 1760 - 2x - 176 = 5 : 4$;
 $1760 \times 4 = (1584 - 2x) \times 5$; $10x = 7920 - 7040$, etc.

9.
$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$$
; $\therefore \frac{a^2}{b^2} = \frac{c^2}{d^2}$; $\therefore \frac{a^2 - b^2}{b^2} = \frac{c^2 - d^2}{d^2}$;

$$\therefore \frac{a^2 - b^2}{c^2 - d^2} = \frac{b^2}{d^2}; \text{ and since } b^2 \text{ is greater than } d^2.$$

 $\therefore a^2 - b^2$ is greater than $c^2 - d^2$

 $\therefore a^2 + d^2$ is greater than $b^2 + c^2$.

10.
$$(10a+b)(12c+d)=(10c+d)(12a+b)$$
;
 $120ac+12bc+10ad+bd=120ac+12ad+10bc+bd$; $2bc=2ad$
 $bc=ad$; $a:b=c:d$.

11.
$$2x=3y$$
, and $xy=600$.

Hence
$$x \times \frac{2x}{3} = 600$$
; $x^2 = 900$; $x = 30$, etc.

12. Let
$$\frac{a}{b} = \lambda$$
; then $\frac{b}{c} = \lambda$.

Then (1.)
$$\frac{a}{a+b} = \frac{\lambda b}{\lambda b+b} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda+1}$$
$$\frac{a-b}{a-c} = \frac{\lambda b-b}{\lambda b-c} = \frac{\lambda^2 c - \lambda c}{\lambda^2 c - c} = \frac{\lambda^2 - \lambda}{\lambda^2 - 1} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda+1}.$$
(2.)
$$(a^2 + b^2)(b^2 + c^2) = (\lambda^2 b^2 + b^2)(\lambda^2 c^2 + c^2)$$

$$(2.) (a^{2} + b^{2})(b^{2} + c^{2}) = (\lambda^{2}b^{2} + b^{2})(\lambda^{2}c^{2} + c^{2}) = \lambda^{2}c^{4}(\lambda^{2} + 1)^{2}$$

$$= \lambda^{2}c^{2}(\lambda^{2} + 1)(\lambda^{2}c^{2} + c^{2}) = \lambda^{2}c^{4}(\lambda^{2} + 1)^{2}$$

$$(ab + bc)^{2} = (\lambda b^{2} + \lambda c^{2})^{2} = (\lambda^{3}c^{2} + \lambda c^{2})^{2} = \lambda^{2}c^{4}(\lambda^{2} + 1)^{2}.$$

13. Let $a=b\lambda$ and $c=d\lambda$.

Then
$$\frac{a+b}{b} = \frac{b\lambda+b}{b} = \lambda+1$$
;

and
$$\frac{c+d}{d} = \frac{d\lambda + d}{d} = \lambda + 1$$
.

Hence
$$\frac{ab-bc-dx+(bc+dx)}{bc+dx} = \frac{a-b-c+(b+c)}{b+c}$$
;

or,
$$\frac{ab}{bc+dx} = \frac{a}{b+c}$$
; $\frac{b}{bc+dx} = \frac{1}{b+c}$; $b^2 + bc = bc + dx$, etc.

14. Let $a=\lambda b$, and $b=\lambda c$.

Then
$$\frac{a+mb}{a-mb} = \frac{\lambda b + mb}{\lambda b - mb} = \frac{\lambda + m}{\lambda - m}$$
;

and
$$\frac{b+mc}{b-mc} = \frac{\lambda c + mc}{\lambda c - mc} = \frac{\lambda + m}{\lambda - m}$$
.

15.
$$a = \frac{5b}{4}$$
; and therefore $\frac{a^2 - b^2}{a^2 + b^2} = \frac{\frac{25b^2}{16} - b^2}{\frac{25b^2}{16} + b^2} = \frac{9}{41}$

16. Let the sides be $2\frac{1}{2}x$, $3\frac{3}{4}x$, and 4x yards.

Then
$$2\frac{1}{2}x + 3\frac{3}{4}x + 4x = 205$$
; $\frac{41}{4}x = 205$; $x = 20$, etc.

17. Let the sides be 3x, 4x and 5x yards.

Then 3x+4x+5x=480; 12x=480; x=40, etc.

18. Let a+b be the greatest term of the proportion, then a-b is the least.

Also,
$$\frac{a+b}{p+q} = \frac{p-q}{a-b}$$
.

Hence
$$\frac{(a+b)-(p+q)}{p+q} = \frac{(p-q)-(a-b)}{a-b}.$$

Now p+q is greater than a-b.

$$(a+b)-(p+q)$$
 is greater than $(p-q)-(a-b)$.

And (a+b)+(a-b) is greater than (p+q)+(p-q).

19. Let x be the rate of the man's rowing, y the rate of the stream, in miles per hour.

Then x+y= the man's rate down stream,

and x-y= the man's rate up stream. Hence x+y:x-y=5:3; 3x+3y=5x-5y; 4y=x.

Also
$$\frac{30}{x+y} + \frac{30}{x-y} = 12$$
; $\frac{30}{5y} + \frac{30}{3y} = 12$; $16 = 12y$; $y = 1\frac{1}{3}$.

20. Let C contain x pints of brandy and y pints of water.

Then A contains x+y pints of water, and Bx+y pints of brandy. Hence when B and C are mixed, the mixture contains 2x+y

ence when B and C are mixed, the mixture contains pints of brandy;

and when A and C are mixed, the mixture contains x pints of brandy;

therefore 2x + y : x = 9 : 1; 2x + y = 9x; y = 7x, etc.

21. Let x be the number of quarters; y the price of each in shillings. Then selling price: xy=105:100

$$\therefore \frac{105xy}{100} = xy + 16 \times 20$$
; $\therefore xy = 6400$.

Again x(y+5) = xy + 20y; : x = 4y.

Hence $4y^2 = 6400$; $y^2 = 1600$; y = 40; x = 160.

22. Let x be the price of the horse in pounds.

Then since cost price : gain = 100 : gain per cent.

$$x: 144-x=100:x$$

$$x^2 + 100x = 14400$$
; $x^2 + 100x + 2500 = 16900$; $x = 80$.

- 23. Let x be the cost of the goods in pounds. Then x:96-x=100:x; $x^2+100x=9600$; x=60.
- 24. Let x be the cost of the sheep in pounds. Then x:24-x=100:x; $x^2+100x=2400$; x=20.
- 25. Let the first crew row x yards, and the second y yards at each stroke. Then in 8 minutes the first crew row 320x yards, and in 8 minutes the second crew row 360y yards. Also the second crew has 4x yards start. Hence 320x=360y+4x; 316x=360y; 79x=90y, etc.
- 26. Let x be the rate of the fast train, y the rate of the slow train.

Then
$$\frac{180}{y} + \frac{30}{y} =$$
time for journey by slow train

$$\frac{180}{x} + \frac{15}{y} =$$
time for journey by fast train

$$\therefore \frac{210}{y} : \frac{180y + 15x}{xy} = 14:9; \text{ or, } \frac{14}{y} : \frac{12y + x}{xy} = 14:9.$$

Hence $14 \times 9 \times x = (12y + x) \times 14$; 8x = 12y; 2x = 3y. Again x = y + 15; $\therefore 2y + 30 = 3y$; y = 30; x = 45.

27. Let x be the worth of the article, y the selling price, in pounds.

27. Let x be the worth of the article, y the sening price, in pounds

Then x: x-y=100: x

$$\therefore x^2 = 100x - 100y; \ x^2 - 100x + 2500 = 2500 - 100y.$$

To obtain a real value for x, 100y must not be greater than 2500; ... y cannot be greater than 25.

CXXXIII.

1. Let
$$A = \frac{m}{B}$$
 and $B = \frac{n}{C}$.

Then
$$A = m \div \frac{n}{C} = \frac{m}{n} \cdot C$$
; $\therefore A \propto C$.

2. Let
$$A = mB$$
. Then $\frac{A}{P} = m \cdot \frac{B}{P}$; $\therefore \frac{A}{P} \propto \frac{B}{P}$.

3. Let
$$A = mB$$
 and $C = nD$. Then $AC = mn.BD$, etc.

4.
$$5:7=12:x$$
; $5x=84$, etc.

5.
$$x: \frac{1}{y} = 10: \frac{1}{2}; \frac{x}{2} = \frac{10}{y}; \frac{4}{2} = \frac{10}{y}; y = 5.$$

6.
$$x:yz=1:2\times3$$
; $6x=yz$; $6\times4=y\times2$; $y=12$.

7.
$$x: \frac{y}{z} = 6: \frac{4}{3}; \frac{4x}{3} = \frac{6y}{z}; \frac{4x}{3} = \frac{6 \times 5}{7}; x = 3\frac{3}{14}$$

8.
$$3x + 5y : 5x + 3y = 31 : 25$$
; $75x + 125y = 155x + 93y$; $32y = 80x$, etc.

9. Let
$$A = mB$$
, and $B^3 = nC^2$; then $\frac{A^3}{m^3} = nC^2$; $A^3 = \frac{n}{m^3} \cdot C^2$; $A = \frac{n!}{m} \cdot C^3$; $\therefore A \propto C^3$.

to.
$$z:xy=4:2$$
; $30:3x=2:1$; $x=5$.

11.
$$A:B=8:12$$
; $12A=8B$; $A=\frac{2}{3}B$.

12.
$$x^2:y^3=9:64$$
; $64x^2=9y^3$.

13.
$$x^2: \frac{1}{y^3} = 4: \frac{1}{27}; \frac{x^2}{27} = \frac{4}{y^3}; x^2 = \frac{108}{y^3}$$

14.
$$x^3: y^2 = 27: 4$$
; $4x^3 = 27y^2$.

15. Let
$$x=mz$$
, and $y=\frac{n}{z}$; then $xy=mn$; $x=mn$. $\frac{1}{y}$.

16. The area of a triangle $=\frac{1}{2}$ (base \times altitude). Let a_1 , a_2 be the altitudes; b_1 , b_2 the bases of the triangles; then $a_1b_1=a_2b_3$, or, $a_1:a_2=b_2:b_1$.

- 17. The area of a parallelogram = base × altitude. Let a_1 , a_2 be the altitudes; b_1 , b_2 the bases of the parallelogram Then $a_1b_1=a_2b_2$; or, $a_1:a_2=b_3:b_1$.
- 18. Let $y = p + mx + nx^2$.

Then
$$6=p+m+n$$

$$11=p+2m+4n$$

$$18=p+3m+9n$$
 $y=3+2x+x^2$.
$$5=m+3n$$

$$7=m+5n$$

$$7=m+5n$$
; $n=1, m=2, p=3$.

- 19. $10 \times 27 : 9 \times 9 \times 10 = 2 \times 27 : 3 \times 3 \times \text{required height in feet.}$ Height = $\frac{9 \times 9 \times 10 \times 2 \times 27}{10 \times 27 \times 3 \times 3}$ ft. = 18 ft.
- 20. Let g, n, l, b represent the area of glass, the number, length, ar breadth of the panes respectively.

Then suppose g=m.nlb, where m is a constant,

$$n = \frac{p}{b^2}$$
, where p is a constant.
 $l = \frac{q}{b}$, where q is a constant.

Then g=

$$g = m \cdot \frac{p}{b^2} \cdot l \cdot \frac{q}{l} = mpq \cdot \frac{1}{b^2} = mpq \cdot \frac{l^2}{q^2} = \frac{mp}{q} \cdot l^2$$

$$\therefore q \text{ varies as } l^2 \cdot$$

CXXXIV.

1.
$$a=2$$
, $d=3$, $n-1=16$
 $z=2+16\times 3=2+48=50$.

2.
$$a=4$$
, $d=4$, $n-1=49$
 $z=4+4\times 49=4+196=200$.

3.
$$a=7$$
, $d=\frac{1}{4}$, $n-1=15$
 $z=7+\frac{1}{4}\times 15=7+\frac{15}{4}=10\frac{3}{4}$.

4.
$$a = \frac{1}{2}, d = -\frac{3}{2}, n - 1 = 22$$

 $z = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{2} \times 22 = \frac{1}{2} - 33 = -32\frac{1}{2}$.

5.
$$a = \frac{5}{6}, d = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{5}{6} = -\frac{1}{3}, n - 1 = 11$$

$$z = \frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{3} \times 11 = \frac{5}{6} - \frac{11}{3} = -2\frac{5}{6}.$$

6.
$$a=-12$$
, $d=4$, $n-1=13$
 $z=-12+4\times 13=-12+52=40$.

7.
$$a=-3$$
, $d=8$, $n-1=15$
 $z=-3+8\times 15=-3+120=117$.

8.
$$a = \frac{n-1}{n}, d = \frac{n-2}{n} - \frac{n-1}{n} = \frac{-1}{n}, n-1 = n-1$$

 $z - \frac{n-1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} \times (n-1) = \frac{n-1}{n} - \frac{n-1}{n} = 0.$

9.
$$a=x^2+2xy+y^2$$
, $d=-2xy$, $n-1=n-1$
 $z=x^2+2xy+y^2-2xy$ $(n-1)=x^2+y^2-2$ $(n-2)$ xy .

10.
$$a = \frac{a-b}{a+b}, d = \frac{3a-2b}{a+b}, n-1=n-1$$

$$s = \frac{a-b}{a+b} + \frac{3an-2bn-3a+2b}{a+b} = \frac{3an-2bn-2a+b}{a+b}.$$

CXXXV.

1.
$$2a=4$$
, $d=1$, $n=100$

$$s=\frac{100}{2}\{2+99\times1\}=50\times101=5050.$$

2.
$$2a=4$$
, $d=2$, $n=50$
 $s=25\{4+49\times 2\}=25\times 102=2550$.

3.
$$2a=6$$
, $d=4$, $n=20$
 $s=10\{6+19\times 4\}=10\times 82=820$.

4.
$$2a = \frac{1}{2}$$
, $d = \frac{1}{4}$, $n = 15$

$$s = \frac{15}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \times 14 \right\} = \frac{15}{2} \times 4 = 30.$$

5.
$$2\alpha = -18$$
, $d=2$, $n=12$
 $s=6\{-18+2\times 11\}=6\times 4=24$.

6.
$$2a = \frac{5}{3}, d = -\frac{1}{3}, n = 17$$

$$s = \frac{17}{2} \left\{ \frac{5}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \times 16 \right\} = \frac{17}{2} \times \left(-\frac{11}{3} \right) = -\frac{187}{6} = -31 \frac{1}{6}.$$

7.
$$2a=2$$
, $d=1$, $n=n$
 $s=\frac{n}{2}\{2+1\times(n-1)\}=\frac{n}{2}\cdot(n+1)$.

8.
$$2a=2$$
, $d=3$, $n=n$

$$s=\frac{n}{2}\left\{2+3\left(n-1\right)\right\}=\frac{n}{2}(3n-1)=\frac{3n^2-n}{2}.$$

9.
$$2a=2, d=7, n=n$$

$$s=\frac{n}{2}\left\{2+7(n-1)\right\}=\frac{n}{2}(7n-5)=\frac{7n^2-5n}{2}.$$

10.
$$2a = \frac{2(n-1)}{n}, d = -\frac{1}{n}, n = n$$

$$s = \frac{n}{2} \left\{ \frac{2n-2}{n} - \frac{n-1}{n} \right\} = \frac{n}{2} \times \frac{n-1}{n} = \frac{n-1}{2}.$$

CXXXVI.

1.
$$-14 = 100 + 19d$$
; $19d = -114$; $d = -6$.

2.
$$-x=x+50d$$
; $50d=-2x$; $d=-\frac{x}{95}$.

3.
$$5\frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} + 48d$$
; $48d = 6$; $d = \frac{1}{8}$.

4.
$$-21\frac{3}{4} = -\frac{3}{4} + 24d$$
; $24d = -21$; $d = -\frac{7}{8}$.

5.
$$-20 = -10 + 5d$$
; $5d = -10$; $d = -2$.

6.
$$0 = 150 + 90d$$
; $90d = -150$; $d = -\frac{5}{3}$.

CXXXVII.

1. (1.)
$$a+58d=70$$

 $a+65d=84$; $7d=14$; $d=2$; $a=70-116=-46$.

(2.)
$$a+19d=93-35b$$
 $a+20d=98-37b$; $d=5-2b$; $a+95-38b=93-35b$, etc.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
(3.) & a + & d = \frac{1}{2} \\
a + 54d = 5 \cdot 8
\end{array}; & 54a + 54d = 27 \\
a + 54d = 5 \cdot 8
\end{cases}; & 53a = 21 \cdot 2; & a = \frac{2}{5}.$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
(4.) & a+d=& 4 \\
a+86d=& -30
\end{array}; \begin{array}{cccc}
86a+86d=& 344 \\
a+86d=& -30
\end{array}; \begin{array}{cccccc}
85a=374; a=4\cdot4.$$

2.
$$(a+2d)+(a+7d)=31$$
 ; $2a+9d=31$; $d=3$, $a=2$.
 $(a+4d)+(a+9d)=43$; $2a+13d=43$; $d=3$, $a=2$.
Hence sum of 10 terms = $5\{4+27\}=155$.

3.
$$a + (a+2d) = 0$$

 $(a+d) + (a+6d=40)$ $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 2a+2d = 0 \\ 2a+7d=40 \end{array}\right\}$; $d=8, a=-8$.
Hence sum of 7 terms $=\frac{7}{2} \cdot \left\{-16+48\right\} = \frac{7}{2} \times 32 = 112$.

4.
$$a+3d=24$$

 $a+4d=33$ }; $d=9$, $a=-3$.
Hence the 100th term is $-3+99\times 9=-3+891=888$.

5.
$$302=5+(n-1)\times 3$$
; $300=3n$; $n=100$.

6.
$$s = \frac{20}{2} \left\{ 32 \frac{1}{6} + 19 \times 32 \frac{1}{6} \right\} = 10 \times 20 \times \frac{193}{6} = 6433 \frac{1}{3}$$
.

7. From the formula
$$s = (a+z)\frac{n}{2}$$

 $s = (1+103) \times 26s = 2704s = £135.4s$.

8. (1.) 41st term =
$$-5 + 9 \times 40 = 355$$

Sum = $(-5 + 355) \times \frac{41}{9} = 7175$.

(2.) 41st term =
$$4a^2 - 4a^2 \times 40 = -156a^3$$

Sum = $(4a^2 - 156a^2) \times \frac{41}{9} = -3116a^2$.

(3.) 41st term =
$$1 + x + (4 + 2x)40 = 161 + 81x$$

Sum = $(1 + x + 161 + 81x) \times \frac{41}{2} = 3321 + 1681x$.

(4.) 41st term =
$$-4\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{1}{10} \times 40 = 119\frac{1}{2}$$

Sum = $\left(-4\frac{1}{2} + 119\frac{1}{2}\right) \times \frac{41}{2} = 2357\frac{1}{2}$.

(5.) 41st term
$$=\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} \times 40 = 8\frac{1}{4}$$

Sum $= \left(\frac{1}{4} + 8\frac{1}{4}\right) \times \frac{41}{2} = 174\frac{1}{4}$.

9. (1.)
$$a=1002$$
; $d=-8$; n th term $=a+(n-1)d$
 $2=1002-8(n-1)$; $8n=1008$; $n=126$
 $s=(10002+2)\times 63=63252$.

(2.)
$$186 = -6 + 8(n-1)$$
; $8n = 200$; $n = 25$
 $s = (-6 + 186) \times \frac{25}{9} = 2250$.

(3.)
$$-72.3x = 2\frac{1}{2}x - 1.7x(n-1)$$
; $1.7n = 76.5$; $n = 45$
$$s = (2.5x - 72.3x) \times \frac{45}{9} = -1570.5x.$$

(4.)
$$-24 = \frac{1}{2} - (n-1) \times \frac{1}{4}$$
; $\frac{n}{4} = 24\frac{3}{4}$; $n = 99$
$$s = \left(\frac{1}{2} - 24\right) \times \frac{99}{2} = -\frac{4653}{4} = -1163\frac{1}{4}$$

(5.)
$$139(1-m) = m-1 + (n-1)2(1-m)$$
; $139 = -1 + 2(n-1)$; $n = 71$
$$s = \{m-1+139(1-m)\} \times \frac{71}{9} = 4899(1-m).$$

(6.)
$$x-2=x+254-(n-1)\times 4$$
; $4n=2+258$; $n=65$
 $s=\{x+254+x-2\}\frac{65}{9}=65x+8190$.

CXXXVIII.

- 1. 18=3+5d; d=3; means are 6, 9, 12, 15.
- 2. -2=2+6d; $d=-\frac{2}{3}$; means are $1\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, 0, $-\frac{2}{3}$, $-1\frac{1}{3}$.
- 3. $\frac{2}{3} = 3 + 4d$; $a = -\frac{7}{12}$; means are $2\frac{5}{12}$, $1\frac{5}{6}$, $1\frac{1}{4}$.
- 4. $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{2} + 5d$; $d = -\frac{1}{30}$; means are $\frac{7}{15}$, $\frac{13}{30}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{11}{30}$.

CXXXIX.

1.
$$n = m + 4d$$
; $d = \frac{n - m}{4}$; means are $\frac{3m + n}{4}$, etc.

2.
$$m-1=m+1+5d$$
; $d=-\frac{2}{5}$; means are $\frac{5m+3}{5}$, etc.

3.
$$n^2+1=n^2+5d$$
; $d=\frac{1}{5}$; means are $\frac{5n^2+1}{5}$, etc.

4.
$$x^2 - y^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 4d$$
; $d = -\frac{y^2}{2}$; means are $\frac{2x^2 + y^2}{2}$, etc.

CXL

I.
$$z=1\times 2^6=64$$
.

2.
$$z=4\times3^9=4\times19683=78732$$
.

3.
$$s=5 \times 4^8 = 327680$$
.

4.
$$z=8 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{14} = \frac{2^3}{2^{14}} = \frac{1}{2^{11}} = \frac{1}{2048}$$

5.
$$z=2\times3^8=13122$$
.

6.
$$z = \frac{I}{64} \times 4^{10} = \frac{4^{10}}{4^3} = 4^7 = 16384$$
.

7.
$$s = -\frac{2}{3} \times \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^6 = \frac{-2}{3 \times 2^6} = \frac{-1}{3 \times 2^5} = -\frac{1}{96}$$

CXLL

1.
$$s = \frac{2(2^{15}-1)}{2-1} = 2(32768-1) = 65534$$
.

2.
$$s = \frac{1(3^6 - 1)}{3 - 1} = \frac{729 - 1}{9} = 364$$
.

3.
$$s = \frac{a(x^{26}-1)}{x^2-1}$$
. 4. $s = \frac{a(\frac{1}{x^9}-1)}{\frac{1}{x^2}-1} = \frac{a}{x^8}(\frac{x^9-1}{x-1})$.

5.
$$s = \frac{(a^2 - x^2) \left\{ \frac{1}{(a+x)^7} - 1 \right\}}{\frac{1}{a+x} - 1} = \frac{(a^2 - x^2)}{(a+x)^6} \left\{ \frac{1}{1 - (a+x)^7} \right\}$$
$$(a-x) \left\{ 1 - (a+x)^7 \right\}$$

$$=\frac{(a-x)\{1-(a+x)^7\}}{(a+x)^5\cdot(1-a-x)}.$$

6.
$$s = \frac{2(3^{n} - 1)}{3 - 1} = 3^{n} - 1$$
. 7. $s = \frac{7(2^{n} - 1)}{2 - 1} = 7(2^{n} - 1)$.

8.
$$s = \frac{5\{(-2)^8 - 1\}}{-2 - 1} = \frac{5(1 - 256)}{3} = -425$$
.

9.
$$s = \frac{-\frac{2}{3} \left\{ \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)^7 - 1 \right\}}{-\frac{1}{2} - 1} = \frac{-\frac{2}{3} \left\{ -\frac{1}{128} - 1 \right\}}{-\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{4}{9} \times \left(-\frac{129}{128} \right)$$
$$= -\frac{43}{96}.$$

CXLII.

1.
$$s = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{9}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{9}} = 2$$
. 2. $s = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{4}{3}$.

2.
$$s = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{4}{3}$$

3.
$$s = \frac{3}{1 - \frac{1}{1}} = \frac{3 \times 9}{8} = \frac{27}{8}$$
. 4. $s = \frac{\frac{2}{3}}{1 - \frac{1}{1}} = \frac{4}{3}$.

4.
$$s = \frac{\frac{2}{3}}{1 - \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{4}{3}$$

5.
$$s = \frac{\frac{3}{4}}{1 - \frac{1}{12}} = \frac{3 \times 3}{4 \times 2} = 1\frac{1}{8}$$
. 6. $s = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1 + \frac{2}{2}} = \frac{1 \times 3}{2 \times 5} = \frac{3}{10}$.

6.
$$s = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1+2}{1+2}} = \frac{1\times3}{2\times5} = \frac{3}{10}$$

7.
$$s = \frac{8}{1 - \frac{1}{10}} = \frac{8 \times 12}{11} = 8\frac{8}{11}$$
. 8. $s = \frac{1.5}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1.5 \times 3}{2} = 2\frac{1}{4}$.

8.
$$s = \frac{1.5}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1.5 \times 3}{2} = 2\frac{1}{4}$$

9.
$$s = \frac{64}{1 - \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{64 \times 4}{3} = 85\frac{1}{3}$$
 10. $s = \frac{2x^3}{1 + \frac{1}{9-2}} = \frac{16x^3}{8x^3 + 1}$

10.
$$s = \frac{2x^3}{1 + \frac{1}{2x^3}} = \frac{16x^3}{8x^2 + 1}$$

$$11. s = \frac{a}{1 - \frac{b}{a}} = \frac{a^2}{a - b}$$

11.
$$s = \frac{a}{1 - \frac{b}{a}} = \frac{a^2}{a - b}$$
. 12. $s = \frac{10}{1 - \frac{1}{10}} = \frac{1}{9}$.

13.
$$s = \frac{x}{1 + \frac{y}{x}} = \frac{x^2}{x + y}$$
.

14.
$$s = 86 \left\{ \frac{\frac{1}{100}}{1 - \frac{1}{100}} \right\} = 86 \times \frac{1}{99} = \frac{86}{99}$$
.

15.
$$s = \frac{5}{10} + \frac{4}{100} + \frac{4}{1000} + \dots = \frac{5}{10} + \frac{\frac{4}{100}}{1 - \frac{1}{10}} = \frac{5}{10} + \frac{4}{90} = \frac{49}{90}$$
.

16.
$$s = \frac{8}{10} + \frac{36}{1000} + \frac{36}{100000} + \dots = \frac{8}{10} + \frac{\frac{36}{1000}}{1 - \frac{1}{100}} = \frac{8}{10} + \frac{36}{990} = \frac{46}{55}$$
.

CXLIII.

1.
$$243=3f^4$$
; $f^4=81$; $f=3$, etc.

2.
$$1024=1 \times f^5$$
; $f^5=4^5$; $f=4$, etc.

3.
$$16=1\times f^4$$
; $f^4=16$; $f=2$, etc.

4.
$$\frac{243}{64} = \frac{1}{2} \times f^5$$
; $f^5 = \frac{243}{32}$; $f = \frac{3}{2}$, etc.

CXLIV.

1. (1.)
$$s = \{16 + 7(12 - 1)\} \times \frac{12}{2} = 93 \times 6 = 558$$
.

(2.)
$$s = \{232 - 8(10 - 1)\} \times \frac{10}{9} = 160 \times 5 = 800.$$

$$(3.) \ s = \frac{3}{1 - \frac{1}{6}} = \frac{18}{5}.$$

$$(4.) \ s = \frac{2}{1 + \frac{1}{9}} = \frac{16}{9}.$$

(5.)
$$s = \left\{1 - \frac{7}{6}(13 - 1)\right\} \times \frac{13}{2} = (-13) \times \frac{13}{2} = -\frac{169}{2}$$

(6.)
$$s = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left\{ \frac{2^6}{3^6} - 1 \right\}}{-\frac{2}{2} - 1} = \frac{3}{10} \cdot \left(\frac{3^6 - 2^6}{3^6} \right) = \frac{665}{2430} = \frac{133}{486}.$$

(7.)
$$s = \left\{1 - \frac{3}{2} \times 28\right\} \times \frac{29}{2} = (-41) \times \frac{29}{2} = -\frac{1189}{2}$$

(8.)
$$s = \left\{ \frac{10}{7} + \frac{2}{7} \times 7 \right\} \times \frac{8}{2} = \frac{24}{7} \times 4 = 13 \frac{5}{7}$$

(9.)
$$s = \frac{\frac{1}{3}}{1 - \frac{2}{3}} = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3}{1} = 1$$
.

(10.)
$$s = \left\{ \frac{6}{5} - 2 \times 9 \right\} \times \frac{10}{2} = \left(-\frac{84}{5} \right) \times 5 = -84.$$

(11.) The common factor =
$$-\sqrt{6} \div \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5}} = -\frac{\sqrt{30}}{\sqrt{3}} = -\sqrt{10}$$

$$s = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}\{(-\sqrt{10})^8 - 1\}}{-\sqrt{10} - 1} = \frac{\sqrt{3}\cdot\{10000 - 1\}}{\sqrt{5}\{-\sqrt{10} - 1\}} = -\frac{9999\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{10} + 1)}.$$

(12.)
$$s = \frac{-\frac{7}{5}\left\{-\frac{5^{6}}{2^{5}}-1\right\}}{-\frac{5}{9}-1} = -\frac{2}{5}\left(\frac{5^{6}+2^{6}}{2^{6}}\right) = -\frac{3157}{80}.$$

2. Let the series be a, af, af^2 , af^3 , af^4 . Then $a \times af \times af^2 \times af^3 \times af^4 = 32$; $a^5f^{10} = 2^5$; $af^2 = 2$.

3.
$$b = \frac{a+c}{2}$$
 and $b' = \sqrt{(ac)}$

$$\therefore \frac{b}{b'} = \frac{a+c}{2\sqrt{(ac)}}.$$



4. The arithmetic mean is $\frac{a+b}{2}$; the geometric is $\sqrt{(ab)}$.

Now since the square of every number is **positive** $(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b})^2$ is greater than 0 $a - 2\sqrt{(ab)} + b$ is greater than 0. $\therefore \frac{a+b}{2}$ is greater than $\sqrt{(ab)}$.

- 5. a + (a+d) + (a+2d) = 12; 3a + 3d = 12; a + d = 4. Also, a + 5d = 12. Hence 4d = 8; d = 2; a = 2. Then sum of 6 terms = $\{4 + 10\} \times 3 = 42$.
- 6. Let f be the common factor: af = b and $af^2 = c$ $\therefore ac = a^2f^2 = b^2.$
- 7. $2n \times \frac{1}{2n} = x^2$; $1 = x^2$; $x = \pm 1$.
- 8. $2n + \frac{1}{2n} = 2y$; $y = n + \frac{1}{4n}$
- 9. The sum of the geometric progression is $\frac{3^4-1}{3-1}$ or $\frac{80}{2}$ or 40. The sum of the arithmetic progression is $\{8+4(n-1)\}\frac{n}{2}$. Hence $2n+2n^2=40$; $n^2+n=20$; whence n=4.
- 10. The first term is 1, the constant difference 1. Hence $153 = \{2 + (7 + n - 1)\}\frac{7 + n}{2}$; 306 = (8 + n)(7 + n); $n^2 + 15n = 250$; n = 10.
- 11. Let n be the number of terms. Then $\{2+2(n-1)\}\frac{n}{2}=2n\times\frac{n}{2}=n^2$.
- 12. Let the series be a, a+d, a+2d, a+3d, a+4d. Then 5a+10d=95; and a+2d=19.

(3)

13.
$$22 = \left\{ 6\frac{2}{3} + \frac{13}{9}(n-1) \right\} \frac{n}{2}; 44 = n\left(\frac{47+13n}{9}\right);$$

 $396 = 47n + 13n^2; \text{ whence } n = 4.$

14. Let 100x + 10y + z be the number.

Then
$$x+z=2y$$
 (1)

and
$$\frac{100x + 10y + z}{y + z} = 107$$
; or $100x - 97y - 100z = 0$ (2)

and
$$100x + 10y + z - 396 = 100z + 10y + x$$
.

From (3) 99x-396=99z; or x-z=4.

From this and (1) x=y+2 and z=y-2.

Hence from (2) 100y + 200 - 97y - 106y + 212 = 0.

Thus y=4, x=6, z=2.

15. In any geometrical series a, af, etc. the (p+q)th term is af^{p+q-1}

the (p-q)th term is af^{p-q-1}

the pth term is af^{p-1} .

Hence $mn = af^{p+q-1} \times af^{p-q-1} = a^2f^{2p-2} = (af^{p-1})^2$ $\therefore af^{p-1} = \sqrt{(mn)}$.

16. Let x and y be the numbers. Then

$$\begin{array}{c} x - y = 48 \\ \frac{x + y}{2} = \sqrt{(xy) + 18} \end{array} \right\}; \begin{array}{c} x - y = 48 \\ x + y - 2\sqrt{xy} = 36 \end{array} \right\}; \begin{array}{c} x - y = 48 \\ \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{y} = 6 \end{array} \right\}; \\ \text{dividing, } \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = 8 \text{ ; hence } 2\sqrt{x} = 14 \text{ ; } \sqrt{x} = 7 \text{ ; } x = 49 \text{ ; } y = 1 \end{array}$$

17.
$$11=1+4d$$
; $4d=10$; $d=\frac{5}{2}$, etc.

18.
$$2.748 = \{068 + (n-1) \times 0004\} \times \frac{n}{2}$$
; $5.496 = 0676n + 0004n^2$; $54960 = 4n^2 + 676n$; $n^2 + 169n = 13740$; $n = 60$.

19.
$$-1=1+10d$$
; $10d=-2$; $d=-\frac{1}{5}$, etc.

20. The (n+1)th term is 2^n .

The sum of *n* terms is $\frac{2^{n}-1}{2-1}=2^{n}-1$.

21. Sum of the first p terms $=\frac{a(r^p-1)}{r-1}$.

Sum of the second p terms $=\frac{ar^p(r^p-1)}{r-1}$.

Sum of the third p terms = $\frac{ar^{2p}(r^p-1)}{r-1}$, and so on, the sums form-

ing a geometric series whose common factor is rp.

22.
$$(a-2d)+(a-d)+a+(a+d)+(a+2d)=55$$

 $(a-2d)^2+(a-d)^2+a^2+(a+d)^2+(a+2d)^2=765$ } $5a=55$
 $5a^2+10d^2=765$ }; $a=11$; $d=4$, etc.

23. Let the series be a, af, af^2 , af^3 , af^4 .

$$\begin{array}{c} af^4 - a : af^3 - af = 10 : 3 \\ af + af^3 = 2a^2f \\ 3(f^4 - 1) = 10f(f^2 - 1) \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{cases} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{cases} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{cases} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{cases} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{cases} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1) = 10f \\ 1 + f^2 = 2a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3(f^2 + 1$$

from (1) we find f=3; and then from (2) a=5, etc.

- 24. This is explained in Art. 472.
- 25. Let 100x + 10y + z be the number. Then

$$y^2 = xz$$

 $x + y + z = 13$
 $100x + 10y + z + 792 = 100z + 10y + x$

From the third equation we get x-z=-8.

Hence $x^2 - 2xz + z^2 = 64$.

But
$$4xz = 4y^2$$

 $\therefore (x+z)^2 = 64 + 4y^2$.

Also
$$x + z = 13 - y$$

$$\therefore (13-y)^2 = 64 + 4y^2.$$

Hence we get y=3; and then x=1 and z=9.

26. Let x be the increase per cent. Then the population of any year is $\frac{100+x}{100}$ times the population of the preceding year.

Hence
$$10000 \times \left(\frac{100+x}{100}\right)^4 = 14641$$
.

Take the fourth root of each side; then

$$10 \times \frac{100 + x}{100} = 11$$
; $100 + x = 110$; $x = 10$.

CXLV.

1. First insert two arithmetic means between $\frac{1}{6}$ and $\frac{1}{24}$.

$$\frac{1}{24} = \frac{1}{6} + 3d; \ 3d = -\frac{3}{24}; \ d = -\frac{1}{24}.$$

Hence the arithmetic means are $\frac{1}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{12}$

... the harmonic means are 8 and 12.

2.
$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{2} + 5d$$
; $5d = -\frac{1}{6}$; $d = -\frac{1}{30}$.

Hence the arithmetic means are $\frac{7}{15}$, $\frac{13}{30}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{11}{30}$

: the harmonic means are $\frac{15}{7}$, $\frac{30}{13}$, $\frac{5}{2}$, $\frac{30}{11}$.

3.
$$\frac{2}{3} = 3 + 4d$$
; $4d = -\frac{7}{3}$; $d = -\frac{7}{12}$.

Hence the arithmetic means are $\frac{29}{12}$, $\frac{11}{6}$, $\frac{5}{4}$

: the harmonic means are $\frac{12}{29}$, $\frac{6}{11}$, $\frac{4}{5}$.

4.
$$18=3+5d$$
; $5d=15$; $d=3$.

Hence the arithmetic means are 6, 9, 12, 15

: the harmonic means are $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{9}$, $\frac{1}{12}$, $\frac{1}{15}$.

5. $2^{-1} = \frac{1}{2}$; and we have to insert five arithmetic means between -1 and 2.

$$2=-1+6d$$
; $6d=3$; $d=\frac{1}{2}$.

Hence the arithmetic means are $-\frac{1}{2}$, 0, $\frac{1}{2}$, 1, $\frac{3}{2}$... the harmonic means are -2, ∞ , 2, 1, $\frac{2}{3}$.

6. -2=2+6d; 6d=-4; $d=-\frac{2}{3}$

Hence the arithmetic means are $\frac{4}{3}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, 0, $-\frac{2}{3}$, $-\frac{4}{3}$

: the harmonic means are $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{3}{2}$, ∞ , $-\frac{3}{2}$, $-\frac{3}{4}$.

7. $\frac{23}{6} = \frac{1}{3} + 7d$; $7d = \frac{21}{6}$; $d = \frac{1}{3}$.

Hence the arithmetic means are $\frac{5}{6}$, $\frac{4}{2}$, $\frac{11}{6}$, $\frac{7}{2}$, $\frac{17}{6}$, $\frac{10}{3}$: the harmonic means are $\frac{6}{5}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{6}{11}$, $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{6}{17}$, $\frac{3}{10}$.

8. $\frac{1}{3y} = \frac{1}{2x} + (n+1)d$; $d = \frac{2x-3y}{6xy(n+1)}$.

First arithmetic mean is $\frac{1}{2x} + \frac{2x - 3y}{6xy(n+1)} = \frac{3ny + 3y + 2x - 3y}{6xy(n+1)}$

 $=\frac{3ny+2x}{6xy(n+1)}.$

Second arithmetic mean is $\frac{3ny+2x}{6xy(n+1)} + \frac{2x-3y}{6xy(n+1)} = \frac{3ny+4x-3y}{6xy(n+1)}$

nth arithmetic mean is $\frac{1}{3y} - \frac{2x - 3y}{6cv(n+1)} = \frac{2nx + 3y}{6cv(n+1)}$

Hence the harmonic means are $\frac{6xy(n+1)}{3ny+2x}$, $\frac{6xy(n+1)}{3ny+4x-3y}$.

$$\frac{6xy(n+1)}{2nx+3y}.$$

9. Let $\frac{1}{x}$ and $\frac{1}{y}$ be the second and third terms.

Then 2, x, y are in arithmetic progression.

Hence
$$2+y=2x$$
 and $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{x}+\frac{1}{y}=\frac{11}{12}$ $; \frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{x}+\frac{1}{2x-2}=\frac{11}{12}$

$$\frac{2x-2+x}{2x^2-2x} = \frac{5}{12}; 36x-24=10x^2-10x; 10x^2-46x=-24;$$

hence we find x=4 or $\frac{3}{5}$; and $\therefore y=6$ or $-\frac{4}{5}$.

The arithmetic progressions will therefore be

$$-4$$
, -2 , 0, 2, 4, 6, and $\frac{31}{5}$, $\frac{24}{5}$, $\frac{17}{5}$, 2, $\frac{3}{5}$, $-\frac{4}{5}$.

.: the harmonic progressions are

$$-\frac{1}{4}$$
, $-\frac{1}{2}$, ∞ , $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{6}$ and $\frac{5}{31}$, $\frac{5}{24}$, $\frac{5}{17}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{5}{3}$, $-\frac{5}{4}$

10. Let x and y be the numbers. Then

$$\frac{x+y}{2} = \sqrt{(xy) + 13}$$
 (1); and $\sqrt{(xy)} = \frac{2xy}{x+y} + 12$

$$\frac{2xy}{x+y} = \sqrt{(xy)} - 12$$
 (2).

Multiply (1) by (2); $xy = xy + \sqrt{(xy)} - 156$.

Hence $\sqrt{(xy)} = 156$; from this and (1) we find x = 104, y = 234.

11.
$$2b = a + c$$
 and $\frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{d} = \frac{2}{c}$

$$\therefore 2b\left(\frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{d}\right) = \frac{2}{c}(a+c); 2 + \frac{2b}{d} = \frac{2a}{c} + 2;$$

 $\therefore bc = ad$, and $\therefore a:b=c:d$.

12.
$$x = \frac{2mn}{m+n}$$
; $\frac{1}{x-m} + \frac{1}{x-n} = \frac{1}{\frac{2mn}{m+n} - m} + \frac{1}{\frac{2mn}{m+n} - n}$

$$= \frac{m+n}{mn-m^2} + \frac{m+n}{mn-n^2} = \frac{m+n}{n-m} \left\{ \frac{1}{m} - \frac{1}{n} \right\} = \frac{m+n}{mn} = \frac{1}{m} + \frac{1}{m}$$

13.
$$x+y+z=11$$

 $x^2+y^3+z^2=49$
 $y=\frac{2xz}{x+z}$
 $(x+z)^2=121-22y+y^2$
 $z^2+z^2=49-y^2$
 $2xz=72-22y+2y^2$

Now (x+z)y=2xz

: $(11-y)y = 72-22y+2y^2$; whence y=3.

Then x+z=8, and xz=12; whence x=2, z=6.

14. $\frac{1}{x}$, $\frac{1}{y}$, $\frac{1}{z}$ are the pth, qth, and rth terms of an arithmetic progression, suppose a, a+d...

Hence
$$z-x=(p-r)xzd$$

 $y-z=(r-q)yzd$
 $x-y=(q-p)xyd$ };

adding 0 = (p-r)xzd + (r-q)yzd + (q-p)xud

$$0 = (p-r)xz + (r-q)yz + (q-p)xy.$$

15. $\frac{2ab}{a+b}$, $\frac{2bc}{b+c}$, $\frac{2ca}{c+a}$ are in A. P.

$$\therefore \frac{bc}{b+c} - \frac{ab}{a+b} = \frac{ca}{c+a} - \frac{bc}{b+c}$$

$$\therefore \frac{b^2c - ab^2}{(b+c)(a+b)} = \frac{c^2a - bc^2}{(b+c)(c+a)}, \text{ or, } \frac{b^2(c-a)}{a+b} = \frac{c^2(a-b)}{c+a}$$

.:
$$b^2(c^2-a^2)=c^2(a^2-b^2)$$
, or, $2b^2c^2=a^2b^2+a^2c^2$

$$\therefore \frac{2}{a^2} = \frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{1}{b^2}$$
; $\therefore b^2$, a^2 , c^2 are in H. P.

Again, $\frac{a+b}{2ab}$, $\frac{b+c}{2bc}$, $\frac{c+a}{2ca}$ are in A. P.

$$\therefore \frac{b+c}{bc} - \frac{a+b}{ab} = \frac{c+a}{ac} - \frac{b+c}{bc}$$

$$\frac{1}{c} + \frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{c} - \frac{1}{c} - \frac{1}{b}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{c} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{2}{a}; \therefore b, a, c \text{ are in H. P.}$$

16. (1.) When c is the arithmetic mean between a and b.

$$\frac{\frac{a+b}{2} + 2a}{\frac{a+b}{2} - b} + \frac{\frac{a+b}{2} + 2b}{\frac{a+b}{2} - a} = \frac{5a+b}{a-b} + \frac{a+5b}{b-a}$$

$$=\frac{5a+b-a-5b}{a-b}=\frac{4a-4b}{a-b}=4.$$

(2.) When c is the geometric mean between a and b.

$$\frac{\sqrt{(ab)+2a}}{\sqrt{(ab)-b}} + \frac{\sqrt{(ab)+2b}}{\sqrt{(ab)-a}}$$

$$=\frac{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{b}+2\sqrt{a})}{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b})}-\frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{a}+2\sqrt{b})}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b})}=\frac{a\sqrt{b}+2a\sqrt{a}-b\sqrt{a}-2b\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{(ab).(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b})}}$$

$$=\frac{2a+2b+3\sqrt{(ab)}}{\sqrt{(ab)}}; \text{ and since } a+b \text{ is greater than } 2\sqrt{(ab)},$$

$$\therefore \frac{2a+2b+3\sqrt{(ab)}}{\sqrt{(ab)}} \text{ is greater than } \frac{4\sqrt{(ab)}+3\sqrt{(ab)}}{\sqrt{(ab)}}, \text{ or, than 7.}$$

(3.) When c is the harmonic mean between a and b.

$$\frac{\frac{2ab}{a+b} + 2a}{\frac{2ab}{a+b} - b} + \frac{\frac{2ab}{a+b} + 2b}{\frac{2ab}{a+b} - a} = \frac{4ab + 2a^2}{ab - b^2} + \frac{4ab + 2b^2}{ab - a^2}$$

$$= \frac{4a^2b + 2a^3 - 4ab^2 - 2b^3}{ab(a-b)} = \frac{2a^2 + 6ab + 2b^2}{ab}.$$

Now $a^2 + b^2$ is greater than 2ab

$$\therefore \frac{2a^2 + 2b^2 + 6ab}{ab} \text{ is greater than } \frac{4ab + 6ab}{ab}, \text{ or, than 10.}$$

CXLVI.

1.
$$n.(n-1)=12\times11=132$$
.

2.
$$n.(n-1).(n-2) = 16 \times 15 \times 14 = 3360$$
.

3.
$$n.(n-1).(n-2).(n-3) = 20 \times 19 \times 18 \times 17 = 116280$$
.

4.
$$n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)(n-4)=8\times7\times6\times5\times4=6720$$
.

- 5. Number of letters is 11, and three are twice repeated,
 - \therefore number of permutations = $\frac{|11|}{|2| |2| |2|} = 4989600$.

6.
$$n.(n-1)$$
 . . . $(n-7)=8\times7\times6\times5\times4\times3\times2\times1=40320$.

7.
$$n \cdot (n-1) \cdot (n-9) = |10 = 3628800$$
.

- 8. (1.) The number of signals in which we have 3 flags of different colours is 5.4.3=60.
 - (2.) When 2 flags in a signal are of the same colour, suppose red, we can put 4 different colours with these, and each of the resulting signals may be arranged in 3 different ways, that is, with both the red first, or both last, or one first and one last. Thus we shall have 12 different signals with two reds. Similarly we shall have 12 different signals with two of each of the other 4 colours.
 - \therefore we shall have 5×12 or 60 in all.
 - (3.) When we have 3 of the same colour, we shall have 5 different signals in all.
 - \therefore total number = 60 + 60 + 5 = 125.
- 9. Number of permutations = $\frac{|7|}{|2|} = \frac{5040}{2} = 2520$.

10.
$$n: n(n-1)(n-2)=1:20$$
;
 $20n=n(n-1)(n-2)$; $n^2-3n+2=20$; $n=6$.

11.
$$m.(m-1)(m-2):(m+2)(m+1)m=1:5;$$

 $5m.(m-1)(m-2)=(m+2)(m+1)m;$
 $5m^2-15m+10=m^2+3m+2; m=4.$

- 12. Number of letters is 7, and therefore the number of permutations in which cd stand first=|5=120.
- 13. Number of letters is 9, one of which is repeated twice, one three times, and one four times.

.. Number of permutations =
$$\frac{9}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4} = 9 \times 4 \times 7 \times 5 = 1260.$$

14. In Conceit we have 7 letters, one of which occurs twice,

$$\therefore$$
 number of permutations = $\frac{17}{12}$ = 2520.

In Talavera, 8 letters, one of which is repeated three times,

... number of permutations =
$$\frac{8}{3}$$
 = 6720.

In Calcutta, 8 letters, 3 of them repeated twice,

$$\therefore$$
 number of permutations = $\frac{8}{2 \times 2 \times 2} = 5040$.

In Proposition, 11 letters, 2 repeated twice, 1 thrice,

$$\therefore \text{ number of permutations} = \frac{|11|}{|2.|2|} = 1663200.$$

In Mississippi, 11 letters, 2 repeated 4 times, 1 twice,

$$\therefore$$
 number of permutations = $\frac{|11|}{|4| |4| |2|} = 34650$.

CXLVII.

1.
$$_{100}C_4 = \frac{100 \times 99 \times 98 \times 97}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4} = 3921225.$$

2.
$${}_{6}C_{5} = \frac{6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5} = 6.$$

- 3. Leave out α , and find how many combinations can be formed out of the remaining 9 letters, 4 at a time ${}_{9}C_{4} = \frac{9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5} = 126$, with each of which α will combine to form a word of 5 letters.
- 4. Out of the 19 consonants we get $\frac{19 \times 18 \times 17}{1 \times 2 \times 3}$ combinations of 3, then $\frac{19 \times 18 \times 17}{1 \times 2 \times 3} \times 5$ = number of ways in which we can get 3 consonants and 1 vowel, and each combination of 4 letters admits of $\frac{1}{4}$ permutations.

.: number of words = $\frac{19.18.17}{1.2.3} \times 5 \times |4=116280$.

5.
$$\frac{n.(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)}{1.2 \cdot 3.4} : \frac{n.(n-1)}{1.2} = 15 : 2; (n-2)(n-3) = 90;$$

$$n = 12.$$

6.
$$\frac{n.(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)(n-4)}{1.2.3.4.5} = \frac{18}{5} \times \frac{n.(n-1)(n-2)}{1.2.3};$$
$$(n-3)(n-4) = 18 \times 4; n = 12.$$

- 7. Number of words = $\frac{17.16.15}{1.2.3} \times \frac{5.4}{1.2} \times$
- 8. Number = $\frac{12.11.10.9.8.7}{1.2.3.4.5.6} \times \frac{5.4.3}{1.2.3} \times \frac{9}{1.2.3} = 3353011200$.

9.
$$n(n-1)(n-2) = \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)}{1.2.3.4} \times 6$$
; $6(n-3) = 24$; $n-3=4$; $n=7$.

- 10. Taking the coins singly, by twos, by threes, and so on, number of combinations = $6 + \frac{6.5}{1.2} + \frac{6.5.4}{1.2.3} + \frac{6.5.4.3}{1.2.3.4} + \frac{6.5.4.3.2}{1.2.3.4.5} + 1$ = 6 + 15 + 20 + 15 + 6 + 1 = 63.
- 11. $\frac{n \cdot (n-1)(n-2)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} = 425 \times n$; (n-1)(n-2) = 2550; hence n = 52

12. Number
$$=\frac{12.11.10}{1.2.3} \times \frac{16.15.14}{1.2.3} = 123200.$$

- 13. (1.) The number is $\frac{36.35.34.33.32}{1.2.3.4.5} = 376992$.
 - (2.) He will go out with as many different parties as can be formed by taking 4 out of 35.
 - \therefore he goes with $\frac{35.34.33.32}{1.2.3.4} = 52360$.

CXLVIII.

1.
$$a^4 + 4a^3x + \frac{4.3}{1.2}a^2x^2 + \frac{4.3.2}{1.2.3}ax^3 + x^4 = a^4 + 4a^3x + 6a^2x^3 + 4ax^3 + x^4$$

2.
$$b^6 + 6b^5c + \frac{6.5}{1.2}b^4c^2 + \frac{6.5.4}{1.2.3}b^3c^3 + \frac{6.5.4.3}{1.2.3.4}b^2c^4 + \frac{6.5.4.3.2}{1.2.3.4.5}bc^5 + c^6$$

= $b^6 + 6b^5c + 15b^4c^2 + 20b^3c^3 + 15b^2c^4 + 6bc^5 + c^6$.

3.
$$a^7 + 7a^6b + \frac{7.6}{1.2}a^5b^2 + \frac{7.6.5}{1.2.3}a^4b^3 + \frac{7.6.5.4}{1.2.3.4}a^3b^4 + \frac{7.6.5.4.3}{1.2.3.4.5}a^2b^5$$

 $+ \frac{7.6.5.4.3.2}{1.2.3.4.5.6}ab^6 + b^7 = a^7 + 7a^6b + 21a^5b^2 + 35a^4b^3 + 35a^3b^4 + 21a^2b^5 + 7ab^6 + b^7.$

4.
$$x^{9} + 8x^{7}y + \frac{8.7}{1.2}x^{6}y^{2} + \frac{8.7.6.}{1.2.3}x^{5}y^{8} + \frac{8.7.6.5}{1.2.3.4}x^{4}y^{4} + \frac{8.7.6.5.4}{1.2.3.4.5}x^{3}y^{5}$$

 $+ \frac{8.7.6.5.4.3}{1.2.3.4.5.6}x^{2}y^{6} + \frac{8.7.6.5.4.3.2}{1.2.3.4.5.6.7}xy^{7} + y^{8}$
 $= x^{8} + 8x^{7}y + 28x^{6}y^{2} + 56x^{5}y^{3} + 70x^{4}y^{4} + 56x^{3}y^{5} + 28x^{2}y^{6} + 8xy^{7} + y^{8}.$

5.
$$5^4 + 4.5^3.4a + \frac{4.3}{1.2}.5^2.4^2a^2 + \frac{4.3.2}{1.2.3}.5.4^3a^3 + (4a)^4$$

= $625 + 2000a + 2400a^2 + 1280a^3 + 256a^4$.

6.
$$(a^2)^5 + 5(a^2)^4 \cdot bc + \frac{5 \cdot 4}{1 \cdot 2}(a^2)^3 \cdot (bc)^3 + \frac{5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}(a^2)^2 \cdot (be)^3 + \frac{5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}a^2(bc)^4 + (bc)^5 = a^{10} + 5a^3bc + 10a^6b^2c^2 + 10a^4b^3c^3 + 5a^2b^4c^4 + b^5c^5.$$

CXLIX.

1.
$$a^6 - 6a^5x + \frac{6.5}{1.2}a^4x^3 - \frac{6.5.4}{1.2.3}a^3x^3 + \frac{6.5.4.3}{1.2.3.4}a^2x^4 - \frac{6.5.4.3.2}{1.2.3.4.5}ax^5 + x^6$$

= $a^6 - 6a^5x + 15a^4x^3 - 20a^3x^3 + 15a^2x^4 - 6ax^5 + x^6$.

2.
$$b^7 - 7b^6c + \frac{7.6}{1.2}b^5c^2 - \frac{7.6.5}{1.2.3}b^4c^3 + \frac{7.6.5.4}{1.2.3.4}b^3c^4 - \frac{7.6.5.4.3}{1.2.3.4.5}b^2c^5 + \frac{7.6.5.4.3.2}{1.2.3.4.5.6}bc^6 - c^7 = b^7 - 7b^6c + 21b^5c^2 - 35b^4c^3 + 35b^3c^4 - 21b^2c^5 + 7bc^6 - c^7$$

3.
$$(2x-3y)^5 = \left\{ 2x\left(1-\frac{3y}{2x}\right) \right\}^5$$

$$= 32x^5 \left\{ 1 - 5 \cdot \frac{3y}{2x} + \frac{5 \cdot 4}{1 \cdot 2} \cdot \left(\frac{3y}{2x}\right)^2 - \frac{5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} \cdot \left(\frac{3y}{2x}\right)^3 + \frac{5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4} \cdot \left(\frac{3y}{2x}\right)^4 - \left(\frac{3y}{2x}\right)^5 \right\}$$

$$= 32x^5 \left\{ 1 - \frac{15}{2} \cdot \frac{y}{x} + \frac{5 \cdot 2 \cdot 9}{4} \cdot \frac{y^2}{x^2} - \frac{5 \cdot 2 \cdot 27}{8} \cdot \frac{y^3}{x^3} + \frac{5 \cdot 81}{16} \cdot \frac{y^4}{x^4} - \frac{243}{32} \cdot \frac{y^5}{x^5} \right\}$$

$$= 32x^5 - 240x^4y + 720x^3y^3 - 1080x^2y^3 + 810xy^4 - 243y^5$$

4.
$$1 - 5(2x) + \frac{5.4}{1.2}(2x)^3 - \frac{5.4.3}{1.2.3}(2x)^3 + \frac{5.4.3.2}{1.2.3.4}(2x)^4 - (2x)^5$$

= $1 - 10x + 40x^2 - 80x^3 + 80x^4 - 32x^5$.

5.
$$1 - 10x + \frac{10.9}{1.2}x^3 - \frac{10.9.8}{1.2.3}x^3 + \frac{10.9.8.7}{1.2.3.4}x^4 - \frac{10.9.8.7.6}{1.2.3.4.5}x^5$$

 $+ \frac{10.9.8.7}{1.2.3.4}x^6 - \frac{10.9.8}{1.2.3}x^7 + \frac{10.9}{1.2} \cdot x^8 - 10x^9 + x^{10}$
 $= 1 - 10x + 45x^3 - 120x^3 + 210x^4 - 252x^5 + 210x^6 - 120x^7 + 45x^8 - 10x^9 + x^{10}$.

6.
$$a^{24} - 8a^{21}b^2 + \frac{8.7}{1.2}a^{18}b^4 - \frac{8.7.6}{1.2.3}a^{15}b^6 + \frac{8.7.6.5}{1.2.3.4}a^{12}b^8 - \frac{8.7.6}{1.2.3}a^9b^{10}$$

 $+ \frac{8.7}{1.2}a^6b^{12} - 8a^3b^{14} + b^{16}$
 $= a^{24} - 8a^{21}b^2 + 28a^{18}b^4 - 56a^{15}b^6 + 70a^{12}b^8 - 56a^9b^{10}$
 $+ 28a^6b^{12} - 8a^3b^{14} + b^{16}.$

CL

1.
$$\{(a+2b)-c\}^3 = (a+2b)^3 - 3(a+2b)^2 \cdot c + 3(a+2b) \cdot c^3 - c^3$$

= $a^3 + 6a^2b + 12ab^2 + 8b^3 - 3a^2c - 12abc - 12b^2c + 3ac^2 + 6bc^2 - c^3$.

2.
$$\{(1-2x)+3x^2\}^3 = (1-2x)^3+3(1-2x)^2$$
. $3x^2+3(1-2x).9x^4+27x^6$
= $1-6x+12x^2-8x^3+9x^2-36x^3+36x^4+27x^4-54x^5+27x^6$
= $1-6x+21x^2-44x^3+63x^4-54x^5+27x^6$.

3.
$$(x^3 - x^2 + x)^3 = x^3(x^2 - x + 1)^3 = x^3\{(1 - x) + x^2\}^8$$

 $= x^3\{(1 - x)^3 + 3(1 - x)^2 \cdot x^2 + 3(1 - x) \cdot x^4 + x^6\}$
 $= x^3\{1 - 3x + 3x^2 - x^3 + 3x^2 - 6x^3 + 3x^4 + 3x^4 - 3x^5 + x^6\}$
 $= x^9 - 3x^8 + 6x^7 - 7x^6 + 6x^5 - 3x^4 + x^3.$

4.
$$\{(1+2x^{\frac{1}{2}})+3x^{\frac{1}{2}}\}^{3}=(1+2x^{\frac{1}{2}})^{3}+3(1+2x^{\frac{1}{2}})^{2}.3x^{\frac{1}{2}}+3(1+2x^{\frac{1}{2}}).9x^{\frac{1}{2}}+27x$$

 $=1+6x^{\frac{1}{2}}+12x^{\frac{1}{2}}+8x^{\frac{1}{2}}+9x^{\frac{1}{2}}+36x^{\frac{1}{2}}+36x^{\frac{1}{2}}+27x^{\frac{1}{2}}+54x^{\frac{1}{2}}+27x$
 $=27x+54x^{\frac{1}{2}}+63x^{\frac{1}{2}}+44x^{\frac{1}{2}}+21x^{\frac{1}{2}}+6x^{\frac{1}{2}}+1.$

5.
$$\left\{ (x+1) - \frac{1}{x} \right\}^3 = (x+1)^3 - 3(x+1)^3 \cdot \frac{1}{x} + 3(x+1) \cdot \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^3}$$
$$= x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1 - 3x - 6 - \frac{3}{x} + \frac{3}{x} + \frac{3}{x^3} - \frac{1}{x^3}$$
$$= x^3 + 3x^2 - 5 + \frac{3}{x^3} - \frac{1}{x^3}.$$

6.
$$\{(a^{\frac{1}{4}} + b^{\frac{1}{4}}) - c^{\frac{1}{4}}\}^3 = (a^{\frac{1}{4}} + b^{\frac{1}{4}})^3 - 3(a^{\frac{1}{4}} + b^{\frac{1}{4}})^2 \cdot c^{\frac{1}{4}} + 3(a^{\frac{1}{4}} + b^{\frac{1}{4}}) \cdot c^{\frac{1}{4}} - c^{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$= a^{\frac{1}{4}} + 3a^{\frac{1}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}} + 3a^{\frac{1}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}} + b^{\frac{1}{4}} - 3a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}} - 6a^{\frac{1}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}} - 3b^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}} + 3b^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}} + 3b^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}} - c^{\frac{1}{4}}.$$

CLI.

- 1. The 8th term of $(1+x)^{11}$ is $\frac{11.10.9.8.7.6.5}{1.2.3.4.5.6.7} \cdot x^7 = 330x^7$.
- 2. The 5th term of $(a^2 b^2)^{12}$ is $\frac{12.11.10.9}{1.2.3.4} \cdot (a^2)^{12-5+1} \cdot (b^2)^4 = 495a^{16}b^3$.
- 3. The 4th term of $(a-b)^{100}$ is $-\frac{100.99.98}{1.2.3} \cdot a^{100-4+1} \cdot b^3 = -161700a^{97}b^3$.
- 4. The 9th term of $(2ab cd)^{14}$ is $\frac{14.13.12.11.10.9.8.7}{1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8} \cdot (2ab)^{14-9+1} \cdot (cd)^8$ = $192192a^6b^6c^8d^8$.
- 5. The 9th term of $(a-b)^{16}$ is $\frac{16.15.14.13.12.11.10.9}{1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8} \cdot a^{16-9+1} \cdot b^{8}$ = 12870 $a^{8}b^{8}$.
- 6. The 5th term of $(a^{\frac{1}{2}} + b^{\frac{1}{2}})^8$ is $\frac{8.7.6.5}{1.2.3.4} \cdot (a^{\frac{1}{2}})^{8-5+1} \cdot (b^{\frac{1}{2}})^4 = 70a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}}$.
- 7. The 10th term of $(a-b)^{19}$ is $-\frac{19.18.17.16.15.14.13.12.11}{1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8.9} \cdot a^{10}.b^{9}$ = $-92378a^{10}b^{9}$.

The 11th term of $(a-b)^{19}$ is therefore 92378 a^9b^{10} .

- 8. The 7th term of $(a+x)^{13}$ is $\frac{13.12.11.10.9.8}{1.2.3.4.5.6}$ $a^7.x^6 = 1716a^7x^6$. The 8th term of $(a+x)^{13}$ is therefore $1716a^6x^7$.
- 9. The coefficient of the rth term of $(a+x)^n$ is $\frac{n.(n-1)...(n-r+2)}{1.2...(r-1)}$ and the middle term of $(a+x)^{4n}$ is the (2n+1)th.

.: Coefficient =
$$\frac{4n.(4n-1)...(4n-2n-1+2)}{1.2...(2n+1-1)}$$
$$= \frac{4n.(4n-1)...(2n+1)}{1.2...2n}$$

$$= \frac{4n \cdot (4n-1) \cdot \dots \cdot (2n+1)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot \dots \cdot 2n} \cdot \frac{2n \cdot (2n-1) \cdot \dots \cdot 1}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot \dots \cdot 2n}$$

$$= \frac{4n \cdot (4n-2) \cdot \dots \cdot 6 \cdot 4 \cdot 2}{2n \cdot (2n-1) \cdot \dots \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} \cdot \frac{(4n-1) \cdot (4n-3) \cdot \dots \cdot 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 1}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot 2n}$$

$$= 2 \cdot 2 \cdot \dots \cdot to \ 2n \ factors \cdot \frac{(4n-1) \cdot (4n-3) \cdot \dots \cdot 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 1}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot 2n}$$

$$= 2^{2n} \cdot \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot \dots \cdot (4n-1)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot 2n}.$$

10. The middle term is the (2n+2)th.

$$\therefore \text{ Coefficient } = \frac{(4n+2)(4n+1) \dots (4n+2-2n-2+2)}{1.2 \dots (2n+2-1)} \\
= \frac{(4n+2) \cdot (4n+1) \dots (2n+2)}{1.2 \dots (2n+1)} \\
= \frac{(4n+2)(4n)(4n-2) \dots (2n+4)(2n+2)}{(2n+1)(2n)(2n-1) \dots (n+1)} \frac{(4n+1)(4n-1) \dots (2n+3)}{n \cdot (n-1) \dots 2 \cdot 1} \\
= 2.2 \dots \text{ to } (n+1) \text{ factors } \cdot \frac{(4n+1)(4n-1) \dots (2n+3)}{n \cdot (n-1) \dots 2 \cdot 1} \\
= 2^{n+1} \cdot \frac{(2n+3)(2n+5) \dots (4n-1)(4n+1)}{1.2 \dots n}.$$

CLII.

I.
$$1 + \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2} - 1)}{1.2}x^2 + \frac{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2} - 1)(\frac{1}{2} - 2)}{1.2.3}x^3 + \frac{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2} - 1)(\frac{1}{2} - 2)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)}{1.2.3.4}x^4 + \frac{1}{12}x - \frac{1}{8}x^2 + \frac{1}{16}x^3 - \frac{5}{128}x^4.$$

2.
$$1 + \frac{2}{3}a + \frac{2(2)(2)}{1.2}a^2 + \frac{2(2)(2)(2)}{1.2.3}a^3$$

= $1 + \frac{2a}{3} - \frac{a^3}{9} + \frac{4a^3}{81}$.

3.
$$a^{\frac{1}{3}} \left\{ 1 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{x}{a} + \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} - 1\right)}{1.2} \cdot \frac{x^{2}}{a^{2}} + \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} - 1\right) \left(\frac{1}{3} - 2\right)}{1.2.3} \cdot \frac{x^{3}}{a^{3}} + \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} - 1\right) \left(\frac{1}{3} - 2\right) \left(\frac{1}{3} - 3\right)}{1.2.3.4} \cdot \frac{x^{4}}{a^{4}} \right\}$$

$$= a^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{x}{3a^{\frac{3}{3}}} - \frac{x^{3}}{9a^{\frac{4}{3}}} + \frac{5x^{3}}{81a^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{10x^{4}}{243a^{\frac{4}{3}}}.$$

4.
$$1+x+\frac{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}-1)}{1.2}\cdot(2x)^2+\frac{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}-1)(\frac{1}{2}-2)}{1.2.3}(2x)^3$$

+ $\frac{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}-1)(\frac{1}{2}-2)(\frac{1}{2}-3)}{1.2.3.4}(2x)^4$
= $1+x-\frac{x^2}{2}+\frac{x^3}{2}-\frac{5x^4}{8}$.

5.
$$a^{\frac{3}{4}} \left\{ 1 + \frac{x}{a} + \frac{\frac{3}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{3}{4} - 1\right)}{1.2} \cdot \left(\frac{4x}{3a}\right)^2 + \frac{\frac{3}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{3}{4} - 1\right) \cdot \left(\frac{3}{4} - 2\right)}{1.2.3} \cdot \left(\frac{4x}{3a}\right)^3 \right\}$$

$$= a^{\frac{3}{4}} + a^{-\frac{1}{4}}x - \frac{1}{6}x^{-\frac{5}{4}}x^2 + \frac{5}{54}a^{-\frac{3}{4}} \cdot x^3.$$

6.
$$a^{\frac{1}{4}}$$
 $\left\{1 + \frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{\frac{4}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{4}{5} - 1\right)}{1.2} \cdot \frac{x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{\frac{4}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{4}{5} - 1\right) \cdot \left(\frac{4}{5} - 2\right)}{1.2.3} \cdot \frac{x^{\frac{3}{4}}}{a^{\frac{3}{4}}} \right\}$

$$= a^{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{4}{5} \cdot a^{-\frac{1}{4}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{4}} - \frac{2}{25} a^{-\frac{1}{4}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{4}{125} \cdot a^{-\frac{1}{4}} \cdot x^{\frac{3}{4}}.$$

7.
$$1 - \frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot (\frac{1}{2} - 1)}{1.2} \cdot x^{4} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot (\frac{1}{2} - 1) \cdot (\frac{1}{2} - 2)}{1.2.3} x^{5}$$

$$+ \frac{\frac{1}{2} (\frac{1}{2} - 1) (\frac{1}{2} - 2) (\frac{1}{2} - 3)}{1.2.3.4} x^{5}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{x^{2}}{2} - \frac{x^{4}}{8} - \frac{x^{6}}{16} - \frac{5x^{8}}{128}.$$

$$8. 1 - \frac{7a^{2}}{3} + \frac{7}{3} \cdot (\frac{7}{3} - 1)}{1.2} a^{4} - \frac{7}{3} \cdot (\frac{7}{3} - 1) (\frac{7}{3} - 2)}{1.2.3} a^{8}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{7a^{2}}{3} + \frac{14a^{4}}{9} - \frac{14a^{6}}{81}.$$

$$9. 1 - \frac{9x}{4} + \frac{\frac{3}{4} \cdot (\frac{3}{4} - 1)}{1.2} (3x)^{2} - \frac{\frac{3}{4} \cdot (\frac{3}{4} - 1) \cdot (\frac{3}{4} - 2)}{1.2.3} \cdot (3x)^{8}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{9x}{4} - \frac{27x^{2}}{32} - \frac{135x^{3}}{128}.$$

$$10. x^{3} \left\{ 1 - \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{2y}{3x^{3}} + \frac{\frac{3}{2} \cdot (\frac{3}{2} - 1)}{1.2} \cdot \frac{4y^{2}}{9x^{4}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2} \cdot (\frac{3}{2} - 1) (\frac{3}{2} - 2)}{1.2.3} \cdot \frac{8y^{5}}{27x^{3}} \right\}$$

$$= x^{5} - xy + \frac{y^{2}}{6x} + \frac{y^{3}}{54x^{5}}.$$

$$11. 1 - \frac{5}{6}x + \frac{5}{6} \cdot (\frac{5}{6} - 1)}{1.2} x^{3} - \frac{\frac{5}{6} \left(\frac{5}{6} - 1\right) \left(\frac{5}{6} - 2\right)}{1.2.3} x^{3}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{5}{6}x - \frac{5}{72}x^{2} - \frac{35}{1296}x^{3}.$$

$$12. \left(\frac{2x}{3}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \left\{ 1 - \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{9y}{4x} + \frac{\frac{2}{3} \cdot (\frac{2}{3} - 1)}{1.2} \cdot \frac{81y^{2}}{16x^{2}} \right\}$$

$$= \left(\frac{2}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} x^{3} - \left(\frac{3}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x^{-\frac{1}{4}} y - \frac{3}{6} \cdot \left(\frac{3}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x^{-\frac{1}{4}} y^{2}.$$

CLIII.

1.
$$1-2a+\frac{(-2)(-2-1)}{1.2}a^2+\frac{(-2)(-2-1)(-2-2)}{1.2.3}a^3+\frac{(-2)(-2-1)(-2-2)(-2-3)}{1.2.34}a^4=1-2a+3a^2-4a^3+5a^4.$$

2.
$$1 + 3x + \frac{(-1)\cdot(-2)}{1.2}(3x)^2 - \frac{(-1)\cdot(-2)\cdot(-3)}{1.2.3}(3x)^3 + \frac{(-1)\cdot(-2)\cdot(-3)\cdot(-4)}{1.2.3.4}(3x)^4 = 1 + 3x + 9x^2 + 27x^3 + 81x^4.$$

3.
$$1+x+\frac{(-4)\cdot(-5)}{1.2}\cdot\frac{x^2}{16}-\frac{(-4)\cdot(-5)\cdot(-6)}{1.2.3}\cdot\frac{x^3}{64}$$

= $1+x+\frac{5x^2}{8}+\frac{5x^3}{16}$.

4.
$$1+x+\frac{(-2)\cdot(-3)}{1.2}\cdot\frac{x^3}{4}-\frac{(-2)\cdot(-3)\cdot(-4)}{1.2.3}\cdot\frac{x^3}{8}+\frac{(-2)\cdot(-3)\cdot(-4)\cdot(-5)}{1.2.3.4}\cdot\frac{x^4}{16}=1+x+\frac{3x^2}{4}+\frac{x^3}{2}+\frac{5x^4}{16}$$

5.
$$a^{-10} - (-5)a^{-13} \cdot 2x + \frac{(-5)(-6)}{1.2}a^{-14} \cdot 4x^2 - \frac{(-5)\cdot(-6)(-7)}{1.2.3} \cdot a^{-16} \cdot 8x^3 + \frac{(-5)\cdot(-6)\cdot(-7)\cdot(-8)}{1.2.3.4}a^{-18} \cdot 16x^4 = a^{-10} + 10a^{-12}x + 60a^{-14}x^2 + 280a^{-16} \cdot x^3 + 1120a^{-18}x^4.$$

6.
$$a^{-2} - (-6)a^{-\frac{5}{4}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{(-6) \cdot (-7)}{1 \cdot 2} \cdot a^{-\frac{5}{4}} \cdot x^{\frac{3}{4}} - \frac{(-6) \cdot (-7) \cdot (-8)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} \cdot a^{-\frac{5}{4}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{6x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{21x^{\frac{5}{4}}}{a^{\frac{3}{4}}} + \frac{56x}{a^{\frac{3}{4}}} \cdot$$

CLIV.

$$(.1 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)}{1.2}x^4 + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right)}{1.2.3}x^6$$

$$+ \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{7}{2}\right)}{1.2.3.4}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{x^3}{2} + \frac{3x^8}{8} - \frac{5x^6}{16} + \frac{35x^8}{128} \cdot$$

$$2. \quad 1 + \frac{3}{2}x^2 + \frac{\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right)}{1.2}x^4 - \frac{\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{7}{2}\right)}{1.2.3}x^5$$

$$+ \frac{\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{7}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{9}{2}\right)}{1.2.3.4}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{3x^2}{2} + \frac{15x^4}{8} + \frac{35x^6}{16} + \frac{315x^8}{128} \cdot$$

$$3. \quad x^{-2} \left\{ 1 - \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{z^5}{z^5} + \frac{\left(-\frac{2}{5}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{7}{5}\right)}{1.2} \cdot \frac{z^{10}}{z^{10}} + \frac{\left(-\frac{2}{5}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{7}{5}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{12}{5}\right)z^{15}}{1.2.3} \right\}$$

$$= x^{-2} - \frac{2}{5}x^{-7}z^5 + \frac{7}{25}x^{-12}z^{10} - \frac{28}{125}x^{-17}z^{15} \cdot$$

$$4 \quad 1 - x + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)}{1.2} 4x^2 + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right)}{1.2.3} 8x^3$$

$$+ \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{7}{2}\right)}{1.2.3.4}$$

$$= 1 - x + \frac{3x^2}{2} - \frac{5x^3}{2} + \frac{35x^4}{8} \cdot$$

$$5. \quad a^{-1} \left\{ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)}{1.2.3} \cdot \frac{x^4}{a^4} \right\}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right)}{1.2.3} \cdot \frac{x^6}{a^6} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{a} - \frac{x^2}{2a^3} + \frac{3x^4}{2a^5} - \frac{5x^6}{16a^7} \cdot$$

6.
$$a^{-1} \left\{ 1 - \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{x^3}{a^3} + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)}{1.2} \cdot \frac{x^6}{a^6} + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{4}{3}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{7}{3}\right)}{1.2.3} \cdot \frac{x^9}{a^9} \right\} = \frac{1}{a} - \frac{x^3}{3a^4} + \frac{2x^6}{9a^7} - \frac{14x^9}{81a^{10}}.$$

CLV.

The rth term of $(a+x)^n$ is $\frac{n \cdot (n-1) \cdot \dots \cdot (n-r+2)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot \dots \cdot (r-1)} x^{r-1} \cdot a^{n-r+1}$.

- I. The rth term is $\frac{7 \cdot 6 \cdot \ldots (9-r)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot \ldots (r-1)} x^{r-1}$.
- 2. The rth term is $(-1)^{r-1} \cdot \frac{12.11 \cdot ... \cdot (14-r)}{1.2 \cdot ... \cdot (r-1)} x^{r-1}$.
- 3. The rth term is $(-1)^{r-1} \cdot \frac{8.7 \cdot ... \cdot (10-r)}{1.2 \cdot ... \cdot (r-1)} a^{9-r} \cdot x^{r-1}$.
- 4. The rth term is $\frac{9.8 \ldots (11-r)}{1.2 \ldots (r-1)} \cdot (5x)^{10-r} \cdot (2y)^{r-1}$.
- 5. The rth term is $\frac{(-2)\cdot(-3)\cdot(-2-r+2)}{1.2\cdot(r-1)}x^{r-1}$.

$$= (-1)^{r-1} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot r}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot \dots \cdot (r-1)} \cdot x^{r-1} = (-1)^{r-1} \cdot r \cdot x^{r-1}.$$

- 6. The rth term is $\frac{4.5 \cdot ... \cdot (r+2)}{1.2 \cdot ... \cdot (r-1)} \cdot (3x)^{r-1}$ $= \frac{r \cdot (r+1) \cdot (r+2)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} \cdot (3x)^{r-1}.$
- 7. The rth term is $\frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot \dots \cdot \left(r \frac{3}{2}\right)}{1.2 \cdot \dots \cdot (r 1)} \cdot x^{r 1}$

$$= \frac{\left\{1.3.5 \dots (2r-3)\right\} \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{r-1}}{1.2 \dots (r-1)} \cdot x^{r-1}$$
$$= \frac{1.3.5 \dots (2r-3)}{1.2 \dots (r-1)} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{r-1}.$$

8. The rth term is $(-1)^{r-1} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{5}{3} \cdot \dots \cdot \left(r - \frac{7}{3}\right)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot \dots \cdot (r-1)} \cdot a^{\frac{1}{2} - r + 1} x^{r-1}$

$$= (-1)^{r-1} \cdot \frac{\left\{1.2.5 \dots (3r-7)\right\} \times \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{r-1}}{1.2 \dots (r-1)}, a^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{r-1}$$

$$= (-1)^{r-1} \cdot \frac{1.2.5 \dots (3r-7)}{1.2 \dots (r-1)} \cdot a^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{3a}\right)^{r-1}$$

$$= \frac{1.2.5 \dots (3r-7)}{1.2 \dots (r-1)} \cdot a^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \left(-\frac{x}{3a}\right)^{r-1}.$$

9. The rth term is $\frac{\frac{7}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{7}{2} + 1\right) \cdot \ldots \cdot \left(\frac{7}{2} + r - 2\right)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot \ldots \cdot (r - 1)} \cdot (2x)^{r - 1}$

$$= \frac{\left\{7.9 \dots (2r+3)\right\} \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{r-1}}{1.2 \dots (r-1)} \cdot (2x)^{r-1}$$
$$= \frac{7.9 \dots (2r+3)}{1.2 \dots (r-1)} \cdot x^{r-1}.$$

 $=\frac{1.2\ldots(r-1)}{1.2\ldots(r-1)}\cdot x^{r-1}$

10. The rth term is
$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{3}{4} + 1\right) \dots \left(\frac{3}{4} + r - 2\right)}{1.2 \dots (r - 1)} \cdot (a^{2})^{-\frac{3}{4} - r + 1} \cdot (x^{2})^{r - 1}$$

$$= \frac{\left\{3.7 \dots (4r - 5)\right\} \times \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{r - 1}}{1.2 \dots (r - 1)} \cdot a^{-\frac{3}{4}} \cdot \left(\frac{x^{2}}{a^{2}}\right)^{r - 1}$$

$$= \frac{3.7 \dots (4r - 5)}{1.2 \dots (r - 1)} \cdot \frac{a^{-\frac{3}{4}}}{4r^{-1}} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{24r - 1}$$

11. The
$$(r+1)$$
th term is $\frac{3.4 \cdot ... \cdot (3+r-1)}{1.2 \cdot ... \cdot r} x^r = \frac{3.4 \cdot ... \cdot (2+r)}{1.2 \cdot ... \cdot r} x^r = \frac{(r+1) \cdot (r+2)}{2} \cdot x^r$.

2. The
$$(r+1)$$
th term is
$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}+1) \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot (\frac{1}{2}+r-1)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot r} (4x)^{r}$$

$$= \frac{\{1 \cdot 3 \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot (2r-1)\} \times (\frac{1}{2})^{r}}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot r} \cdot (4x)^{r}$$

$$= \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot (2r-1)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot r} \cdot (2x)^{r}.$$

13. The
$$(r+1)$$
th term is $\frac{2r.(2r-1) \dots (r+1)}{1.2 \dots r} x^r$

$$= \frac{2r.(2r-1) \dots (r+1).r.(r-1) \dots 2.1}{(|r|)^2} .x^r$$

$$= \frac{(2r-1).(2r-3) \dots 3.1}{|r|} \cdot \frac{2r.(2r-2) \dots 4.2}{|r|} .x^r$$

$$= \frac{(2r-1)(2r-3) \dots 3.1}{|r|} \cdot \frac{2^r.(|r|)}{|r|} .x^r$$

$$= \frac{1.3.5 \dots (2r-1)}{1.2.2} \cdot (2x)^r.$$

14. Coefficient of
$$x^{r+1}$$
 in $(1+x)^{n+1}$ is $\frac{(n+1).n.(n-1)...(n-r+1)}{1.2.3...(r+1)}$.

Coefficient of x^r in $(1+x)^n$ is $\frac{n.(n-1)...(n-r+1)}{1.2.3...r}$.

Coefficient of x^{r+1} in $(1+x)^n$ is $\frac{n.(n-1)...(n-r)}{1.2...(r+1)}$.

Now $\frac{(n+1)n(n-1)...(n-r+1)}{1.2...r} = \frac{n.(n-1)...(n-r+1)}{1.2...r} \cdot \frac{n+1}{r+1}$

$$= \frac{n.(n-1)...(n-r+1)}{1.2...r} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{n-r}{r+1}\right)$$

$$= \frac{n.(n-1)...(n-r+1)}{1.2...r} + \frac{n.(n-1)...(n-r)}{1.2...(r+1)}$$
.

15.
$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{5}{2}}{1.2.3} \cdot (a)^{-\frac{1}{2}-3} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^3 = \frac{5}{16}a^{-\frac{7}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{x^3}$$

16.
$$\frac{\frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)}{1.2.3.4} \cdot (a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}-4} \cdot (-b^2)^4 = \frac{3}{128}a^{-5}b^8.$$

17.
$$-\frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{7}{2} \cdot \frac{9}{2} \cdot \frac{11}{2} \cdot \frac{13}{2}}{1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8} \cdot (a^{2})^{\frac{1}{2}-8} \cdot (2x^{2})^{8}$$

$$= -\frac{429}{128} \cdot a^{-15} \cdot x^{16} \cdot$$

18.
$$-\frac{m.(m+1)...(m+8)}{1.2...9}.a^{-(m+9)}.b^9.$$

CLVL

1.
$$\sqrt[8]{31} = \sqrt[8]{(27+4)} = 3\left(1 + \frac{4}{27}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= 3\left\{1 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{4}{27} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} - 1\right) \cdot \frac{16}{729} + \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} - 1\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} - 2\right) \cdot \frac{64}{19683} + \frac{1}{24} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} - 1\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} - 2\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} - 3\right) \cdot \frac{256}{531441} + \cdots \right\}$$

$$= 3 + \frac{4}{27} - \frac{16}{2187} + \frac{320}{531441} - \frac{2560}{43046721} + \cdots$$

$$= 3 + \frac{6085724}{42046721} = 3\cdot1413749 \cdot \cdots$$

2.
$$\sqrt[4]{108} = \sqrt[4]{(128-20)} = 2\left(1 - \frac{5}{32}\right)^{7}$$

$$= 2\left\{1 - \frac{1}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{32} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{1}{7} - 1\right) \frac{25}{1024} - \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{7} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{7} - 1\right)\left(\frac{1}{7} - 2\right) \cdot \frac{125}{32768} + \frac{1}{24} \cdot \frac{1}{7} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{7} - 1\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{7} - 2\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{7} - 3\right) \cdot \frac{625}{1048576} - \dots\right\}$$

$$= 2\left\{1 - \frac{5}{224} - \frac{75}{50176} - \frac{1625}{11239424} - \frac{40625}{2517630976} \cdot \dots\right\}$$

$$= 2\left\{1 - \frac{56197120 + 3763200 + 364000 + 40625}{2517630976}\right\}$$

$$= 2\left(1 - \frac{60364945}{2517630976}\right) = \frac{2457266031}{1258815488} = 1.95204 \cdot \dots$$
3. $\sqrt[4]{260} = \sqrt[4]{(243 + 17)} = 3\left(1 + \frac{17}{243}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$

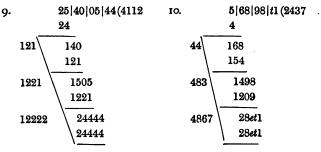
$$= 3\left\{1 + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{17}{243} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5} - 1\right) \cdot \frac{289}{59049} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1$$

$$\begin{array}{l} +\frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5} - 1\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5} - 2\right) \cdot \frac{4913}{14348907} \\ \\ =3. \left\{ 1 + \frac{17}{1215} - \frac{578}{1476225} + \frac{29478}{1793613375} \cdot \dots \right\} \\ \\ =3 \left\{ 1 + \frac{25095825 - 702270 + 29478}{1793613375} \cdot \dots \right\} \\ \\ =3. \left\{ 1 + \frac{24423033}{1793613375} \right\} = 3 + \frac{24423033}{597871125} = 3 \cdot 04084 \cdot \dots \end{array}$$

4.
$$\sqrt[5]{31} = \sqrt[5]{(32-1)} = 2\left(1 - \frac{1}{32}\right)^{\frac{1}{5}} = 2\left\{1 - \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{32}\right\}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5} - 1\right) \cdot \frac{1}{1024} - \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5} - 1\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5} - 2\right) \cdot \frac{1}{32768}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{24} \cdot \frac{1}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5} - 1\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5} - 2\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5} - 3\right) \cdot \frac{1}{1048576} \dots$$



CLVIII.

1.
$$7 \setminus \frac{1828}{7}$$
 2. $6 \setminus \frac{1820}{303-2}$ 3. $12 \setminus \frac{43751}{3645-6}$
 $7 \setminus \frac{37-2}{5-2}$ 6 $\setminus \frac{50-3}{8-2}$ 12 $\setminus \frac{303-9}{12}$
 $0-5$ 6 $\setminus \frac{1-2}{0-1}$ 12 $\setminus \frac{25-3}{0-2}$

0 - 6

9.
$$12 \setminus 8978$$
 10. $12 \setminus 3256$ 11. $8 \setminus 37704$
 $12 \setminus 75-1$ 12 $12 \setminus 11-1$ 8 $480-1$
 $12 \setminus 6-t$ 0-6 8 $6-1$

2.
$$4 \setminus \frac{5056}{4}$$
 13. $7 \setminus \frac{654321}{654321}$ 14. $11 \setminus \frac{2304}{104-t}$

4. $\frac{214-3}{4}$ 7. $\frac{16e3e-3}{2858-3}$ 11. $\frac{2-7}{0-2}$

4. $\frac{6-3}{4}$ 7. $\frac{478-0}{11-4}$

7. $\frac{1-6}{0-1}$

CLIX.

1.
$$\frac{25}{36} \times 6 = 4 + \frac{6}{36}$$

 $\frac{6}{36} \times 6 = 1 + 0$... 41 is the result.

2.
$$\frac{3}{11} \times 7 = 1 + \frac{10}{11}$$
; $\frac{10}{11} \times 7 = 6 + \frac{4}{11}$; $\frac{4}{11} \times 7 = 2 + \frac{6}{11}$; $\frac{6}{11} \times 7 = 3 + \frac{9}{11}$; $\frac{9}{11} \times 7 = 5 + \frac{8}{11}$; $\frac{8}{11} \times 7 = 5 + \frac{1}{11}$;

$$\frac{1}{11} \times 7 = 1 + \frac{7}{11}; \frac{7}{11} \times 7 = 4 + \frac{5}{11}; \frac{5}{11} \times 7 = 3 + \frac{2}{11};$$
$$\frac{2}{11} \times 7 = 1 + \frac{3}{11}; \frac{3}{11} \times 7 = 1 + \frac{10}{11}$$

.: result is '162355043.

4. 6
$$\frac{1820}{303-2}$$
 $\frac{6}{2.0250}$
6 $\frac{50-3}{8-2}$ $\frac{6}{0.1500}$ \therefore result is 12232.20052 .

6 $\frac{1-2}{0-1}$ $\frac{6}{0.9000}$
 $\frac{6}{5.4000}$
 $\frac{6}{2.4000}$

5.
$$2x^5 + x^4 + 2x^3 + 5x^2 + 4x + 2 - 17486 = 0$$
;
 $(x-6)(2x^4 + 13x^3 + 80x^2 + 485x + 2914) = 0$;
 $\therefore x = 6$. Hence the scale is senary.

6.
$$x^6 + 7x^5 + 4x^4 + 6x^3 + 3x^2 + 5 - 511173 = 0$$
;
 $(x - 8)(x^5 + 15x^4 + 124x^3 + 998x^2 + 7987x + 63896) = 0$;

x=8. Hence the scale is octenary.

7. (1.) Let N be the number, and suppose

$$N=a.10^n+b.10^{n-1}+\ldots+m.100+p.10+q.$$

Then $N=a(10^n-1)+b(10^{n-1}-1)+\ldots+m(100-1)$

$$+p(10-1)+(a+b+\ldots+m+p+q).$$

Now all the expressions 10^n-1 , $10^{n-1}-1$... 10^2-1 , 10-1 are divisible by 10-1, or 9, and therefore by 3.

Hence N is divisible by 3, if $a+b+\ldots+m+p+q$ be divisible by 3.

- (2.) Let N=a.10ⁿ+b.10ⁿ⁻¹+ . . . + m.100+p.10+q.
 Now 100 and all its multiples are divisible by 4,
 ∴ N is divisible by 4 if 10p+q be divisible by 4.
- (3.) Let N=a.10ⁿ+b.10ⁿ⁻¹+ . . . + m.100+p.10+q.
 Now 1000 and all its multiples are divisible by 8,
 ∴ N is divisible by 8 if 100m+10p+q be divisible by 8.
- (4.) Let $N=a.10^n+b.10^{n-1}+\ldots+m.100+p.10+q$. Now 10 and all its multiples are divisible by 5, $\therefore N$ is divisible by 5 if q=5 or q=0.
- (5.) Let N be the number, p_n , p_{n-1} , ... p_4 , p_3 , p_2 , p_1 , the digits. Then $N = p_1 + 10.p_2 + 100p_3 + 1000p_4 + ... + 10^{n-1}.p_{n-1} + 10^np^n$ $= p_1 p_2 + p_3 p_4 + ... + (-1)^n.p_n$ $+ p_3(10+1) + p_3(10^2-1) + p_4(10^3+1) + ... + p_n\{10^n (-1)^n\}.$ Now 10+1, 10^2-1 ... are all divisible by 10+1, or 11, $\therefore N \text{ is divisible by } 11, \text{ if } (p_1 + p_3 + ...) (p_2 + p_4 ...)$ be divisible by 11.
- 8. Let $N=a.r^n+b.r^{n-1}+\ldots+m.r^2+pr+q$, then $n=a+rb+\ldots+m.r^{n-2}+p.r^{n-1}+q.r^n$. Then $N-n=a(r^n-1)+b.(r^{n-1}-r)+\ldots-m(r^{n-2}-r^2)$ $-p(r^{n-1}-r)-q(r^n-1)$, and each of the factors r^n-1 , $r^{n-1}-r\ldots r^{n-2}-r^2$, $r^{n-1}-r$, r^n-1 is divisible by r-1; N-n is divisible by r-1.

CLX.

ı. 3·1651553	2. 4·6843785	3. 2·5324716
$\overline{4}$.7505855	5.6650657	3.6650657
6.6879746	3.8905196	5 ·8905196
$\overline{2}$ ·6150026	$\overline{3}$:4675284	3156215
1·2187180	7.7074922	2:4036784
4. 2.483269	5. 2·352678	6. 5 ·349162
$\overline{3}$:742891	$\overline{5}$:428619	$\bar{3}$ ·624329
4.740378	2.924059	3·724833
7. 2 ·4596721	8. 7·429683	9. 9 ·2843617
3	6	7
5·3790163	40.578098	62 ·9905319
10. 3\\\ \overline{6} \cdot 3725409	11. 6\\\ \bar{14} \cdot 432962	12.9\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
$\overline{2.1241803}$	3.738827	1.6151413

CLXI.

1. Log
$$128 = \log 2^7 = 7 \log 2 = 2 \cdot 1072100$$
.
Log $125 = \log \frac{1000}{8} = \log 1000 - \log 8 = 3 - \log 2^3$
 $= 3 - 3 \log 2 = 3 - 9030900 = 2 \cdot 0969100$.
Log $2500 = \log \frac{10000}{4} = \log 10000 - \log 4 = 4 - 2 \log 2$
 $= 4 - 6020600 = 3 \cdot 3979400$.

2. Log
$$50 = \log \frac{100}{2} = \log 100 - \log 2 = 2 - 3010300 = 1.6989700$$
.

$$\log .005 = \log \frac{5}{1000} = \log 10 - \log 2 - 3 = -\log 2 - 2 = \overline{3}.6989700$$

$$\log 196 = \log (49 \times 4) = 2 \log 7 + 2 \log 2 = 2.2922560$$

3.
$$\log 6 = \log 3 + \log 2 = .7781513$$
.

$$Log 54 = log (27 \times 2) = 3 log 3 + log 2 = 1.7323939.$$

$$Log 576 = log (9 \times 64) = 2 log 3 + 6 log 2 = 2.7604226.$$

4. Log
$$60 = \log (2 \times 3 \times 10) = \log 2 + \log 3 + \log 10 = 1.7781513$$
.

Log
$$03 = \log \frac{3}{100} = \log 3 - 2 = 4771213 - 2 = \overline{2} \cdot 4771213$$
.

Log 1.05 =
$$\log \frac{105}{100} = \log \frac{21}{20} = \log 3 + \log 7 - \log 2 - 1 = 0.0211893$$
.

$$\text{Log } \cdot 0000432 = \log \frac{16 \times 27}{10000000} = 4 \log 2 + 3 \log 3 - 7 = \overline{5} \cdot 6354839.$$

5. Log
$$00075 = \log 75 - 5 = \log 3 + \log 25 - 5 = \log \left(\frac{18}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \log 25 - 5$$

$$=\frac{1}{9} \{ \log 18 - \log 2 \} + \log 100 - \log 4 - 5.$$

$$=\frac{1}{9}\left\{1.2552725-3010300\right\}+2-6020600-5$$

$$= .4771213 - .6020600 - 3 = \overline{4}.8750613.$$

$$Log 31.5 = log (21 \times 3 \times 5) - 1 = log 21 + log 3 + 1 - log 2 - 1.$$

$$= \log 21 + \frac{1}{9} \{ \log 18 - \log 2 \} - \log 2$$

$$=1.3222193 + .4771212 - .3010300 = 1.4983105.$$

6. Log
$$2 = \log \frac{10}{5} = 1 - \log 5 = 3010300$$

Log
$$064 = \log_{1000} = 6 \log_{2} = 3 = 6 - 6 \log_{5} = 3 = 2.8061800$$

$$\text{Log } \left\{ \frac{2^{60}}{5^{20}} \right\}^{\frac{1}{14}} = \frac{1}{14} (60 \log 2 - 20 \log 5)$$

$$=\frac{1}{7}(30-30 \log_{10} 5-10 \log_{10} 5)=\frac{1}{7}(30-27.9588000)$$

$$=\frac{1}{7}(2.0412000)=.2916000.$$

7. Log
$$5 = \log \frac{10}{2} = 1 - 3010300 = 6989700$$

$$\log \cdot 125 = \log \frac{5^3}{1000} = 3 \log 5 - 3 = 2 \cdot 0969100 - 3 = \overline{1} \cdot 0969100$$

$$\text{Log } \left(\frac{5^{90}}{2^{40}}\right)^{\frac{1}{12}} = \log 5^{\frac{1}{2}} - \log 2^{\frac{1}{2}} = \log 5^{\frac{1}{2}} - \log 2^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= 6 \log 5 - \frac{8}{3} \log 2 = 6 (\log 10 - \log 2) - \frac{8}{3} \log 2$$

$$= 4 \cdot 1938200 - 8027467 = 3 \cdot 3910733.$$

- 8. -2, 0, 2; 1, 0, -1.
- 9. 1593 is greater than 10^3 and less than 10^4 ; characteristic 3; 1593 is greater than 12^2 and less than 12^3 ; characteristic 2.

10.
$$\frac{4^{3y}}{2^{4y}} = 8$$
; $\frac{2^{6y}}{2^{4y}} = 2^3$; $2^{2y} = 2^3$; $2y = 3$, etc.

11. (a)
$$\log 2 = \frac{1}{2} \log 4 = 3010300$$
.

Log
$$25 = \log 100 - \log 4 = 2 - 6020600 = 1 \cdot 3979400$$

Log $83 \cdot 2 = \log (80 \times 1 \cdot 04) = \frac{3}{2} \log 4 + \log 10 + \log 1 \cdot 04$
 $= \cdot 9030900 + 1 + \cdot 0170333 = 1 \cdot 9201233$.

$$Log (625)^{\frac{1}{100}} = \frac{1}{100} \left\{ log 625 - log 1000 \right\} = \frac{1}{100} \left\{ 2 log 25 - 3 \right\}$$
$$= \frac{1}{100} \left\{ 2 log 100 - 2 log 4 - 3 \right\} = \frac{1}{100} \left\{ 4 - 1.2041200 - 3 \right\}$$
$$= -0020412 = \overline{1}.9979588.$$

(b)
$$\text{Log } (1.04)^{6000} = 6000 \text{ log } 1.04 = 6000 \times 0.0170333$$

= 102.1998000; ... number of digits is 103.

12. (a) Log
$$5 = \frac{1}{2} \log 25 = 6989700$$

$$Log 4 = 2 - log 25 = 6020600$$

$$Log 51.5 = log 5 + log 10.3 = .6989700 + 1.0128372 = 1.7118072$$

$$Log \ (064) \tau b \sigma = \frac{1}{100} \left\{ log \ 64 - log \ 1000 \right\} = \frac{1}{100} \left\{ 3 \ log \ 4 - 3 \right\}.$$

$$=\frac{1}{100}\left\{1.8061800-3\right\} = -.0119382 = \overline{1}.9880618.$$

(b)
$$\text{Log } (1.03)^{600} = 600 \text{ log } 1.03 = 600 \times .0128372$$

=7.7023200;
$$\therefore$$
 number of digits is 8.

13.
$$\log 7623 = 2 \log 3 + 2 \log 11 + \log 7$$

$$= .9542426 + 2.0827854 + .8450980 = 3.8821260$$

$$\text{Log } \frac{77}{300} = \log 7 + \log 11 - \log 3 - \log 100$$

$$= .8450980 + 1.0413927 - .4771213 - 2 = \overline{1}.4093694$$

$$\text{Log } \frac{3}{539} = \log 3 - \log 11 - 2 \log 7$$

$$= 4771213 - 10413927 - 16901960 = \overline{3}7455326.$$

- 14. (1.) $x \log 4096 = \log 8 x \log 64$; $4x \log 8 = \log 8 2x \log 8$; 4x = 1 2x; 6x = 1; $x = \frac{1}{6}$.
 - (2.) $(2.5)^x = 6.25 = (2.5)^2$; $\therefore x = 2$.
 - (3.) $(ab)^x = m$; $x \log (ab) = \log m$ $\therefore x = \frac{\log m}{\log a + \log b}.$
 - (4.) $x(m \log a + 2 \log b) = \log c$, etc.
 - (5.) $3x \log a + (4-x) \log b = (2x-1) \log c$ $x(3 \log a - \log b - 2 \log c) = -4 \log b - \log c$, etc.
 - (6.) $x (\log a + m \log b) = \log c 3x \log_b c$ $x (\log a + m \log b + 3 \log c) = \log c, \text{ etc.}$

CLXII.

1.
$$P(1+r)^n = 2P$$
; $(1+r)^n = 2$; $\left(1 + \frac{4}{100}\right)^n = 2$;

$$\therefore n = \frac{\log 2}{\log 104 - \log 100} = \frac{3010300}{0170333} = 17.6 \dots$$

2.
$$P(1+r)^n = 2P$$
; $\left(1 + \frac{3}{100}\right)^n = 2$;

$$\therefore n = \frac{\log 2}{\log 1.03} = \frac{3010300}{0128372} = 23.4...$$

3.
$$\left(1 + \frac{10}{100}\right)^n = 2$$
; $n = \frac{\log 2}{\log 1 \cdot 1} = \frac{3010300}{0413927} = 7.2725$...

4.
$$\left(1 + \frac{5}{100}\right)^n = 3$$
; $n = \frac{\log 3}{\log 1.05} = \frac{\cdot 4771213}{\cdot 0211893} = 22.5$ nearly.

5.
$$P(1+r)^n = 2P$$
; $\therefore n = \frac{\log 2}{\log (1+r)}$

$$P(1+2r)^m = 2P$$
; $m = \frac{\log 2}{\log (1+2r)}$

$$\therefore \frac{m}{n} = \frac{\log (1+r)}{\log (1+2r)}.$$

Now 1+2r is less than $(1+r)^2$

$$\therefore \frac{m}{n} \text{ is greater than } \frac{\log (1+r)}{\log (1+r)^2}, \text{ or, } \frac{\log (1+r)}{2 \log (1+r)}, \text{ or, } \frac{1}{2}$$

6.
$$1000(1+r)^n = 1800$$
; $\left(1 + \frac{5}{100}\right)^n = 1.8$

$$\therefore$$
 n log 1.05 = log 1.8; $n = \frac{.2552725}{.0211893} = 12$ nearly.

7.
$$P(1+r)^{2n} = 2P$$
; $\left(1 + \frac{3}{100}\right)^{2n} = 2$
 $\therefore 2n = \frac{\log 2}{\log 1.03} = \frac{.3010300}{.0128372} = 23.449 \dots$
 $\therefore n = 11.724 \dots$

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